The New-York Times.

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HELMBOLD'S COLUMN.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

For weakness arising from Disease. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

The Constitution once affected by Organic Weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

In affections peculiar to females, is unequaled by any other preparation.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

AND

IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken-down or Delicate Constitutions, should procure the Remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his bodily health, mental powers and happiness.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin,

AND BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that affect mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonfuls of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla or the decoction as usually made.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and are also in very general use in all the State HOSPITALS and PUBLIC SANITARY INSTITUTIONS throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

See Medical Properties of Buchu,

FROM DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

See Prof. DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.

See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, of Philadelphia.

See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the *King and Queen's Journal.*

See *Medico Chirurgical Review*, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons.

See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU.

"SARSAPARILLA."

Sold by all Druggists.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT—

HELMBOLD'S

DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

NO. 594 BROADWAY.

THE TROUBLE ON THE BORDER

Troops of Hancock's Corps Sent from Albany.

An Iron-clad at Portsmouth to be Sent to Sea.

Other War Steamers to be Fitted Out at Once.

Precautions in Canada Against Fenian Outbreaks.

The Canadian Government Opening Trade with the West Indies.

Troops of Hancock's Corps Sent from Albany Toward the Canadian Border.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Tuesday, Nov. 14.

Two companies of the Second Regiment, under command of Major TARLOFF, (Hancock's Corps,) quartered at the barracks, in this city, were dispatched to Burlington, Vt., this afternoon, by the Northern Railroad. It is supposed their destination is Maine.

Naval Preparations at the Portsmouth Navy Yard.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Nov. 14.

The Portsmouth *Chronicle* learns that orders have been received to prepare the immense iron-clad *Passaconaway*, now lying on the stocks at the Portsmouth Navy-yard, for sea as soon as possible; also that the steamers *Minnesota*, *Maratanza* and *Galena* are to be fitted out for sea immediately.

All Needful Precautions Taken by the Colonial Government.

TORONTO, Monday, Nov. 14.

The government is taking all the necessary precautions in reference to Fenian movements.

An Effort to Open Commercial Intercourse with the West Indies and Other Southern Countries.

TORONTO, Monday, Nov. 14.

A commission is to be appointed, accredited to the Imperial Government, to take steps to open commercial relations with the West Indies, Brazil, Mexico and other foreign markets. One of the Canadian Ministry will be appointed.

THE DIARY OF WIRZ.

A Curious Document—Protestations and Complaints—His Own View of the Fairness of His Trial.

From the Boston Advertiser, Nov. 14.

We print below the diary of HENRY WIRZ, which we received last evening from a correspondent at Washington. Several references have been made in our telegraphic dispatches and elsewhere to this singular document. Our readers will find in it little that bears upon his career at Andersonville, except his protestations of innocence. As to the general character of this diary, and the genuiness of the sentiments expressed in it, we shall leave our readers to judge. We have no desire, and it is hardly necessary to argue his case, now that the grave has closed over him:

OLD CAPITOL PRISON, Oct. 1, 1865.

Everything is quiet around me, no sound but the measured steps of the sentinel in the corridor can be heard, the man who is sitting in my room is nodding in his chair. Poor, short-sighted mortals that we all are, this man is put in my room to watch me, to prevent any attempt I might possibly make to take my own life. My life, what is it worth to any one except myself and my poor family, that they should be so anxious. I think I understand it very well, they are afraid I might cheat them and the public at large from having their revenge and giving, at the same time, the masses the benefit of seeing a man hung. If that is all they are welcome, I have no desire to live, perhaps there was never a more willing victim dragged to the scaffold than I am, why should I desire to live. A beggar, crippled with my health and spirit broken, why, oh, why should I desire to live. For the sake of my family? My family will do as well without me as with me; instead of providing and taking care of them, I would be a burthen to them. And still knowing all that, why do I not put an end to my life? Because, in the first instance, what I suffer now is the will of God. *God*, how much is not in this word. What tower of strength, of consolation. Yes, Heavenly Father, if it was not thy will, I would not be a prisoner, I would not be looked at, spoken of as a monster such as the world has never seen and never will see, if that what I suffer now was not put on me by you for some wise purpose I would be as free as the bird in the air. Thou and I, we two alone know that I am innocent of these terrible charges. Thou and I, we both know, that I never took the life of a fellow man, that I never caused a man to suffer and die in consequence of ill treatment inflicted by me, and still I am tried for murder, men have sworn that they saw me do it, they have called on Thee, to witness that they would tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, and they still told a lie, a lie black as hell itself, why did you not send a thunderbolt from the high heavens, why oh God, why, because it is thy holy will, and in humility I kiss the rod with which thou seest proper to chastise me.

The second reason why I do not destroy a life which is a burden to me is because I owe it to myself, my family, my relations, even the world at large to prove that there never existed a man so utterly devoid of all humanity, such a fiend incarnate, as it has been attempted to prove me to be. I see very well that I have no earthly show, that I am a doomed man, but thanks be to God, that I am enabled to say with holy Stephen, Lord lay not this sin to my charge. They judge from what they hear and I must abide by it.

It makes me feel very sorry, and at the same time I could almost smile, when I see men like Col. PERSONS and Capt. WRIGHT give their testimony, how careful they first weigh every word; how afraid they are to say something which might perhaps implicate themselves. I pity them, a day will come when they will be sorry that they took not a more manly stand than they did. Perhaps one of the hardest things I have to bear is, when I hear such men speak now, and recollect what they have said and how they acted a-year ago, then they did not say that they did not wish to associate with me, oh no, then they would visit my house and invite me to theirs. But enough, I despise and always have despised a coward.

My wife has tried again to see me to-day, but could not because Gen. BAKER who by order of the Secretary of War has to be present at the interview is still sick. I think it is pretty hard, because a man is sick, I have been deprived now for two weeks of almost the only joy, to see my poor wife. It looks to me, that among the hundreds of officials at Washington one could be entrusted with the fearful responsibility to let a sick prisoner see his wife, talk with her for thirty minutes about three dear children, their domestic affairs. But why should I grumble or have any bitterness in my heart? I think I ought to be proud that a government like the Government of these United States considers me of such importance to take such extraordinary measures.

For four weeks have I asked in vain to have the permission to see a minister of the gospel, to get such consolation, as I thought I needed, part of that time I was at death's door, and finally on yesterday, I was allowed to see Rev. Father BOYLE, but during the whole time, except during confession, the Officer was present. I think it is high time to blot out the eagle in the american escutcheon and substitute a buzzard. I have heard when I was a boy that the eagle was the king of birds, if he is how is it that he stoops so low to tear with his talons an humble captain, and is afraid to strike men such as I could name. Poor eagle I pity thee, thy arts are more like those of a buzzard.

OCT. 2, 1865.

Again a day has passed, I am tired and worn out, whichever way I turn my eyes every thing looks gloomy and dark. can it be possible that knowing what I do know, that I shall fall a victim. But why do I doubt, what right have I to grumble as if it was a thing unheard of in history that men suffered the death of a felon, as innocent of the crimes alleged as I am, and if I dare to make a comparison between our Savior and myself, did not he also suffer death. True he died, as an atonement for a sinful world, true he died willingly, he had a holy mission to fulfil, but I? why shall I die? I can only say because it is God's will. Oh God, our heavenly Father, give me the grace, give me the power to bear the cross which thou seest fit to lay on my. Have I not often sinned against Thee, and neglected thy holy commandments. If I suffer now innocently, can I dare I say, I never offended Thee, therefore be calm, my poor heart. Give thyself in His hands and say Abba! Father!

OCT. 3, 1865.

What a mockery is this trial. I feel at times as if I ought to speak out loud and tell them, why do you worry yourself and me too; why not end the farce at once, take me and hang me, and be done with. A few days I asked to arrange my defence; it was refused on the ground that I had ample time. Ample time, indeed. May the day be far distant for Gen. WALLACE when he may plead with grim death for a day, and receive answer No! I just received a note from my wife, saying she has tried in every way to see me, but impossible. She says she is going to her brother in Kentucky, and hopes to be able to do more for me there than in remaining here. Poor deluded woman, what do you expect to accomplish, what can you do for me, but pray? Oh, what a consolation it is to a person in a situation like mine, that there is in the wide, wide world at least one being that will pray for me. Yes, pray; but pray for thyself; the road thou hast to travel is a hard one. When thou findest out that when you pressed my hand two weeks ago, when thy lips touched mine it was in all probability the last time, *then* does thou need all the comfort prayer can give. May God bless you and take care of you and the dear, dear children. I must end —everything swims before my eyes. God, oh God, have mercy on me.

Oct. 4, 1865.

What a mockery this trial is, they say they are anxious that I should have justice done to me, and then when a witness is put on the stand to give testimony they try every thing to break him down, if they cannot do it they try to assail his private character, when they had their witnesses up, they not alone were allowed to state everything I said, everything I done, but even what they heard others say that I had said so and so, done such and such things, and now when I wish to prove by my witnesses what I also said and done, it is said it is inadmissible, I just as well might be put on the stand myself, as if I had said these things now and not a year ago, when I had no idea that I should be held to account hereafter. But so the world goes and all I can say is oh God give me strength to bear with patience and humility what Thou seest fit to put on me. Be thou my judge.

OCT. 5, 1865.

When I left the court-room to-day I heard a lady remark, I wish I could shoot out his eyes, meaning me. Foolish woman, the time will soon come, when my earthly eyes are shut up, are you in such a hurry. But it is very natural that people do think and pass such remarks. For weeks and weeks they have heard men testify to cruelties done by me, and now a very slim chance have I to contradict these statements. It seems to me as if Gen. WALLACE had a personal spite against me or my counsel, or he would not act the way he does. If he has one against me, I pity him that he has not more magnanimity of soul, than to crush me now in such an unheardof arbitrary way, if he has a spite against my counsel, it is a cowardly act to do as he does, for in the end I am the sufferer and not my counsel.

OCT. 6, 1865.

Another day passed. I wish the trial was over. I wonder what unheard-of resolutions the court will pass again to-morrow. I did not feel it so keenly today as I have felt it other days, and I have to thank God for it, in permitting me to partake of the Holy Communion this morning. I feel less contempt for those who are sitting in judgment over me. If it is God's will to open their minds and hearts He alone has the power to do it. I am certain that none of the court, nor the Judge-Advocate, considers me and believes me guilty. They all know that the whole thing is a form, cruelties bein committed at Andersonville some one has to suffer for it, they presume, therefore, I am the one *voila tout*. Talk about the roman catholic institution of inquisition, what is the difference, then they forced a innocent man to confess crimes he never committed, here they bring witness against him, who swear down-right lies, and when he tries to defend himself, he is curtailed as much as possible in his privilege to do so. If anything I prefer the first, then at least it was plain that the object was to punish a man, here the object is the same, only a thin veil drawn over it, so thin so airy that all who wish to see can see through it.

Farewell of Wirz to his Wife and Family.

OLD CAPITOL PRISON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10, 1865.

MY DEAREST WIFE AND CHILDREN: When these lines reach you, the hand who wrote them will be stiff and cold. In a few hours from now I shall be dead. Oh, if I could express myself as I wish—if I could tell you what I have suffered when I thought about you and the children! I must leave you, without the means to live, to the miseries of a cold, cruel world. LIZE, do not grieve, do not despair; we will meet again in a better world. Console yourself; think as I do—that I die innocent. Who knows better than you that all these tales of cruelties and murders are infamous lies, and why should I not say it? A great many do call me hard-hearted, because I tell them that I am not guilty, that I have nothing to confess. Oh, think for a moment how the thought that I must suffer and die innocent must sustain me in the last terrible hour; that when I shall stand before my Maker I can say, "Lord, of these things you know I am not guilty. I have sinned often, and rebelled against Thee. Oh, let my unmerited death be an atonement." LIZE, I die reconciled. I die, as I hope, as a Christian. This is His holy will that I should die, and therefore let us say with Christ, "Thy will, O Lord, be done."

I hardly know what to say. Oh, let me beg you, do not give away to despair. Think that I am gone to my Father, to your Father, to the Father of all, and that there I hope to meet you. Live for the dear children. Oh, do take good care of CORA. Kiss her for me. Kiss SUSAN and CORNELLA, and tell them to live so that we may meet again in the heaven above the skies; tell them that my last thoughts, my last prayer, shall be for them.

You ask me about CORA'S schooling. My dear wife, you must do now as you think best. In regard to your going to Europe, I would advise you to wait until you hear from them. I have written to my father; if he should be dead, my brother, I hope, is still alive. I send you his address. You had better get a certificate of our marriage, also of CORA'S birth, and have it approved before a magistrate. If you should go to Europe you would need it. I shall hand this letter to Mr. SCHADE, who will send it to you with some other papers and books; this is all I can leave you; but no, I can leave you something more, something better; my blessing. God bless you all, and protect you. God give you what you stand in need of and grant that you all so live that when you die, you can say, Lord thou callest me, here I am. And now farewell, wife, children, all, I will and must close; farewell, God be with us.

Your unfortunate husband and father,

H. WIRZ.

FROM TENNESSEE.

The Destroyers of a Freedmen's School-house Required to Rebuild It—They Refuse, and are Compelled by Military Force.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Tuesday, Nov. 14.

The citizens of Tullahoma, who were actors in the destruction of the freedmen's school-house, were ordered by Major-Gen. THOMAS to rebuild the same. Compliance with this order being refused, Gen. THOMAS sent a detachment of soldiers with directions to enforce the order and put every citizen under guard until the requirements of the order were complied with.

The Tunisian Embassador.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Tuesday, Nov. 14.

The Tunisian Embassador, yesterday, visited Brown University, the Atheneum, the Atlantic and Delaine Mills, the works of the Perkins Steel Iron Company, and the Union Horse-shoe Company. In the evening he paid a brief visit to the City Councils, and was subsequently entertained at the residence of the Mayor.

The City Councils tendered to the Tunisians the hospitalities of the city. The Embassador and suite inspected the operations of the machines in the works of the American Screw Company. This afternoon the Embassador visits Sprague's Print Works. He will be entertained by Gov. SMITH this evening. The Embassador manifests great interest in our manufacturing and mechanical works.

Honors to Colored Soldiers.

HARRISBURGH, Pa., Tuesday, Nov. 14.

A grand reception was given to the colored troops to-day. They made a parade, and halting before the residence of Gen. CAMERON listened to his address thanking them for their services in crushing the rebellion. The procession marched to the capitol grounds, where Prof. DAY, of New-York, delivered an oration, in which he discussed the attitude of the colored men before and during the war, and the prospect laid before them of personal improvement and social elevation, and acquirement of political rights and equality among the governed as well as those who govern. A grand ball this evening closed the celebration.

Large Fire in West Buxton, Me.

PORTLAND, Me., Tuesday, Nov. 14.

The fire in West Buxton this morning resulted in the total destruction of the Buxton Woolen Mills, A. K. LORD'S sash and blind factory, house and barn; BRYANT'S store, the large covered bridge across the Saco River, THOMAS BRADBURY'S grist-mill, J. & J. M. HUTCHINS' store, the Post-office, Miss L. W. BUTLER'S millinery shop and the wool-cleaning mills. Mr. HOBSON'S store and Mr. PEASE'S house were partially destroyed. Thus the business portion of the village is in ashes. The loss has not yet been ascertained.

LATER NEWS FROM MEXICO.

Defeat and Capture of Gen. Arteaga in Michoacan.

An Unfortunate Reverse for the Republicans.

The Attack on Morelia by Gen. Porferio Diaz.

The Spanish Blockade of the Ports of Chili.

Restoration of Order in the Island of Jamaica.

OUR HAVANA CORRESPONDENCE.

HAVANA, Wednesday, Nov. 8, 1865.

The defeat and capture of ARTEAGA in Michoacan has been the great reverse which the Mexican Republicans have just sustained, and its importance will be appreciated when it is stated that, organized by the General just named, and by Gen. REGULES, that party occupied posts which enabled it to control all the trade and activity of the district. It is curious to remark that this force, divided into three bodies, has been nullified or destroyed within the period of a few days. One division under PALACIO wished to surprise Morelin, but was baulked by the firmness of its Belgian garrison. Another party, under LEPEDA, marched toward Reges, and was cut to pieces by Col. CARRIEDO. The remaining division was dispersed by Col. MENDEZ. The total number in the three corps was about 2,200, and ORTEGA, at the time of his defeat, had 1,200 men with him. The encounter took place at Santa Ana Amatlan. 400 remain prisoners, including their General, five Colonels and a great number of officers of other grades. The arms, horses and baggage were captured also, while the fugitives dispersed in all directions.

But a new foe has presented himself in Michoacan, according to the *Estafette*. PORFIRIO DIAZ, instead of going to lead the war in Oajaca, has found his way into the first-named State and there signalised his arrival by a bold stroke, for it is asserted that he it was who led the attack on Morelia. Named commander-in-chief of the first division, he, in broad day, and at the head of 2,000 men, attacked that city. So unexpected was the movement that the Belgian Mayor who commanded had only time to concentrate his forces in the centre of the place. At nightfall, not having succeeded in carrying the central part of the town, the Republicans retired. As the Belgians had only four killed or wounded, the combat does not appear to have been very deadly.

From Mazatlan comes the intelligence of another reverse to the Republican arms. It appears that ROSALES, availing himself of the departure of the Imperialists from Alamos, entered that town and sacked it. The tidings soon reached the enraged soldiers of MAXIMILIAN, and without staying for rest or food, they hurried back, and after a fight of two hours, killed Gen. ROSALES, three of his Colonels, several other officers and 105 soldiers. ROSALES was one of the men of mark in the revolution of Sinalos, and his disappearance from the scene will have great influence in the political course of that State and of Sonora.

The adhesion of Lower California to the empire is joyfully announced from the capital, as an event which must have great influence through the country; but, apart from that, and considered as an event purely spontaneous and without the least military coercion, the declaration of that State is pointed to as an evidence of the disappointments felt under the former systems, and of the confidence—say the supporters of the empire—that the Lower Californians repose in MAXIMILIAN'S paternal reign.

Nor yet have I finished the enumeration of the disasters of the Liberals. One of the officers of Count THUN, after a fight of two hours, occupied the town of Chilchotla, which was defended by 200 opponents, who, as usual, took to the mountains when pursued. In the neighborhood of Toluca, the band commanded by VALDES was surprised, and its leader perished. The guerrillas of UGALDE have shared an equal fate, losing 45 men; and, though their chief escaped, his brother was among the dead. Not the least surprising in the affair is the disparity of the losses on either side. One Zouave wounded in his hand was the only casualty of the victors.

In Oajaca the war continues, although the Sub-Prefect of Orizaba states that on the 25th of October, FIGUEROA and AMADOR appeared with 600 men near San Felipe and levied contributions. One hundred and twenty hussars and lancers went to give them battle, and defeated the Republicans with a loss of 200 killed.

Then we are told of an attack by the Liberals on Jalacingo, who, to the number of 500, were repulsed, although successful at first.

After all these brilliant exploits, there is a singular discrepancy in the news from the capital dated the 25th of October. It will be recollected that the Republicans were stated as entirely defeated in Michoacan on the 13th, and yet letters written from the capital of that State, on the 19th, represent the city as if in a state of siege, the intrenchments well guarded, and the troops sleeping during the night close to the gates. The alarms of attack were frequent, several arrests had been made, and the neighborhood was very agitated. Other letters, dated Morelia the 17th October, represented the main body of the Republican troops as at Puruandiro, organizing their custom-house and establishing their authorities. In the meantime the Imperialists are strengthening the fortifications of Morelia.

The revolting cruelties practiced on the French who were seized on the Vera Cruz Railroad is confirmed. By such horrifying deeds the civilization of the entire world has been wantonly and (to use a Spanish expression) *cynically* laughed to scorn. The wholesale butchery of prisoners of war was almost too dreadful to believe, but when preceded by acts which the pen refuses to write, we must confess that the present century had to produce the climax of savage warfare. The *Journal d' Orizaba* says:

"It appears that the French seized by the guerrillas were fourteen, five officers, seven sergeants and soldiers and two civilians. All have suffered a most horrible death, preceded by some hours of agony. The pen will not describe the barbarous outrages committed on these unfortunate men, and decency imposes complete silence. After suffering the fate of 'Abelard,' and remaining in this condition for some time, they were riddled by stabs and then cut to pieces."

A detachment of Egyptians left the "Soledad" in great haste, but arrived half an hour too late, and could find no traces of their foes. Some feeble groans led them to where a dying sergeant was lying, with two wounds, in the head and body. He could say enough to enable the Egyptians to pursue, nor did they return till their vengeance was glutted by the death of seventy.

It is said that the leader of the guerrillas has joined other bands in the "Tierra Caliente," and that the number of these irregular soldiers in the neighborhood of "Soledad" and "Paso del Macho" amounts to 2,000.

FRAGOSO lately appeared suddenly before Actopan, and came right into the trenches. Two of his men rushed into the town, shouting "Liberty," when they were recognized and fired at, and so very wisely they ran out again. It was a complete surprise, but the people got upon the roofs of the houses, and from that place of safety began to skirmish. Just then Col. CORTAZAR led up some of his cavalry, and FRAGOSO retired, then stopped and showed fight. Very soon both sides thought of retreating, when an Imperialist officer who was in the country with some men, galloped up, and by his fiery horse was carried right up to FRAGOSO, with whom he fought hand to hand till shot from behind by one of the guerrillas. The band have now gone off to Tula.

Letters from Colima speak of a terrible inundation, which has done much injury in the direction of Coahuayano. Entire towns have been swept away. In one place but a single building remained standing, in which all the people and even the fiercest animals sought refuge.

The change in the Ministry, which was announced as imminent, has taken place, although but one of its members has retired. Señor SILICEO, the Minister of Public Instruction, has given up his portfolio to Señor ARTIGAS, whilst Señor RAMIREZ changes from the Foreign office to that of the Minister of State. The new-comer, Señor CASTILLO, will act as Foreign Minister. This change is considered as of a conservative or reactionary character. The retiring Minister was always identified with the Liberals, and was formerly a member of COMONFORT'S government. Of CASTILLO, who enters, little is known, but his father was a strong Conservative, and was Prime Minister to PAREDES when that President, in 1845, wished to form Mexico into a kingdom. The late Minister of Public Instruction is to become a Counselor of State.

The departure of the Emperor and Empress for Yucatan is arranged for the second week of this month, and the necessity of a regency during their absence has given food for discussion in political circles. Some of the oracles have even pronounced the names of BAZAINE and other celebrities of the situation.

A grand national theatre is among the projects of MAXIMILIAN, who employs as the guiding genius of the undertaking the famous Spanish poet, LORRILLA. In the meantime there is an imperative necessity to mix the *utile cum dulce*, for the last month, the City of Mexico, in the eastern part, has been inundated, and the stagnant waters emit an intolerably fetid odor.

As for the much-talked-of treasury measures they have been warmly discussed in the Cabinet and State Council, and find much opposition, but Mr. LANGLAIS, his son and two secretaries are among them, and will either enlighten or get enlightened.

With regard to the fate of Gen. ARTEAGA, the *Estafette* says that it was reported that in accordance with the recent decree of repression, he had been executed, but nothing was known positively. An expression in a letter, however, strengthens the force of the rumor, for the writer mentions that five of the chief officers had been executed.

Letters from Monterey, speaking of New-Leon and Coahuila, say that the republican headquarters were established at an estate, about ninety miles from Saltillo, and have there a force of 300 men, who levy contributions from the grazing farms, which are numerous, and by this means maintain their troops in less wealthy districts.

The French steamer from St. Thomas brings the intelligence, which is certainly correct, that the Chilian Government, not having acceded to the ultimatum of the Spaniards, the latter declared the ports of that republic blockaded.

We have had no further news from Jamaica, although rumor has it that order is reëstablished. From Hayti it appears that an English war steamer sent to protect the foreigners ran aground, when the rebels took advantage of its defenceless state to fire upon it. In this dilemma, the Captain had no recourse but to sink his vessel and with his crew to escape in the boats. We are anxiously waiting to hear tidings of the *Eagle*, which is said to be in New-York, and the *Corsica*, of which we know nothing. A terrible hurricane at Monte Video had destroyed a great number of vessels; more than thirty Spanish ships alone were lost.

LARA.

THE WINOOSKI AND ALGONQUIN.

Official Report of the Results of the Trial.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 9, 1865.

SIR: We have the honor to present this our report on the late competitive trial of the mach nery of the *Winooski* and *Algonquin*, to determine the economy of fuel with which the power was respectively developed in the two cases.

The trial was conducted in exact conformity with the instructions of the board of civilian experts, consisting of Messrs. Everett, Copeland, Baird, Hibbard, Coryell, Bromley and Wright.

The paddle-wheels were exactly alike, and the paddles had the same dimensions and immersion.

The vessels were placed on opposite sides of the same pier, with a view to equalize the influence of the tide; but it was discovered in the course of the preceding trials, that owing to an opening through the pier at its head, the tide acted more unfavorably for the machinery of the *Winooski* than for that of the *Algonquin*. The opening was not suspected when the pier was originally chosen.

The coal was weighed on the pier for both vessels, taken from the same pile, and weighed on the same scales. An agent of the contractor for the *Algonquin's* machinery was present and noted the weighing. An indicator diagram was taken every half hour, from each end of the cylinder of each vessel; and the mean result from them will be found in the accompanying table, which also contains all the other data necessary to be known.

The *Winooski's* machinery made the ninety six hours' run, working in the most perfect manner, and steadily improving, giving a better result for the last twelve hours than for the first. The performance of the machinery, in every particular, leaves nothing to be desired for efficiency in a marine paddle-wheel steamer. Its durability and reliability could be depended upon for any length of cruising.

The machinery of the *Algonquin* was evidently wanting in these particulars; and in proper adaptation for marine purposes, in style, finish, and convenience for manipulation, it was also far behind its competitor. Instead of performing through the stipulated 96 hours of the trial, it was stopped by Mr. DICKERSON, its designer and the agent of the contractor, after 69 hours and 8 minutes, and it will require about six weeks from date of stopping to repair and readjust it sufficiently to commence the full power trial which is still to be made.

At the time the *Algonquin's* engine was stopped, it was falling rapidly behind the *Winooski's*, the difference in the performance being nearly one revolution of the wheels per minute.

The stoppage, in our opinion, was caused by this fact, and was wholly unauthorized, unwarranted and unjustifiable, and was done in open defiance of our prohibition.

With regard to the economical results, they are as follows, according to the two methods of determining them:

By the first method, taking the cubes of the number of revolutions made per minute by the paddle-wheels for the measure of the power, we find the power with the *Algonquin's* machinery to cost about two and one-tenth per cent. more in fuel than the power with the *Winooski's* machinery.

By the second method, taking the indicator results for the measure of the power, we find the power with the *Algonquin's* machinery to cost about ten and six-tenths per cent. more in fuel than the power with the *Winooski's* machinery.

By both methods, the economy of fuel is in favor of the *Winooski's* machinery, and the difference in the results given by the two methods is probably due to the difference in the effects of the tide on the paddle-wheels of the two vessels.

As the anthracite used in this trial did not give the same per centum of refuse for both vessels, on account of the difference of time of the experiment, we have taken the coal consumed per hour, less the refuse, as the true weight of fuel consumed.

With regard to the rapidity with which steam could be raised in the boilers of the two vessels, from water of the same temperature, and with equal weights of wood and coal, the difference upon this trial was six minutes in favor of the *Algonquin's* boilers.

The point at which the steam was cut off in the cylinder of the *Winooski* was ascertained by hooking on the eccentric rod, and turning the engine by hand, noting exactly on the main guides the point at which the toe of the rockshaft left the lifter on the lifting-rod.

This measurement gave 4 feet 10 inches for the upper stroke, and 6 feet for the lower stroke; which, as the stroke of the piston is 8 feet 9 inches, gave a mean of 0.619. The cut-off of the *Algonquin's* engine, not being a positive one, could not be so measured, but has been computed from the indicator diagram.

We are, very respectfully, your obedient servants,

Chief-Engineer ROBERT DANBY,
Chief-Engineer EDWIN FITHIAN,
Chief-Engineer MORTIMER KELLOGG.

Hon. GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.

Data of the Competitive Trial of the Winooski and Algonquin, for Economy of Fuel, at the Wharf, New-York, 1865.

	Win.	Algon.
Date of commencement, Oct. 28,		
P. M.	4.28	4.22
Duration of experiment in hours and minutes	96	69.8
Total number of revolutions	85,884	62,407
Total number of pounds of coal consumed	152,615	111,344
Total number pounds refuse from the coal	30,400	19,500
Total number pounds of coal consumed, less refuse	121,615	91,844
Percentum of refuse	20	17.51
Average steam pressure in steam-pipe, in pounds per square inch.	19.64	71.63
Average point of cutting off steam.	0.619	0.132
Average vacuum in condenser, in inches of mercury	27.80	20.54
Average barometer	29.94	29.94
Average revolutions per minute	14.9104	15.0450
Average indicated pressure on piston	26.276	31.6
Average indicated horse-power	545.485	537.317
Pounds of coal consumed per hour	1583.49	1610.57
Pounds of coal consumed per hour, less the refuse	1266.82	1328.50
Pounds of coal consumed per hour, per indicated horse-power.	2.905	3.113
Pounds of coal, less the refuse, consumed per hour, per indicated horse-power	2.322	2.568
Temperature on deck	53.6	53.6
Temperature in fire-room	98.	108.9
Temperature in engine-room	66.8	70.1
Temperature of injection water	55.	55.
Temperature of discharge water	86.9	69.2
Temperature of feed water	104,3	101.4

St. Louis Cotton Market.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Nov. 15.

COTTON has declined 2c.; sales at 41c.@44c. for Middling. FLOUR 15c.@20c. lower; single Extra $8 25; double Extra, $9. WHEAT declined 5c.@10c; prime $1 75@$1 85; choice $2 10@$2 30; CORN advanced 5c.; sales at 81c @85c. WHISKY $2 25,

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Major-Gen. Logan Appointed Minister to the Mexican Republic.

The Louisiana Freedmen Not to be Left Unprotected.

Anxiety About the Fate of Collector King.

Expected Development in the Pardon Brokerage Business.

A Fort Named in Honor of Major-Gen. Wadsworth.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Nov. 14.

GEN. LOGAN APPOINTED MINISTER TO MEXICO.

The President to-day appointed Gen. JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois, Minister, and WILLIAM A. BROWNING, Esq., of Tennessee, Secretary of Legation to the Republic of Mexico. Gen. LOGAN is known as a strong and earnest friend of the Liberal cause in that country. Col. BROWNING has been the private Secretary of President JOHNSON, and is now succeeded by Col. ROBERT JOHNSON, a son of the President, in that office.

THE LOUISIANA FREEDMEN.

Commissioner CONWAY, of the Freedmen's Bureau, who has recently arrived here from Louisiana, has had interviews with the President and Gen. GRANT on the subject of freedmen's affairs in that State, and has received the assurance that these matters will not be surrendered into the hands of the Copperhead civil authorities, or into those of galvanized rebels. The military force in Louisiana is still large, and Gens. SHERIDAN and CANBY still exercise the controlling influence there. Gov. J. MADISON WELLS has considerably overreached himself.

RUMORED DEATH OF MR. KING.

The reported death of PRESTON KING, and the peculiar circumstances under which it occurred, causes considerable feeling here to-night, and further particulars are awaited with much anxiety. The report that he had tendered his resignation has no foundation.

It has been stated that PRESTON KING recently resigned his position as Collector of New-York. The government, however, has received no letter from him to that effect.

PARDON BROKERAGE DEVELOPMENTS.

LUCY L. COBB, a woman somewhat noted here as a pardon-broker, and whose apparition has become very familiar to all regular frequenters at the White House, went before the Grand Jury yesterday and made oath to the fact that Brevet Brig.-Gen. L. C. BAKER did, on Nov. 8, forcibly and feloniously take from her Treasury notes to the amount of two hundred dollars; and JOSEPH L. COBB, her husband, makes oath that the said party did, in a like manner, take from him the pardon of one CLARENCE J. HOWELL, and a letter addressed by said HOWELL to Secretary SEWARD. It is quite likely that the Grand Jury will bring in an indictment. And if the case comes to trial, there will probably be some rich developments concerning the pardon brokerage business, especially if the lady plaintiff in this case is willing to tell all she knows.

ERROR ABOUT GOLD NOTES.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Transcript* telegraphs that the Treasury Department has ordered the withdrawal of gold notes, and none will be allowed to be issued at present. We are authorized to say that the statement of the *Transcript's* correspondent is wholly untrue, and that no such intention is known or entertained here.

CHANGE OF THE NAME OF FORT RICHMOND.

By order of the Secretary of War, the military post on Staten Island, New-York Harbor, now known as Fort Richmond, will hereafter be called Fort Wadsworth, in memory of the gallant and patriotic Brig.-Gen. JAMES S. WADSWORTH, who was killed at the head of his command in the battle of the Wilderness, Virginia, May 6, 1864.

SOUTH CAROLINA AND THE DIRECT TAX.

The Secretary of the Treasury has forwarded a letter in answer to the application of the Governor of South Carolina to permit that State to assume the direct tax levied by Congress. Secretary MCCULLOCH informs the Governor that under the existing law the government has no power to grant the privilege requested.

APPLICATIONS FOR PARDON.

Among the applicants now seeking amnesty pardon is GEORGE A. MAGRUDER, of Virginia, who occupied the position of Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance in the Navy Department, just previous to and at the breaking out of the rebellion. It was in the rooms of MAGRUDER that the leading spirits of the then contemplated insurrection met and concocted their treasonable schemes, and laid plans for taking possession of the navy-yards, vessels, etc., of the government. MAGRUDER was dismissed from the Navy Department in 1861, in spite of the efforts of strong and influential men, among them Mr. CHASE, who asked that MAGRUDER be permitted to resign.

AFFAIRS IN TEXAS.

Gov. HAMILTON, of Texas, writes to the President that he expects to call a State Convention in December.

PERSONAL.

Gen. BANKS has taken a suit of rooms at the Ebbit House for the Winter. Admiral FARRAGUT and Commodore WINSLOW are at the same house.

HEIR TO A FORTUNE.

WILLIAM PRESCOTT SMITH, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, says ROBERT HELLER, the Magician, whose real name is PALMER, has recently fallen heir to a large fortune in England. Mr. SMITH has letters from England to that effect.

THE NEW GOVERNOR OF NEW-JERSEY.

MARCUS L. WARD, the gallant Governor elect of New-Jersey, received the congratulations

THE POLICE COURTS.

The Tombs—Before Justices Dowling and Hogan.

THE ATTEMPT TO DEFRAUD THE REVENUE—ARREST OF A BRITISH OFFICER.

Capt. REGINAULD CHAUNCEY, a British officer, was arraigned before Justice DOWLING, at the Tombs, yesterday, on a charge of having been concerned with WILLIAM CHASE BARNEY, BENTHAM FABIAN, and others, in an attempt to swindle the United States Government out of $40,000, by removing a large amount of liquor from the Custom-house on fraudulent bonds. The prisoner was arrested in Ashland, Va., where he had gone on a shooting excursion. Capt. CHAUNCEY was accompanied by Messrs. EDWIN JAMES and DUNPHY. The examination of the accused was postponed for a few days.

LARCENIES.

JOHN B. JACQUES, alias JOHN BARRON, of Newark, tailor, was arrested by Officer MCCAFFERTY, of the Sixth Precinct, on a charge of stealing five cloth coats from JOHN G. MCGREGOR, of No. 2 Bowery. The coats had been given to the accused to make up; instead of doing so, he sold them to THOMAS WALKER, of No. 36 Centre-street. Committed by Justice HOGAN.

Officer DOYLE, of the First Precinct, arrested GEORGE T. ST. AULYNE, steward, on a charge of stealing a package of butter valued at $120, and two packages of cheese, from M. L. ALLEN, No. 47 Pearl-street, which he sold to CHAS. HARRIS, No. 11 Cortlandt-slip. Committed.

Essex Market—Before Justice Shandley.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.

On Monday night an affray occurred in the Tenth Ward, between FRANK PFENNING and NICHOLAS ELIS, during which it is alleged that PFENNING was seriously stabbed in the face by his antagonist. ELIS was arrested and committed by Justice SHANDLEY.

Jefferson Market—Before Justice Dodge.

ATTEMPTED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

PETER Y. EVERETT, Assistant Engineer of the Fire Department, was assaulted on the night of the 10th inst., on the corner of Ninth-avenue and Seventeenth-street, by two men, one of whom attempted to steal his pocket-book. One of the men, named JOHN MULLIGAN, struck Mr. EVERETT in the face and fled. He was arrested yesterday by Officer RILEY, of the Sixteenth Precinct, and fully identified. Justice DODGE committed him for trial in default of $1,500 bail.

Coroners' Inquests.

AN EMIGRANT DROWNED—CENSURE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

An emigrant named PETER COUGHLIN on Monday evening fell overboard from the Harlem River Navigation Steamboat pier, near the foot of One Hundred and Tenth-street, East River, and was drowned. The body was recovered. An envelope, addressed to JAMES P. FAGAN, Superintendent of Ward's Island, was found in one of the pockets, containing an order from the Commissioners of Emigration to the Superintendent of Emigrant Refuge, Ward's Island, to receive PETER COUGHLIN, 36 years, native of Ireland, arrived in ship *Universe*, from Liverpool Oct. 28, for treatment for typhus fever. Deceased had been directed to go to the foot of One Hundred and Tenth-street and thence take the commissioners' boat to Ward's Island. It is supposed that he accidentally fell off the pier. An inquest was held on the body by Coroner COLLIN. The jury rendered the following verdict: "That deceased came to his death by drowning, and we suppose by walking off the dock of the Harlem River Navigation Company while laboring under the delirium of fever, and we condemn the practice and strongly censure the Commissioners of Emigration in sending persons with infectious diseases over our city railroad lines to their ferry at One Hundred and Tenth-street, East River, thereby endangering the lives and health of our citizens."

FATAL FALL.

An inquest was held, yesterday, by Coroner COLLIN, on the body of JOSEPH L. FERRIS, five years of age, who died from injuries received by being pushed from the roof of a shed at No. 92 James-street, on the 3d inst., by one of his brothers, a boy of weak intellect.

ALLEGED CHILD-MURDER.

Coroner GOVER held an inquest, yesterday, at the Twenty-seventh Precinct Police-station, on the body of a well-developed male child, which was found dead under circumstances which led to the conclusion that violence had been used in causing its death. It appeared that the mother of the child was a German woman named LOUISA LEUTZ, employed as a domestic by Mr. BLANCHE, corner of Temple and Cedar streets. The child was born on Saturday night or Sunday. It is charged that the mother subsequently caused death by strangulation, and threw the body into the waste pipe. The body was recovered, and Dr. JOHN BEACH made a post-mortem examination. In his opinion death was caused by suffocation. The jury found a verdict against the mother. Coroner GOVER committed her to the Tombs to await the action of the Grand Jury. The mother said the child died one hour after its birth.

Boiler Explosions—The Record of a Month.

The following table shows that in twenty-nine days there have been nine boiler explosions, by which *eighty-four* persons have lost their lives. The alarming increase of accidents of this kind lead to many thoughts on the subject and calls for the careful attention of all who can aid in producing a remedy for these fearful accidents. Here is the record for twenty-nine days:

Accidents.	Date. October.	Casualties.
Steamer Yosemite	12	40
Steamer Fannie Cadwallader	19	1
Locomotive at Blazing Star, N. J.	20	3
Locomotive Baltimore and Ohio Railroad	22	.
Steamer Coinjock	27	5
Steamer St. John	28	30
Locomotive, Eastern Railroad	28	2
Locomotive, Raleigh and Gaston Railroad	29	2
Boiler, Convent of the Sacred Heart, Nov. 10		1
Total		84

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Nov. 14, 1865

$16,000	U. S. 6s, '81...C.	105¼	
1,000	U. S. 6s, '81...R.	106¼	
17,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s...'62	101⅝	
10,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s...C. '64	99⅝	
13,000	U. S. 6s, '81...C.	105⅛	
3,000	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. Cer. New Issue	97⅝	
1,850	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. Third Series	96	
600	Comb. Coal	43	
500	N. Y. Cen. R.	97⅜	
100	do	b30	98
200	Erie Railroad		92⅜
800	do		92¾
200	Hud. Riv. R.		108⅜
100	do	s30	108
8	Mil. & Pr. Du C.		100⅛
100	P., Ft. W. & C.		103¾
100	do		103⅜

OPEN BOARD—9½ A. M.

100	Erie Railroad		91¾
100	do	b3	91⅞
800	do	c	91½
100	Hud. R. R.		10 ½
200	do	c	107⅛
700	Mich. S. & N. I. R.	c	78⅞
200	do		78¾
200	do	b3	78⅝
200	do		76⅞
800	do	s3	76¾

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$20,000	O. & M. Cer.		29⅛
100	N. Y. Central	s10	97⅜
600	do	b5	98
200	do	b3	98
100	do		97¾
100	do	b3	97⅞
100	do	s3	97¾
200	do		97⅝
100	do	b10	97⅝
200	Erie Railway	c	92
200	do		91⅞
200	do	s3	91⅞

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s. C. '62		101¾
10,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s. C. '64		99⅜
13,000	U. S. 6s, '81...C.		105⅛
3,300	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. Cer. New Issue		97⅜
1,850	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. Third Series		96
600	Comb. Coal Pr.		43
500	N. Y. Cen. R.		97⅜
100	do	b30	98
200	Erie Railroad		92⅜
200	Hud. Riv. R.		108⅜
100	do	s30	108
100	Mariposa M. Co.		13
200	do		13
150	do		13
600	do		12⅞
100	do		12¾
100	do		12⅝
100	do		12½
100	do		12⅜
100	do		12¼
100	do		12⅛
100	do		12
100	do		11⅞
100	do		11¾
100	do		11⅝
100	do		11½
100	do		11⅜
100	do		11¼
100	do		11⅛
100	do		11
100	do		10⅞
100	do		10¾
100	do		10⅝
100	do		10½
100	do		10⅜
100	do		10¼
100	do		10⅛
100	do		10
100	do		9⅞
100	do		9¾
100	do		9⅝
100	do		9½
100	do		9⅜
100	do		9¼
100	do		9⅛
100	do		9
100	do		8⅞
100	do		8¾
100	do		8⅝
100	do		8½
100	do		8⅜
100	do		8¼
100	do		8⅛
100	do		8
100	do		7⅞
100	do		7¾
100	do		7⅝
100	do		7½
100	do		7⅜
100	do		7¼
100	do		7⅛
100	do		7
100	do		6⅞
100	do		6¾
100	do		6⅝
100	do		6½
100	do		6⅜
100	do		6¼
100	do		6⅛
100	do		6
100	do		5⅞
100	do		5¾
100	do		5⅝
100	do		5½
100	do		5⅜
100	do		5¼
100	do		5⅛
100	do		5
100	do		4⅞
100	do		4¾
100	do		4⅝
100	do		4½
100	do		4⅜
100	do		4¼
100	do		4⅛
100	do		4
100	do		3⅞
100	do		3¾
100	do		3⅝
100	do		3½
100	do		3⅜
100	do		3¼
100	do		3⅛
100	do		3
100	do		2⅞
100	do		2¾
100	do		2⅝
100	do		2½
100	do		2⅜
100	do		2¼
100	do		2⅛
100	do		2
100	do		1⅞
100	do		1¾
100	do		1⅝
100	do		1½
100	do		1⅜
100	do		1¼
100	do		1⅛
100	do		1
100	do		⅞
100	do		¾
100	do		⅝
100	do		½
100	do		⅜
100	do		¼
100	do		⅛

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

200	N. Y. Cen.		97¼
200	do	b3	97⅜
200	do	b10	97⅛
100	do		97¾
1100	Erie Railroad		92⅜
100	do	s3	92⅝
200	do		92⅞
100	do		92¾
100	do	s10	92¼
100	Hudson R. R.		108¼
100	do	s3	180⅛
100	Chic. & R. I.		105½
100	do	b3	105⅝
200	Reading R.		114⅜
1200	M. Sc. & N. I.		76
1300	do		75⅞
800	do	s3	76
100	do		75¾
100	Mil. & Pr. Du C.		103

TUESDAY, Nov. 14—P. M.

The price of Gold to-day is 147@147¼ ₱ cent., the same as on Monday. The rates of Exchange on Europe are a fraction stiffer than yesterday. On a free demand on London and Paris for the Cunard mail steamer *Java*, sailing tomorrow, London is 108⅛@109 and Paris 5.20@5.18¾ for Gold, at which a large business was accomplished late in the day.

The improvement in the Money market noticed yesterday, was sensibly felt again to-day, not only by the Stock Brokers, but in the request from lenders for prime paper at 7@9 ₱ cent. ₱ annum. A fair business is doing in both departments. Owing to the cheap prices for Government securities, there is good employment for temporary cash balances with the large Brokers on Wall-street employed in this class of stocks. The belief is pretty general that the depression in the 7-30 Currency and 5-20 Gold-bearing Loans, will be but temporary, and some of the Country Banks who are easy in their finances, as well as many of our own Money lenders, are availing of the low prices to make purchases for a rise.

The Cotton export on the weekly Custom-house return this afternoon is 13,875 bales, and the whole value of the week's Domestic Exports is $6,415,566.

The foreign extract which we published in the TIMES of this morning, from a recent letter on the Finances of the United States, from the present intelligent and liberal New-York correspondent of the London *Times*, is the first really kind word which we have had through our London namesake, on the debt, resources and debt-paying sentiment of the United States for some time past. That the expressions of confidence by this writer are not misplaced or untimely, is evidenced by the return (semi-official) of the Internal Revenues of the Government since July 1. They are as follows:

July	$21,693,470 75
August	34,087,589 09
September	37,939,415 82
October	30,457,388 03
For four months	$124,178,408 69
Nov. 1 to 12	14,461,587 46
Grand total	$138,639,991 15

If to these large Currency Revenues we add $70,000,000 in Gold from Customs for the same period, and the premium on more than one-half this sum on the surplus Gold not required to pay the present engagements of the Government in the way of Gold Interest on the Public Debt and sold in the open market, we have a revenue for 19 weeks of the current fiscal year of about $222,000,000, or at the rate of *six hundred millions* per annum. It is not pretended that we shall certainly keep on at this rate through the remainder of the fiscal year, but it is fair to assume that the whole revenues of the year will not fall short of five hundred millions.

The Stock Exchange is buoyant on the Railway speculation, and prices generally are again upward. The special Stocks run upon yesterday, such as Erie, Pittsburgh and Michigan Southern were in renewed demand to-day, and a firmer feeling was shown in New-York Central, Fort Wayne, Rock Island, &c. The controversy in the Rock Island Direction, to which we referred yesterday, has, as we supposed, clearly two sides, and of at least equal plausibility. The whole story will probably be told on the legal investigation which is to follow the injunction sued out by one of the minority. A change has been made in the Treasurer of the Company and the account retransferred from the Bank of North America to the Corn Exchange Bank, where it had been for ten years or more previous to the recent annual election. The Erie Railway receipts for October show a gain of $133,819 on the large result of $1,222,568 the same month last year. The first week in November gives the Michigan Southern a gain of $23,842 on the same week last year, and there is a like gain of $16,651 on the Michigan Central. The Miscellaneous Shares show no particular change from Monday's sales, except Mariposa, which advanced to 12¾ ₱ cent.

At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made as compared with the same hour yesterday. The Railway list left off steady at the advance of the forenoon. Hudson River advanced to 106¾ ₱ cent. Gold a fraction weaker:

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
U. S. 10-40s	91	91	Northwest	32⅞	32⅞
U. S. 5-20s	101¾	101⅝	N. West Pref.	65	65
U. S. 7-30s	97	97	Rock Island	104½	104¼
N. Y. Central	98	97⅞	Fort Wayne	102¾	103¼
Erie	91	92⅜	Cumb'land Coal	42¼	43
Hudson	107¼	106⅝	Quicksilver	47⅜	47⅛
Reading	114⅜	114⅝	Mariposa	11¾	12¾
Mich. Southern	75¾	75⅝	Canton	44⅜	44⅝
Illinois Central	132	134	Ohio Certificates	29¾	29¼
Pittsburgh	94	93⅜	American Gold	147¼	147

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	110	Hanover	110
Merchants'	110	Metropolitan	117
Mechanics'	112½	People's	110
America	130	Shoe and Leather	100
Tradesmen's	127	Corn Exchange	109
Greenwich	140	St. Nicholas	98
National	105	Commonwealth	100
Leather Manufact's	170	Importers' & Traders'	95
State of New-York	105	Park	140
Commerce	107	N. Y. National Exc. Bk.	120
American Exchange	113	Central National	105
Bank of the Republic	106	Fourth National	94
Bank of N. America	107		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	91	Lack. & West'n bonds	100
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	98	Del. L. & W. 1st M	100
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	100	Del. & Hud. 1st M	91
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con. 1876	103	Del. & Hud. 1st, Ex'd	91¼
Erie Lots, ex C., '82	93¼	Del. & Hud. 2d M	75
Erie 7s, 2d mort., '79	100	Mil. & P. du C. 1st M	102
Erie 7s, 3d mort. 1883	94¾	Chi. & R. I. 1st mort	100¾
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	93	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	97
Erie 7s, 5th mort., 1888	88	N. J. Cen. 1st mort	103
Buf. N. Y. & E. 1st M. '77	95	N. J. Cen. 2d mort	102
Hud. R. 7s, 2d M. S. F. '85	100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st M	102
Harlem 3ds, '68	94	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2d M	94¾
Mich. C. new lots, 8's, '82	102	Cleve. & Pitts. 6th mort	14
Chi., R. & Q. 8's 1st s. f.	110	Chi. & Alton S. F.	96
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7's	94	Chi. & Alton 1st M	96
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	91	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st m.	80
Alton & T. H. 2d M. fu.	70	Pennsula R. R. Bonds	85
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	90	Mil. & Mis. Pref. 1st m	60
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds.	90	Mariposa & C. 1st M	66
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	81¾	Chic. & Mil. 1st mort	85
Han. & St. Jos. L. G.	91	Joliet & Chic. 1st mort	98

The shipment of Gold bars, recently received from California, by the *Java* to-morrow will amount to about $600,000. This will leave about $400,000 of the last arrival undisposed of, to go forward, probably, by the steamers of Saturday.

The transfers of the New-York Central closed yesterday afternoon for the annual election to take place on the 13th of December. It was supposed a day or two ago that the present administration of the Board had secured a sufficient amount of proxies to make their entire ticket sure, and such is probably the fact. The demand for the Stock to-day, however, to be delivered by certificate, in place of its transfer, might possibly bear out a different conclusion, as the new and equitable ownership of the certificates duly verified on the day of election, would annul the proxies which had been given to vote upon them previous to the closing of the transfers. On the other hand, the advance in the Stock since yesterday may be upon its merits, or on a speculation for the rise, the recent depression below par being sudden, and, as the new buyers may believe, unwarranted by the large traffic of the Road.

In reference to the forthcoming Annual Report, and its view of the future of our finances, of the Secretary of the Treasury, we have reason to believe that no "gloomy apprehensions" need be indulged in Wall-street or on the Stock Exchange. Mr. MCCULLOCH is not a financier of rash or hasty measures. He is not a Statesman of impracticable views. The large revenues of the Government growing out of the reig nof Peace and the material and trading prosperity of the People are matters to be rejoiced over; not the texts for precipitate contraction, much less for sudden revolution in the whole business of the Country. That the Secretary is unwilling to lose sight of the great duty of restoring the Currency to something more nearly approaching a Specie standard than the present price of Gold, we have no question; but that his report will contain any suggestion of radical measures to hasten this process, we are as far from believing as that he means to propose the abridgment of his own revenues.

We understand that the Currency Bureau at Washington will receive the United States 6 ₱ cents issued to the Central Pacific Railway, bearing interest in Currency, at the rate of 80 ₱ cent. as a basis for National Bank Circulation. The rate at first adopted, last Summer, was only 70 ₱ cent. The Bonds have thirty years to run, and it is believed that before five years of the time will have elapsed, they will be more than equal in value to a twenty years' Gold bearing 6 ₱ cent Stock. Messrs. FISK & HATCH have the agency for the sale of the Bonds, as announced elsewhere.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer, of the United States was as follows: Receipts, $2,143,516 62, including $394,000 for Customs; on account of Loan, $284,000; payments, $3,204,246 64; balance, $57,764,868 69.

Internal Revenue Decisions.

RESPECTIVE DUTIES OF REVENUE AGENTS AND ASSESSORS.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, Aug. 24, 1865.

SIR: Your letter of Aug. 22, stating the assessment made by you against —— has been received. You close your letter by saying "hereafter no assessment will be made on reports of the Revenue Agent without being first submitted to the Commissioner from this office for his approval." Revenue Agent —— has been instructed to report the results of his investigations in all cases to this office and also to the assessors and collectors of the proper districts. The report to this office is merely advisory. The report to you is not to be taken as conclusive, but it is evidence proper to be considered. If you are satisfied that it is correct or if not satisfied of its correctness, you ascertain it to be correct, you would be authorized, and it would be your duty to make the assessment accordingly. If, after a fair investigation, you come to a different conclusion from that arrived at by the Revenue Agent, you will report to this office wherein you so differ and the reason therefor, so that I may have the full case before me and be able to act understandingly upon the question presented. If, with or without personal investigation, you are satisfied of the correctness of the results found by the Revenue Agent, there is of course no occasion to refer the question here. In the other case there may be a necessity for it in order to determine some question as to the practical working or proper construction of the law. I do not intend that any Revenue Agent shall usurp or assume any of the powers or functions properly belonging to the assessor, and at the same time the assessors and collectors should take care not to interfere with or embarrass the agent in the due performance of his duties. The experience of the last few months shows conclusively that a proper enforcement of the law will require the united effort of all the officers appointed under it. If differences should at any time arise between them, as it is presumed there may, it is for the interest of the government that such differences should be at once fairly presented and as soon as may be decided.

Very respectfully,
WILLIAM ORTON, Commissioner.

RESIN A MANUFACTURE.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17, 1865.

SIR: Your favor of Oct. 13 has been received. In reply I have to say that your opinion relative to the liability to tax of resin produced in the manufacture of spirits turpentine is a correct one.

Resin thus produced is not a natural product, but a manufacture, and, as such, liable to excise duty under the general clause relating to "Articles not otherwise provided for." Yours, respectfully,
E. A. ROLLINS, Deputy Commissioner.

A person who solicits fire risks for an agent of an insurance company, but who himself has no connection with the company, is neither accountable to the company nor controlled by it, and has no authority to bind it, but negotiates and procures risks as an agent of the company, from whom he draws pay, commission, or compensation, is an insurance broker, and should procure license as such.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Nov. 14, 1865.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 19,565 bbls. Flour, 140 bbls. and 850 bags Corn Meal, 70,470 bushels Wheat, 62,142 bushels Corn, 6,593 bushels Rye, 18,049 bushels Barley, 16,800 bushels Oats, 656 pkgs. Provisions, and 292 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue scarce and quiet at $8 50 for Pots, and $9 for Pearls ₱ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Has been inactive at former prices.

CANDLES—Have been in fair demand and steady.

COAL—Has been quiet at former prices.

COCOA—Small sales have been made at previous quotations.

COFFEE—Has been sparingly dealt in, to-day, at our revised quotations, including Java at 28c.@30c.; Rio at 18c.@21¾c.; Maracaibo at 22c.@24c.; Laguayra at 22c.@23½c.; St. Domingo at 17¾c.@18¼c., in gold, ₱ lb. Stock of all kinds, to-day, 45,881 pkgs.

COTTON—Has been in less demand, though prices have favored buyers decidedly. Middlings closed at 40c.@50c. ₱ lb., on sales and resales privately of 2,100 bales. At auction, sales were made, by Messrs. J. H. DRAPER & Co., on government account, of 1,386 bales Mobile, at from 36½c. for low ordinary to 50c. for middling fair, and 19½c. for pickings; also, 759 bales New-Orleans, at from 54½c. for low ordinary to 65c. for good middling, and 24@26½c. for pickings, ₱ lb. The bidding was tame, and prices were depressed. Fifty bales Sea Island Cotton, offered on private account, were not sold, as only a single bid of 50c. ₱ lb. was made for it. The receipts of Cotton at this port thus far in the current week have averaged 1,825 bales a day, making 43,894 bales since the 1st of November, and 262,764 bales since the commencement of the current Cotton year, Sept. 1, 1865. The week's exports of Cotton from this port add up 18,875 bales, valued at $3,454,048 in currency, of which amount 12,4 8 bales, of the currency value of $3,093,479, were shipped to Liverpool.

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report, today, is as follows: Jobbers' Prices. Brown Sheetings—Standard, 33c.; Medford, 31c.; Pepperell E, 31½c.; do. B, 30c.; do. O, 28c.; do. N, 26c. Bleached Shirtings—Lonsdale, 87½c.; James' Mills, 45 inch, 45c.; do., 36 inch, 35c.; do., 33 inch, 31½c.; do., 30 inch, 29c.; Bates, 41c.; Ballou, ⅞, 25c. Prints—Cocheco, 26c.; Garners, 25c.; Hamilton, 24½c.; Dunnell, 24c.; Amoskeag, 23c.; Wamsutta, 20c. Delaines—Hamilton, 31c. Ticks—Methuen A A, 67½c.; Everett, 45c.; Albany, 24c. Stripes—Haymaker, 52½c.; Winthrop, 27½c.; Pittsfield, 28c. Denims—Haymaker, 52½c.; York, 60c.; Boston Manufacturing Company, 36c. Corset Jeans—Pepperell, 40c.; Naumkeag, 37½c.; Bates, 32½c. Brown Drills—Standards, 35c.; Winthrop, 30c. Canton Flannels—Fremont, 37½c.; Suffolk, 37½c. Kentucky Jeans—Union, 70c. Balmoral Skirts—Bruner, $38 ₱ dozen. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, 20 to 50 hoops, in good demand. S. T. & A., T. Meyer, L. L., 1 inch, 20 to 40 hoops, 47c.@90c. ₱ dozen hoops; 3-inch, 20 to 40 hoops, 60c.@$1 25 ₱ dozen hoops. Spool Cotton—Coats', $1 09; Willimantic, 90c. The following dispatches were bulletined in the New-York Dry Goods Exchange to-day: Philadelphia, Nov. 14.—Dry Goods market dull and unsettled; prices of Cottons favor the buyers; Woolens unchanged and quiet. Chicago, Nov. 14.—Trade fair; demand for Flannels, Satinets, &c., increasing. Providence, Nov. 14.—Market quiet; some demand for Cotton by spinners, but at low prices. Boston, Nov. 13.—Market better; good lively trade doing, too. St. Louis, Nov. 14.—Trade moderate, Sheetings, 33c.; Prints, 26c.; weather mild. Cincinnati, Nov. 14.—Market inactive and more unsettled; buyers holding back more than ever on Cotton goods; Woolens are in moderate demand at fair prices. Louisville, Nov. 14.—Trade dull and unsettled, owing to downward tendency of Cotton fabrics; prices unchanged; money easy; Exchange, par to 1-10th premium; weather mild; Indian Summer.

FISH—A fair demand prevailed for the principal kinds, at steady prices.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in limited demand, to-day, at drooping prices. Sales since our last, 9,800 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $7 70@$8 10; very poor to choice Extra State at $8 10@$8 50, chiefly at $8 20@$8 35; round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $8 90@$9 10 ₱ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$7 70	@$8 10
Extra State	8 10	@ 8 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c	8 20	@$8 70
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	8 90	@ 9 10
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	9 15	@12 50
Extra Genesee	8 55	@12 25
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	9 00	@16 25

Southern Flour continues heavy. Sales since our last 700 bbls., in lots, at $9 50@$10 85 for poor to good, and $10 85@$16 25 for good to very choice extra brands ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour favors buyers. Sales 400 bbls. Extra at $8 20@$12 25 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, including Superfine at $6 25@$7 ₱ bbl.; sales 140 bbls. Corn Meal rules quiet, at $4 40 for Western, $4 50@$4 60 for Jersey, $4 85 for Brandywine, and $4 75 for Marsh's Caloric, ₱ bbl. Sales 200 bbls.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Have been in fair demand at uniform rates.

FRUIT—A moderate business was transacted in the principal kinds at steady prices.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in good demand, and prices have advanced 1c.@2c. ₱ bushel. Sales have been made of 65,000 bushels, including Amber Spring at $1 88@$1 90, the latter a fancy price; Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club at $1 77@$1 88, and Amber State, part at $2 40@$2 45 ₱ bushel. Corn has been in more request and decidedly firmer. Sales since our last 73,000 bushels, at 85c.@92c. for unsound and 93c.@94c. for sound Mixed Western; 95c. for common Yellow Western, in store, ₱ bushel. Rye has been inactive and nominal. Barley has been quiet to-day; 3,000 bushels State changed hands at $1 12 ₱ bushel. Barley Malt is heavy and drooping; 700 bushels new were purchased at $1 45 ₱ bushel. Oats have been quiet and depressed. We quote sound State and Western 60c.@63c., and unsound 46c.@52½c. ₱ bushel. The movements in Breadstuffs during the past fortnight, Mr. EDWARD BILL reviews thus: "The trade in Flour since my last report has been quite moderate, and the general tone that of dullness and inactivity; various causes have combined to produce this result, the chief of which has been the large receipts. The stock is free, but is not considered large for the season. Our prices are above the views of most of the shippers, and this, together with the fluctuations in Gold and advance in freights, tends to check that portion of the business. The operations yesterday were limited to the immediate wants of the retail trade, and the turn was in buyers' favor. The limited supplies of sound available Wheat has given greater confidence to millers, and they have been more ready purchasers, although, in the depressed state of the Flour market, their operations have not been large. The sudden rise in ocean freights, and extreme rates demanded for sound Grain, prevents large transactions for export, although the inquiry has been good, at somewhat lower rates. At the close the market was strong, with moderate receipts. Rye is quiet, at the quotations. Indian Corn is still quite active, under a free speculative and export inquiry, and the sales have been large. The export clearances from this port for the fortnight foot up: To Great Britain and Ireland, 4,607 bbls. Flour, 40,372 bushels Wheat, 396,114 bushels Corn, 7,236 bushels Peas; to continental ports, 86 bbls. Flour, 100 bushels Corn; to Mexico, 875 bbls. Flour, 1,276 bushels Corn; to Brazil, 1,810 bbls. Flour, 50 bbls. Corn Meal, 728 bushels Corn; to all other ports, 37,421 bbls. Flour, 50 bbls. Rye Flour, 2,755 bbls. Corn Meal, 3,756 bushels Wheat, 3,320 bushels Corn, 200 bushels Oats, 3,044 bushels Peas—making a total to all ports of 44,799 bbls. Flour, 50 bbls. Rye Flour, 2,807 bbls. Corn Meal, 44,128 bushels Wheat, 401,538 bushels Corn, 200 bushels Oats, and 10,280 bushels Peas.

Export of Breadstuffs to Great Britain and Ireland from Sept. 1, 1865.

From	To Date.	Bbls. Flour.	Bush. Wheat.	Bush. Corn.
New-York, Nov. 10, 1865		19,455	368,358	1,352,459
New-Orleans, Nov. 3, 1865		——	——	7,700
Philadelphia, Nov. 10, 1865		——	——	14,376
Baltimore, Nov. 10, 1865		——	——	82,675
Boston, Nov. 10, 1865		——	——	——
California and other ports, Nov. 10, 1865		——	——	——
Total		19,455	368,358	1,929,301
To about same period, 1864		30,043	1,110,730	77,299
To about same period, 1863		230,734	3,367,916	239,459
To about same period, 1862		220,676	9,444,579	1,879,175

To the Continent.

From	To Date.	Barrels Flour.	Bushels Rye.	Bushels Wheat.
From New-York to Nov. 10, 1865		2,381	63,012	25,848
From other ports, to latest dates		16	——	——
Total		2,397	63,012	25,848
To about same period, 1864		8,338	——	66,012
To about same period, 1863		22,613	13,965	126,295
To about same period, 1862		37,071	59,060	535,189

HAY—North River bale continues in moderate request at 60c.@85c. for poor to choice, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in demand and firm at 25c.@60c. for new, and 10c.@40c. for one-year old, ₱ lb.

HIDES—Have been in fair request at uniform prices.

LEATHER—Has been rather more sought after, and held with increased firmness. We quote: Sole—Oak Slaughter and Salted, good light, 34c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good middle, 41c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good heavy, 41c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, light cropped, good, 42c.@47c.; Oak Slaughter, middle cropped, good, 47c.@52c.; Oak Slaughter, bellies, cropped, good, 18c.@20c.; Hemlock Buenos Ayres, &c., good light, 35½c.@36½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good middle, 38½c.@39¼c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good heavy, 39½c.@41c.; Hemlock, California, good light, 34½c.@35½c.; Hemlock, California, good middle, 38c.@39c.; Hemlock, California, good heavy, 39c.@40c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good light, 33c.@34c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good middle, 36c.@37c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good heavy, 35c.@36c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, and Buenos Ayres, poor, all weights, 21c.@24c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 30c.@34c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, light, 32c.@35c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle and heavy, 36c.@43c., cash, ₱ lb.

MOLASSES—Continues quiet at former prices.

NAVAL STORES—Have been inactive, including Spirits Turpentine at $1 12½@$1 17½ ₱ gallon; Resin at $7 25@$20 ₱ 280 lbs.

OILS—Continue in fair demand at buoyant

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE

LANDS IN ALABAMA FOR SALE.

The undersigned proposes to sell his UNDIVIDED HALF of the celebrated TURPENTINE ESTABLISHMENT of KENNEDY & ELLISON, situated in Baldwin County, Alabama, below Mobile, and lying on both branches of Fish River, and Sandy and Wolf Creeks, containing about thirty-one thousand (31,000) acres, of which about fifteen thousand (15,000) acres are round or unboxed timber. The stills are supplied with water by Hydraulic Rams, which furnish an abundance of good water, which is essential in properly extracting the spirits and making good resins, superseding the employment of five or six hands, and no other place that I know of has the benefit of this great advantage.

The stills are located upon the bank of the river, and shipments are made from the bank upon the deck of the vessel, and supplies are received from the streets into the storehouse, which saves great expense in hauling.

The place is within thirty-five miles of Mobile, which can be reached, business transacted, and return by 10 o'clock at night; and distant about 170 or 180 miles from New-Orleans—an inland and safe navigation, requiring no insurance upon shipments—the best and cheapest breadstuffs and provisions market, where casks, and all the materials for carrying on the business, can be obtained; and was, and I presume will be again, a good market for spirits and resins; but if the prices prevailing there did not justify shipments, they could be made to any other part of the world.

These lands being intersected by many streams, there is greater protection against fires.

The health of the country is excellent. The waters courses abound in an abundance of fine fish and oysters. Very good range for cattle and hogs.

The improvements consist of a frame dwelling, with four rooms below and two above, painted, kitchen, meat-house, storeroom, a two-story warehouse, hospital for the sick, a house to store spirits, which will hold 600 casks, first-rate stables for 35 or 40 head of mules, wagon-shed, quarters for over 200 hands, and other necessary outbuildings. The outbuildings will require some repairs, having been somewhat damaged during the war.

A number of the crops that have been burned over can be cleaned out and cultivated again.

Belonging to the establishment are four stills, two of 35 barrels capacity and two of twenty barrels capacity—some of them have been patched; six mules, three wagons, some household and kitchen furniture, some tools, and 200 barrels of resin in the river, which can be recovered easily, and some spirit casks.

There is also attached a farm of about 75 acres, which produces peas and potatoes abundantly, and some bottom land upon which fine rice has been raised. And this place is not only valuable on account of the spirits and resins that can be made on it, but for the tar, wood and lumber that can be made from that portion of the lands which has been exhausted for turpentine, and which lies on both branches of the river—these articles commanding high prices.

There is a good site for a saw and grist mill, with a rock foundation, or cotton or other manufactory.

The present high prices for naval stores, and the probability of their continuance for some time, on account of the scarcity and the decreased production for the future, so many places having been burned up, will cause a place like this, with so large a quantity of boxed timber and so eligibly located, to be eagerly sought after. I deem it needless to say more, as the purchaser will examine the premises and acquaint himself with its numerous advantages.

The attention of capitalists is particularly invited to this very desirable property, and admitted to be the best location in all respects for the business to be found anywhere.

Applications for terms may be made to me by letter addressed to Uniontown, Ala., until February next; then to Wilson, N. C.; or to Mr. JAMES A. WEMYSS, of Mobile, Ala., during my absence from the State. Early application is solicited.

WILLIAM L. KENNEDY.

UNIONTOWN, Ala., Oct. 3, 1865.

FACTORY FOR SALE.—A LARGE FACTORY, situated in the village of Yonkers, Westchester County, N. Y., within 16 miles of New-York City Hall. The main building is 384 feet long and 40 feet wide; blacksmith shop and boiler room, 300 feet long, beside other buildings; new steam-engine of 225 horse-power, 4 steam boilers, 3 pumps, steam heating apparatus, gas-fitting complete, and main shafting and pulleys; also, 9 large brick dwelling-houses, together with a water grant from the State, extending nearly 800 feet into the Hudson River; the main building is one of the largest and pleasantest shops in the whole country. For full particulars and maps of the property, apply to FREDERIC A. COE, No. 170 Broadway, New-York, or T. B. STOUT, Treasurer, Yonkers, N. Y.

THE AMERICAN LAND COMPANY AND AGENCY, ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE NO. 57 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK CITY,
will buy and sell real estate, as the agent of others, in all parts of the United States, especially in the South.

Will negotiate loans on real securities. Will facilitate emigration, and will transact all business in which a responsible agent, known and trusted by all interests, may be usefully employed.

JOHN A. ANDREW, President.

FRANK E. HOWE, Vice-President and General Agent, North.

FOR SALE—UPON SATISFACTORY TERMS or cash, that valuable tract of land on Broadway, extending to the North River, between 86d and 96th sts., in the City of New-York, being the country seat of the late Dr. Mott, comprising about 19 acres of land, besides the water grants in front of the premises; the improvements are six good dwelling-houses, with usual outhouses, greenhouse, brick store, coal-yard and dock. For further particulars apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or to Mrs. D. D. MOTT, Executrix, No. 1 Gramercy-park, or to Dr. ALEXANDER B. MOTT, No. 269 East 10th-st., or to HENRY A. MOTT, Attorney-at-Law, No. 17 Broad-st., New-York.

A COUNTRY SEAT AT ELIZABETH, N. J., FOR SALE—A modern-built house, with about six acres of land; gas throughout the house; 12 rooms, barns, carriage-house, ice-house, two graperies, producing about 1,500 pounds of grapes a year; also, a large number of fruit trees, pear, cherry, &c. The rent alone will pay a good interest on the investment; it is on the main street, three-fourths of a mile from the depot; street paved two-thirds of the distance with Belgian pavement. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

LARD OIL FACTORY FOR SALE.—THE lard oil factory belonging to the estate of Robert E. Evans, deceased, now in prime working order, together with all the fixtures complete for refining lard, pressing oil, &c. For further information apply on the premises, to R. SHERRILL, } Executors.
W. TEWAN, }
or to JEWELL, HARRISON & CO., No. 27 Water-st.

FOR SALE—BY ORDER OF HEIRS, THE VALUABLE property on southwest corner of Broadway and Bleecker-st., extending through to Mercer-st.

The undersigned offer at private sale the valuable property situate on the southwest corner of Broadway and Bleecker-st., extending through to Mercer-st., being 25 feet in width on Broadway and Mercer-st., by 200 feet on Bleecker-st.

MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

TRUCKING FARM NEAR FORTRESS MONROE FOR SALE.—One hundred acres of good land, near the village of Hampton, three miles from the fort, about one-half in timber, the rest under a good state of cultivation. Price $25 per acre; one-half of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Address DANIEL F. COCK, Locust Valley, Long Island, N. Y.

FLUSHING, L. I.—TO LET, FURNISHED, A house situated in Franklin-place, Flushing, about 7 minutes' walk from the railroad depot; the house contains 11 rooms, replete with every comfort and convenience; there is a two-stall stable attached, and the grounds are well laid out. Apply to WM. HEALY, on the premises, or at No. 785 Broadway, New-York.

ORANGE COUNTY MILK FARM AT AUCTION.—Rare chance to buy 180 acres of prime land, with first-class improvements, on the Erie road, within 1¼ miles of depot; church, schools, &c. Inquire of Mr. VROOM, No. 19 Fulton-st., New-York, or subscriber on the premises, J. B. VROOM, Washingtonville, Orange County, N. Y.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, WITH POSSESsion, a new two-and-a-half-story and wing cottage, well built, filled in, &c., contains nine rooms, with eight lots, fruit trees, grape vines, &c. Apply on premises, Jefferson-st., between Patchen and Ralph ave. Price $5,600.

ORANGE, N. J.—RESIDENCE SITES FOR sale on the handsomest streets in Orange; first-class neighborhood, on high ground, with fine views, only a few minutes from depot. Apply to H. B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., before 11 A. M., or No. 49 Main-st., Orange.

A CHANCE SELDOM OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.—I have an estate in Canada, a short distance from Buffalo, that is leased for ten years, and paying $2,000 rent in gold annually; will trade the same for improved city property or merchandise. Apply at once to D. W. BROWN, No. 117 Maiden-lane, N. Y.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDing, situated near Broadway and Canal-st.; very desirable as a manufactory; lot forms an L; size 26x100; half lot 43x20; together with lease of the adjoining half lot; also, steam engine, boiler, shafting and an Otis hoist. Apply to H. F. WHITE, No. 923 Broadway, Room No. 4.

THREE DESIRABLE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP.—South side of 121st-st., between 3d and 3d ave.; size 100 feet 10 inches by 22 feet 6 inches. Apply to JOHN CUDDY, Attorney and Counsellor, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 7, second floor.

LOTS ON FIFTY-FIFTH-STREET FOR SALE.—Four full lots on the north side of 55th-st., 100 feet west of 2d-av.; street sewered and paved; three-fourths can remain on mortgage for a term of years. Apply to WM. H. KING, No. 257 Broadway.

HOUSE AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers his house and furniture for sale, No. 12 West 27th-st., one door from Broadway; house 13 feet by 60; lot 25. Apply at No. 41 Exchange-place. L. T. HOYT.

FOR SALE—ON GRAMERCY PARK, 20TH-ST., a first-class stone front house, 30 feet wide, with rear building, and rear lot 38 feet wide. This is an elegant residence, in perfect order. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

RENWICK-STREET PROPERTY.—That beautiful three-story brick house, No. 20 Renwick-st., for sale cheap; price $7,250. Apply on the premises, or at No. 212 Greenwich-st., hat-store.

WM. H. HALL.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house, high stoop, with all the modern improvements, with or without furniture, No. 121 West 44th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway; a very desirable location; possession Dec. 1. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR BROOKlyn property, a valuable country seat, with 5¾ acres, at Jamaica, L. I. Apply to SIMONSON & NAFIS, No. 156 Fulton-av., near Nevins, or SANFORD & CORSELL, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF FINE FARMS, country residences and villa sites, on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, at Plainfield, Scotch Plains and Crawford. Apply to BABB & INSLEY, No. 367 Broadway, Room No. 20.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL WELL-LOCATED houses for business, in 3d-av., with possession; cheap; and several private houses and some good, cheap tenement property, for investment. Apply to HENRY MAXWELL, No. 122 East 30th-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR LOTS, NOS. 302 AND 304 Madison, and Nos. 285 and 287 Monroe-st., 50x190 feet, near Grand-st., suitable for a first-class factory. Apply to JAMES H. THORNE, No. 174 Canal-st.

FOR SALE—20 HOUSES IN BROOKLYN, LOcated on Greene and Lafayette ave., and on Raymond and Adelphi sts., at the improvements.

THOS. WILLWOOD, No. 79 Cedar-st.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.—The American Patent Office now on exhibition at No. 16 Liberty-st., Room No. 1. County, State and territorial rights for sale.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ON 44TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6th avs., three full lots, with a brick church on the rear 75x50 feet, which can be altered into private or livery stable, or can be used for any other purpose. No restrictions. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

TO LET.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, AT WASHINGTON Heights, an elegant house and nine acres of land; house nicely furnished; has gas, baths, hot and cold water, &c.; 23 rooms, fine gateway, garden, &c.; fine brick stable, box stalls for four horses; room for six carriages, gardener's and coachman's rooms, &c. The property adjoins the residence of James Gordon Bennett, Esq., and is only five miles from Central Park. Will be rented on moderate terms to an acceptable tenant. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BUILDING, COVERing nine lots of ground, with a front on three streets, and a railroad running from the dock to and through it, admirably suited for storage or manufacturing purposes. Call on C. KELSEY, Union Stores, or No. 19 Strong-place, South Brooklyn. Also, a small one-story and basement building, with two lots.

A NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE AND grounds, everything complete for housekeeping, and immediate possession, with good stable and out-buildings, to rent for the Winter, at Orange, N. J. Apply to J. VAN BUREN, No. 34 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, THE TWO HOUSES connected, Nos. 72 and 74 West 37th-st., consisting of some thirty rooms, well calculated for a genteel private boarding-house; will be rented reasonable. Apply on the premises or to F. H. AMIDON, No. 649 Broadway.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN RODNEY-ST., near Lee-av.; two stories; water, gas, &c., rent $60 per month. S. COCKCROFT, No. 165 Broadway, or S. DISBROW, No. 32 South 7th-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT TARRYTOWN, until May 1, a two-story and basement house, with carriage-house and stable; near the depot; rent very low to a good tenant. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

TO LET—TO ADULTS—A HANDSOMELY FURnished country seat, with horse, carriage, &c.; $100 per month; on New-Haven Railroad, one hour's ride from New-York. Apply at No. 269 Pearl-st., from 1 to 2.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A VERY superior house, elegantly furnished, situated near Trinity Chapel, will be let low to a first-class tenant. Address A, Box No. 201 Post-office.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET, A LARGE FURnished house, three minutes' walk from the depot; immediate possession. For particulars inquire of H. K. WHITE, Library Building, Orange.

TO LET—AT YONKERS, A COMPLETELY FURnished house, ten minutes' walk from depot. For particulars inquire at No. 24 Beekman-st.

TO LET—AT NO. 6 4TH-AV., ROOMS, SINGLE or in suit, for gentlemen lodgers.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

TO PROPERTY-OWNERS.—ANY PARTY wishing to let on a long lease, a building, or first floor and basement, suitable for business purposes, located on Broadway, between Canal and 8th sts., or a few feet either way on a side street, in my negotiate with a good tenant, by addressing Box No. 2,277 Post-office.

WANTED—A THREE-STORY ENGLISH BASEment house, between 10th and 30th sts., 3d and 6th avs; possession. TENEYCK & PETERS,
No. 170 Broadway, second floor, Room No. 2.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN lady, an unfurnished room or room and bedroom, in the upper part of the city, between 5th and 9th avs. Address Mrs. ANNA ROX, Box 173 *Times* Office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE OR LEASE A large manufacturing establishment in the city or its vicinity; one on the water would be preferred. Address, with particulars, P. W., Box No. 705 Post-office.

WANTED—A CHURCH, OR PROPERTY 75X100 or more, located between 10th and 23d sts. and 2d and 5th avs. Applications, with particulars, to be made to M. SCHWAB, Esq., No. 264 East Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PHYSICIAN, THE RECEPtion room of an English basement house, unfurnished, for an office; location above 34th-st. Address PHYSICIAN, Station D, Post-office.

WANTED—FOR A SMALL FAMILY, PART OF a house, situated in the 9th or 16th Wards, or at Hoboken. Address Box No. 2,340 Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—SUITE OF ROOMS ON PARLOR floor; suite on second floor, suitable for three or four persons. Dinner at 5. No. 34 West 20th-st.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND wife, in a plain private family, who regard the Sabbath; front room, second floor; good neighborhood below 14th-st.; comforts of a home wanted more than luxuries; terms, including fire and gas, not to exceed $18 to $20 per week; references required and given. Address PUBLISHER, No. 130 Grand-st., New-York City.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY ENgaged in teaching, either in the vicinity of School No. 20, Crystal near Rivington-st., or near either 2d, 3d or 4th-av. car routes. Address TEACHER, Box No. 146 *Times* Office, for two days.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND wife, with parlor and bedroom, between 25th and 40th sts. and Lexington and 6th avs. Address, stating terms, B. B., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

FIFTH-AVENUE—PARLOR AND TWO BEDrooms, with first-class board, can be secured for the Winter on applying at the bookseller-store, corner of Broadway and 23d-st. References exchanged.

HANDSOME FRONT ROOM FOR TWO gentlemen, or gentleman and wife; hot and cold water; dinner at 6. Apply at No. 186 2d-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

A PLEASANT FRONT ROOM AND BED-ROOM (unfurnished) to let, with board, in Williamsburgh, near the ferries. Address B. D. M., Williamsburgh Post-office, for one week.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN CAN OB-TAIN a well furnished front room, with board, in a private family in West 32d-st. Inquire, with references, at No. 167 Broadway, Room No. 20.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET, WITH board, three very fine rooms on second floor, to adults only; best references required and furnished. Call at No. 58 West 28th-st.

NO. 7 GREAT JONES-STREET.—ELEgant suites of apartments to rent for the Winter, with private table only.

DRY GOODS.

EMPRESS

KID GLOVES,

WHITE, BLACK AND COLORED,

$1 25 A PAIR.

RICHARD GREEN,

375 CANAL-ST., COR. LAURENS.

A STORE FOR LINENS ONLY.

MILLIKEN & CO.,
NO. 768 BROADWAY,
DEAL EXCLUSIVELY IN LINEN GOODS,
and always keep a good assortment of the best makes of
IRISH,
SCOTCH,
BARNSLEY,
FRENCH,
AND GERMAN
LINEN GOODS,
mostly of our own importation, and sell them at reasonable prices.
EVERY ARTICLE SOLD IS WARRANTED PUR LINEN.

HOLMES & CO.,
No. 769 BROADWAY,
opposite Astor-place,
Offers for sale, at the lowest prices,
LINENS,
SHEETINGS,
TABLE CLOTHS,
NAPKINS and TOWELINGS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
QUILTS and COUNTERPANES,
CLOTHS and CASSIMERES,
DRESS GOODS,
LACE CURTAINS,
Black and Colored SILKS.
A full assortment of
GOODS FOR MOURNING,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

GREAT BREAK
IN THE MARKET.
PANIC!
PANIC!
PANIC!
MERCHANTS WITH LARGE STOCKS
GROWING NERVOUS!
MERCHANTS WITH SMALL STOCKS JUBILANT!
CLEAR THE TRACK
FOR CASH GOODS
AT CASH PRICES!
DRY GOODS ARE ONCE MORE CHEAP!
LET THE PEOPLE REJOICE!
AND LET EVERY MERCHANT DO
WHAT IS IN HIS POWER
TO KEEP THEM SO.

It is with great pleasure we announce that the closing days of last week witnessed another tremendous panic in all classes of dry goods, especially in prints, muslins, flannels and domestics generally. We shall offer TODAY a handsome line of genuine Merrimack prints at the low figure of 25c. a yd. We have also bought largely of Canton flannels, woolen flannels, cloths, cassimeres, dress goods, blankets, alpacas, &c., which we intend offering to our customers almost as low as we bought them ourselves. With no old stock on hand, bought at high prices to cripple us, we admit we are interested in adding our mite toward "breaking" the market thoroughly, and to that end intend for the present to sell goods nearly at cost. FOSTER BROTHERS,
No. 272 Bleecker-st., cor. Commerce.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY
STOREKEEPERS,
WHOLESALE,
AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

We cut Millinery Goods cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces. Call.

Mark the address, Nos. 311 and 313½ Grand and 66 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

Entrance to the Wholesale Department, No. 66 Allen-st.

Second floor—Straw and Felt Goods.
Third floor—Ribbons, Millinery and Silk Goods.
Fourth floor—Case Goods only.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS, SHAWLS.

We shall offer on MONDAY, Nov. 13, at decided bargains, three invoices of Paris and Vienna Long and Square Broche, Cashmere and French Camel's Hair Shawls, Pale Border Paisley Long and Square Shawls, Open Centre Black and Scarlet Grogne Shawls, Berlin and Scotch Wool Shawls, all of which are of the latest styles, having been withdrawn from the Custom-house within the past few days.

Ladies will be sure to find our present assortment unrivaled by any other house in the city.

W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

DRY GOODS

R. H. MACY.

CLEARING SALE OF

LACES

AND EMBROIDERIES.

BLACK LACE VAILS REDUCED FROM $1 TO 37½c.
BLACK LACE VAILS REDUCED FROM $1 50 TO 50c.
BLACK LACE VAILS REDUCED FROM $2 TO 75c.
BLACK LACE VAILS REDUCED FROM $3 TO $1.
BLACK LACE VAILS REDUCED FROM $5 TO $1 50.
BLACK AND WHITE LACE GOODS,
REAL LACE,
BARBES AND COIFFEURS,
REAL LACE EDGINGS,
EMBROIDERED COLLARS AND SETS,
POINT AND GUIPURE COLLARS,
INFANTS' EMBROIDERED DRESSES,
EMBROIDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
LADIES UNDERWEAR, &c.
CLOSING ALL OUR BLANKETS AT A GREAT REDUCTION.
CLEARING SALE OF
ZEPHYR SHAWLS,

CORSETS,

LACE CURTAINS
AND RIBBONS,
WILL CONTINUE THROUGH THIS WEEK.
R. H. MACY,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., near 14th-st.

AT GAYNOR'S.

New French Balmoral Ready-made
SKIRTS,
AS WORN IN PARIS THIS FALL.
New French Nainsook Elegantly Trimmed
SKIRTS,
As Worn in Paris this Fall.
New and Elegant
BALMORAL SKIRTINGS.
Also,
French Contille Hand-made
CORSETS,
for Ladies and Misses.
The Largest Assortment of
WERLEY'S CORSETS
in the United States.
A Magnificent Assortment of French Wove
CORSETS,
Embroidered in Colors.

Having just returned from Paris, we are now opening the most extensive and beautiful assortment of New and Fashionable Goods in the above ever offered in New-York. We respectfully invite our customers, and Ladies generally, to inspect our
STOCK,
whether they want to buy or not.
We will also sell on liberal terms to the
TRADE,
as having control of several large
MANUFACTORIES
in Europe, we can offer important advantages to Houses that buy first-class goods, and wish to buy them
AT MODERATE PRICES.
We have a full line of handsome SILK CORSETS, in all colors and all sizes.
GAYNOR, Importer and Manufacturer,
No. 765 BROADWAY.

FAMILY MOURNING.

AN IMMENSE STOCK, SURPASSING anything before offered, consisting in part of BOMBAZINES, FRENCH MERINOES, DELAINES, OTTOMANS, VELOURS, BRAZILLIAN CLOTH, EMPRESS, IMPERIAL and PARIMASEA CLOTH, CUBAN AND QUEENS CLOTHS, PARISIENNA and MALTISE CLOTHS, BLACK SILKS, some splendid bargains, ENGLISH CRAPES, VEILS, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, SHAWLS, CLOAKS and BONNETS, unusually cheap.

N. B.—Dresses and other garments made to order and made over in the best possible manner on short notice. Call before purchasing elsewhere at
JACKSON'S MOURNING-STORE,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts., Opposite Tiffany & Co's.

ENGLISH BOMBAZINES.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
BEAUTIFUL GOODS. SAMPLE LOTS.
Manufactured exclusively for this house.
25 PIECES VERY FINE, $1 50, worth $2.
25 PIECES MUCH FINER, $2, worth $2 75.
25 PIECES SUPERFINE, $2 50, worth $3 50.
25 PIECES SUBLIME, $3, worth $4.
W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

MOURNING BONNETS.

The MOST SPLENDID DISPLAY, far surpassing anything before offered; retail price 25 per cent. below the average.

(Observe) W. JACKSON, IMPORTER OF MOURNING GOODS, No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

MOURNING GOODS.
GREAT BARGAINS
FROM AUCTION.
6-4 BLACK DELAINES, very fine, $1 25 per yard, worth $1 75.
BLACK ALPACAS, very fine, 38. per yard worth 58.
BLACK ALPACAS, very fine, 58. per yard, worth $1.
BLACK ALPACAS, very fine, $1 per yard, worth $1 50.
6-4 CRAPE ARMOURS, very fine, $1 per yard, worth $1 50.
6-4 EUGENIES and ENGLISH POPLINS, 58. per yard, worth $1.
SPLENDID BALMORAL SKIRTING, 75c. per yard, worth $1 25.
6-4 WINSEYS, EXTRA QUALITY, $1 25 per yard, worth $1 75.
At W. JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.,
Opposite Tiffany & Co.'s.

M. GREGG

Would call the attention of the ladies of New-York and vicinity to her
ELEGANT ASSORTMENT
OF FRENCH CLOAKS FOR WINTER WEAR OF LATEST IMPORTATION,
AND SELECTED WITH GREATEST CARE BY HERSELF.
OPERA AND CARRIAGE CLOAKS IN GREAT VARIETY.
NO. 19 8TH-AV.

KID GLOVES REDUCED
TO ONE DOLLAR.
Beautiful colors and quality,
AT ELGER'S.

DOG SKIN AND CALF GLOVES,
In black and colors for ladies and misses,
AT ELGER'S.

SCARLET AND WHITE CLOTH GLOVES
For ladies and misses,
AT ELGER'S.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF GLOVES
In the city
AT ELGER'S.

WATERFALL BREAKFAST CAPS,
New styles,
AT ELGER'S.

WHALEBONE CORSETS REDUCED
To $1 25
AT ELGER'S.

RIBBON VELVETS, ALL COLORS,
New style dress trimmings, worsted ball fringe all colors, goat hair fringes and tassels,
AT ELGER'S.

WIDE BLACK LACE FOR VAILS
AT ELGER'S.

BELT BUCKLES FROM 50c.,
100 different styles,
AT ELGER'S.

EMPRESS
KID GLOVES, $1,
AT ELGER'S.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FANCY HOISERY
AT ELGER'S.

W. J. ELGER,
Importer of Hosiery and Fancy Goods,
Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
(Late with George Brodie)
will open THIS DAY a large and fashionable assortment of
WINTER CLOAKS,
at prices 20 per cent. below those of any other establishment in the city.
No. 898 Broadway, between 19th and 20th sts.

CHARLOTTE G. SMITH
HAS THE MOST ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF FRENCH CLOAKS
IN AMERICA.
For style and richness, they defy competition.
No. 1,142 Broadway, one door above 26th-st.
New-York City.

BEADS BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

DRY GOODS.

SHIRTS,
COLLARS,
HOSIERY
GLOVES,
CROQUET
STOCKINGS,
UNRIVALED,
AT
UNION ADAMS',
637 BROADWAY.

FRENCH MERINOS FROM AUCTION,
At $1,
$1 15,
$1 25,
$1 30,
$1 37½
and $1 50 per yard.

PARIS EMPRESS CLOTHS FROM AUCTION,
At 80c.,
90c.,
$1,
$1 10,
$1 25
to $1 50 per yard.

BLACK ALPACAS AND POPLINS FROM AUCTION,
At 40c.,
45c.,
55c.,
60c.,
to 75c. per yard.
W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
Reduced from 20 to 35 per cent.
LINEN DAMASKS, Sheetings, Napkins, Quilts, Counterpanes, Piano and Table Covers, Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Towels, &c.
W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.

We invite the special attention
OF THE LADIES
to our very attractive stock of
FASHIONABLE CLOAKS, BASQUES, BASQUINES,
AND SACQUES,
manufactured in our own workrooms, in the very best manner, and of the most choice materials.

Our facilities are such that we have no hesitation in saying OUR PRICES this year are as much lower than any of the stores exclusively devoted to the sale of cloaks.

W. K. PEYTON,
Nos. 272 and 274 BOWERY.

FROM AUCTION.
SAXONY PLAID POPLINS at 25c.; sold last month at 50c.

PLAID AND STRIPED WINCEYS at 2s. 6d. and 3s.; former price 60c.

BLACK AND WHITE CHECK POPLINS at 40c.; do. do. 62½c.

PLAID AND STRIPED ALPACA POPLINS, at 3s., 3s. 6d. and 4s.; sold earlier from 4s. to 6s.

SILK AND WOOL POPLINS, new styles, at 60c.; former price $1.

PLAID AND STRIPED VELOUR POPLINS at 6s.; worth $1 25.

PARIS POPLINS, all wool, at 65c., 70c. and 75c.; former price $1 to $1 50.

TARTAN PLAID POPLINS at 55c. to 75c.; former price 7s. to 10s.

Ladies will please notice the prices of some of the above dress goods are lower than common prints, and are much more desirable for neat, genteel dresses.

W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

BLANKETS, BLANKETS,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
BLANKETS AT $5, $6 50, $6, $6 25 and $7.
ALL WOOL WHITNEY BLANKETS AT $8, $ 50, and $9.
W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS, BOMBAZINES, Crapes, Thibets, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Biarritz Cloth, Tamise, Poplins, and other choice Mourning Dress Goods, just received, at low prices, at
W. K. PEYTON'S, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

SILKS, SILKS, SILKS,
FROM AUCTION.
We have just purchased a large lot
OF
PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS,
at about the gold cost to import, and shall offer this week the best value in Silks we have had for the season.

HEAVY PLAID STRIPED AND CHECKED SILKS,
BRILLIANT LUSTRE GOODS, at
$1, $1 25, $1 50 per yard.

PLAIN SILKS, ALL COLORS, at $1 00, $1 75, $2 and $2 25.

EXTRA WIDE AND HEAVY PLAIN SILKS at $2 25, $2 50 and upwards.

BLACK GRO GRAIN AND GRO DE PARIS SILKS at $1 75 to $3.

PLAIN BLACK SILKS at $1 25 and $1 50.

BRIGHT LUSTRE PARIS TAFFETAS, at $1 75 to $3 25.
Also,
A splendid stock of Evening Silks, very cheap.
W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

CARPETING, FLOOR OIL-CLOTHS, &c.
SMITH & LOUNSBERRY,
No. 486 BROADWAY, near Grand-st., have now on hand a full assortment of ENGLISH VELVET, TAPESTRY and BRUSSELS CARPETING; also, THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETS, DRUGGETS, and all other articles pertaining to the Carpet trade, which they are selling at IMPORTED and MANUFACTURERS' PRICES for CASH.

FURS—A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF FRESH FURS, and sold at small profit. Furs cleaned, repaired and altered in the best style, at PHILLIPS' old stand, No. 236 Bleecker-st.

MILLINERY.

A LARGE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT of FALL and WINTER PARIS MILLINERY, of the latest styles and shapes. Also, Jockey and Riding Hats in great variety, now ready at
MR. SIMMONS', No 637 Broadway.

AUCTION SALES.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE.
THIRTY
VALUABLE LOTS,
belonging to the "Wescott Estate," South Bergen, N. J., at auction.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer, will sell, by order of Executors of Samuel Wescott, deceased,

THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) Nov. 15, at 2 o'clock P. M., At the house known as "Our Cottage," adjoining the Jersey City and Bergen Horse Railroad Depot, South Bergen, thirty choice lots, situated on Hudson-av., Clifton-place, Orchard-st., Water-av. and Mill-road, on the brow of Bergen Heights. Title perfect. Terms of sale—one-third cash; the balance on bond and mortgage for three years, at seven per cent. For full particulars apply to the auctioneer, No. 69 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

HENRY F. COX, }
JACOB WEART, } Executors.

GOVERNMENT SALE.
EXTENSIVE SALE OF BLANKETS.
Will be sold at auction, at the Medical Purveyor's Warehouse, No. 18 Market street, Nashville, Tenn., on TUESDAY, Nov. 21, at 9 o'clock A. M.—
47,000 blankets,
6,000 iron bedsteads,
2,000 shuck mattresses.
The blankets are nearly all in original bales.
Catalogues may be had on application to
ROBERT FLETCHER,
Surgeon and Brevet Colonel, U. S. Vol.,
Medical Purveyor, U. S. A.

SALE OF NAVY POWDERS.
BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 6, 1865.

Will be sold at public auction under the direction of Capt. Wm. Rogers Taylor, U. S. N., at the Ordnance-yard, Washington, D. C., on MONDAY, Nov. 20, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, a lot of 1,000 barrels of navy cannon and musket powders.

Samples of these powders can be seen, until the day of sale, at the Ordnance Office, with the description and quantity of each kind attached.

The powders must be removed by the purchasers within five days from the day of sale.

Terms cash in government funds.

H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

SALE OF NAVY CANNON.
BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 10, 1865.

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon, there will be sold at public auction, at the Navy-yard, Philadelphia, Penn., one hundred and ninety-five (195) old cannon.

These guns are to be sold by the pound, and one-half the purchase money is to be paid at the completion of the sale, and the other half upon the removal of the guns by the purchaser, which removal must take place within ten days after the sale, and at the expense of the purchaser. H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE OF THE LATE FRANCIS R. TILLOU AND OTHERS.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sale-room, No. 111 Broadway, valuable real estate on 4th-av., East Broadway, 5th-av., Ave. A, 50th-st., 57th-ss., 62d-st., 63d-st., 108th-st., 109th-st., 111th-st., maps of which may be obtained at the auction-room, No. 77 Cedar-st. Also, on THURSDAY, Nov. 16, at the same place, eight lots and buildings on 2d-av. and 53d and 54th sts., used for a molding mill. Also, a lot on east side of Bleecker-st., between Charles and Perry sts., 24 feet by 82.

AUCTION SALES.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF GOVERNMENT RAILROAD PROPERTY.

MILITARY DIVISION OF THE TENNESSEE,
CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. MIL. R. R.,
NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 31, 1865.

Will be sold, at public auction on Nov. 20, 1865, at the foot of Poplar-st., St. Louis, Mo.,
TWO FLAT CARS, 5½ FEET GAUGE.
On Nov. 25, 1865, at the yard of the Jeffersonville Railroad Company, Jeffersonville, Ind.,
NINE FLAT CARS, GAUGE, 4 FEET 8½ INCHES.
On Nov. 27, 1865, at Louisville, Ky.:
211 car wheels,
117 old axles,
1 smoke-stack,
1 pair drivers,
1 parallel rod,
4 hand cars,
80,000 pounds of scrap iron,
23 pairs wheels and axles,
1 tender,
1 engine truck,
4

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 15, 1865.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM—Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway—MAMMOTH FAT WOMEN, NOVA SCOTIA GIANT GIRL, THE CIRCASSIAN FAMILY, W. B. HARRISON, THE COMIC EXTEMPORANEOUS SINGER. Afternoon at 3, and Evening at 7½—DON CESAR DE BAZAN.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—FRA DIAVOLO.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—ARRAH-NA-POGUE.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—THE OCTOROON—OUR NEIGHBORS—HARRY BLAKE.

WALLACK'S—A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SAM.

WINTER GARDEN—FLIES IN THE WEB—HIS LAST LEGS.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE—THE LITTLE BAREFOOT—LES DEUX FUGITIFS—JACK ROBINSON AND HIS MONKEY

OLYMPIC THEATRE—SLEEPING BEAUTY IN THE WOODS.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—ETHIOPIAN SONGS, DANCES, &c.—THE MANAGER'S TRIUMPH.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS—THE LATEST FROM PARIS—LES MISERABLES—POMPEY'S BLUNDERS—OUR AFRICAN POLKA.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE—No. 201 Bowery—SONGS, DANCES, &c.—THE MAGIC FLUTE.

AMERICAN THEATRE—No. 444 BROADWAY—THE LORD AND CORBLER—THE ROSE OF GLENMARY.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

STEREOSCOPTICON SCHOOL OF ART—Corner of Grand and Crosby streets—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

ARTISTS' FUND SOCIETY EXHIBITION—At National Academy of Design, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS AND STATUARY.

FINE ART GALLERY, No. 625 Broadway—THE REPUBLICAN COURT; OR, LADY WASHINGTON'S RECEPTION DAY.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

GENERAL NEWS.

A dispatch to the Philadelphia *Ledger*, dated Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 10, states that the returns for Governor appear to be closer than was anticipated, and it is now thought that ROBERT M. PATTON has been chosen over Col. BULGER. PATTON is a Douglas Democrat, and has served as member of the State Legislature for over twenty years. In the Second Congressional District, GEORGE C. FREEMAN, a Major in the rebel army, is reported elected, and Gen. BATTLE in the Third District. The latter had three opponents—a clergyman named HAMILL, Capt. LIGON, and GEO. F. REESE. Owing to the want of proper facilities, reliable returns cannot be obtained as rapidly as could be wished.

The Board of Common Council of Washington City, have passed a resolution, nearly unanimously, that in the event any bill be introduced in Congress for the admission of the colored men to the right of suffrage, the Mayor be authorized and directed to call the councils together for the purpose of taking into consideration measures for holding a special election to ascertain the sentiments of the people on the subject. The Aldermen have not yet acted on the resolution.

A correspondent of the Albany *Evening Journal* calls attention to the fact that by the published returns it appears that in forty-three counties the Union majorities were 59,649, the largest in a single county being 5,500 in St. Lawrence, while the Democratic majorities in seventeen counties were 32,009, of which 23,100 was given in the City of New-York alone, or barely 8,000 in other portions of the State, so that outside of the City of New-York the Union majority was 51,649!

WIRZ, before his execution, informed the government where his official books and papers could be obtained. These documents have been sent for, and it is believed that the evidence found in them will determine whether another court shall be organized for the trial of young WINDER and DUNCAN, now confined in the Old Capitol, and others holding higher positions in the rebel service who were implicated in the Andersonville barbarities.

In reply to the statement that SAM. COOPER, late Adjutant-General of the rebel armies, had disappeared since the surrender, the Petersburgh *Express* states that he is at the residence of MARK ALEXANDER, Esq., in Mecklenburgh County, Va., where he has been ever since the surrender of Gen. LEE. His family have recently gone to Maryland. The General is in good health and enjoys that repose which he has not known for several years.

The Associated Press agents assure us that no information could be got yesterday at the War Department concerning the alleged trouble on the Maine border. Possibly connected with this is the fact that orders have just been received at the Portsmouth Navy-yard to fit out for sea as soon as possible an iron-clad and three or four other steamers now there. It may be further mentioned that yesterday troops were sent from Albany toward the frontier.

It is stated on the authority of Paymaster-Gen. PRICE that since the commencement of the war the Pay Department has paid out the enormous sum of *one thousand and twenty millions* of dollars. With all expenses of paying the disbursing officers, with all defalcations and losses of every kind, it has only cost to pay out this amount three quarters of one per cent.—$6,650,000 07.

Major-Gen. AUGUR has issued an order directing that hereafter no colored men shall be whipped under any law of Virginia, within the limits of his department. The Provost Judge at Alexandria is directed to notify the proper civil authorities to this effect, and if necessary he will call upon the post commander to prevent the infliction of any such punishment.

As far as can be ascertained, the Legislature of Iowa, which convenes on the second Monday of next January, will stand as follows: Senate—Republicans, 43; Democrats, 5. House—Republicans, 88; Democrats, 15. Giving a Republican majority of 106 on joint ballot. The first political measure, doubtless, will be the ratification of the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery forever in the United States.

Some time ago a few malcontents at Tullahoma, Tenn., took the liberty of destroying a schoolhouse for freedmen near that place. Gen. THOMAS thereupon politely requested the gentlemen to rebuild the house. They very decidedly refused. Gen. THOMAS sent a few United States soldiers, with orders to see that the rebuilding was properly done by the offending parties—and it was done.

The returns from the election for members of Congress, which took place in Arkansas on the 7th, are meagre, but it looks as if Judge BYERS had been elected in the First (or Helena) District; LORENZO GIBSON in the Second (or Little Rock) District; and Col. J. M. JOHNSON in the Third (or Fort Smith) District.

Details of the fatal accident to W. P. JOHNSON, brother to the President, show that he was accidentally shot while removing a gun from a small boat in which he crossed the Brazos River, on the 24th of October. The ball shattered his arm, and amputation being deferred too long, he died after lingering three or four weeks. He leaves a wife and three children.

A statement of the Southern State (legal) debts prior to the war, places them at one hundred and fifty millions. The most of these bonds are held in Europe, and the prospect of payment, even of the interest, is small indeed. Of these bonds, $20,000,000 belong to Mississippi, $9,000,000 to North Carolina, $5,500,000 to Louisiana, and $56,000,000 to Virginia.

A slim assemblage considered the claims of the Asbmun (Penn.) Institute to $100,000, last night, at the Cooper Institute. Addresses were made by Messrs. DODGE, FRENCH and CRUMMER, and resolutions passed to the effect that the $100,000 shall be raised. The same resolution was passed at a similar meeting last year.

The Savannah *Republican* of Nov. 7 reports the sinking, while on her way to Augusta, of the steamer *Savannah* by collision with the *Mayflower*. The *Savannah* had on board a large and valuable cargo, estimated as worth $250,000, including a large lot of express matter. Part of the cargo was insured; the steamer was not.

Capt. REGINALD CHAUNCEY, who claims to be in the British service, was arrested in Ashland, Va., a few days ago, on a charge of being implicated with WM. CHASE BARNEY, and others, in an attempt to defraud the government, by means of fraudulent bonds. Capt. CHAUNCEY was brought to this city yesterday.

WASHINGTON L. LANE, for some years managing editor of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, died yesterday morning. He had been for more than a quarter of a century connected with his paper, and was widely known as one of the most efficient gentlemen in his profession.

An inspection on Monday, at Cairo, Ill., of ten companies of the Eighth and Fifteenth Regiments of the Veteran Reserves, comprising the garrison, revealed the fact that all the privates, except three, wish to be mustered out, while all the officers, except one, desire to remain in the service.

The President assures the friends of the Louisiana freedmen that he has no intention of leaving those unfortunates to the tender mercies of "Copperhead civil authorities and galvanized rebels." The military power will not be withdrawn until the safe time comes.

Secretary STANTON has changed the name of Fort Richmond, on Staten Island, at the Narrows, to Fort Wadsworth, in honor of the gallant hero who fell at the head of his troops in the battle of the Wilderness.

Gen. LOGAN was yesterday appointed Minister to Mexico (the Juarez Government of course) with Col. BROWNING, for some time the President's Private Secretary, as Secretary of Legation.

The village of West Buxton, Me., was severely afflicted with fire yesterday morning. Wooden mills, grist mills, Post-office, stores, dwellings, with the bridge over Saco river, were destroyed.

Gov. MORTON, of Indiana, names the 7th of December as the day for thanksgiving. This is the day set apart by the National Government, and will probably be adopted by all the States.

The Tunisian Embassy were busy on Monday in visiting "the lions" of Providence, such as the university, the atheneum, and sundry large cotton mills.

A fire broke out in West Buxton, Me., on Monday morning, and destroyed HALL'S woolen mills, LORD'S saw mills and house, and BRYANT'S grocery-store. The loss will probably amount to $100,000.

It is announced that W. W. CLAPP, Jr., has sold the Boston *Saturday Evening Gazette* to Messrs. WORTHINGTON, BREWSTER & GOODSELL, of the *Evening Traveller*.

GEO. A. MAGRUDER, who was, in 1860, chief of the Bureau of Naval Ordnance, is an applicant for pardon. It was in his rooms that much of the secession conspiracy was concocted.

The story that the Treasury Department has ordered the withdrawal and stopped the issue of gold notes, is authoritatively contradicted.

The Canadian Government is going to try to establish commercial intercourse with the West Indies and the South American States.

Latest advices from Toronto say that the government is taking all necessary precautions to resist any Fenian movement.

A desperate affray occurred in Avondale, near Cincinnati, on Sunday, in which a woman was killed and one man seriously injured.

Judge TRIGG, at Nashville, on Monday, refused to grant a writ of *habeas corpus* in the case of DICK MCCANN.

Bishops WILMER and GREENE have gone to Augusta, Ga., to attend a general convention of the Bishops of the Southern dioceses.

In Oneida County, the returns are all in excepting those for the town of Lee. BARLOW'S majority is 1,816, while CAMPBELL has 2,082.

The Norwich *Bulletin* says the HARRIS divorce case is to be carried up on appeal to the Supreme Court of Errors.

LOCAL NEWS.

Yesterday was a fine specimen of the true Indian Summer, that unnaturally warm, dreamy season, when all living creatures are overcome with drowsy langour, and the human family seem for the moment to be lotus eaters, as described by the poet laureate. On the north bank of the St. Lawrence, there is, (or was yesterday,) nearly a foot of snow, and the keen air was musical with sleigh bells; in New-York overcoats were a burden, the sun was uncomfortably hot, and the still, misty air was almost stifling in its deadness. Croakers, whom no deprivation of oxygen can strangulate, delighted themselves by informing everybody who would listen, that it was splendid weather for cholera; *bon vivants*, who "live while they live," found it splendid weather for horsebacking in the Park, et cetera; the *ton* of the softer sex were a little miffed because muffs and tippets, all bran new, were uncomfortable, not to say absurd, in such a warm air; the rough world at large, prone to be easily satisfied, thought it a jolly nice day; and the too oft forgotten poor blessed a kind Providence for the temporary postponement of the terrors of Winter. Prognosticating is risky business, but we venture to say, from the ordinary course of similar seasons, that we have reason to count upon a week or two of fine, soft weather.

Gen. GRANT, with his family and personal staff, arrived at the Metropolitan Hotel late on Monday night, intending to remain for a few days. During yesterday the distinguished party drove about the city, and the Lieutenant-General made several visits to personal friends, dining with one in Brooklyn. To-day he goes to Ravenswood, near Astoria, L. I., to visit C. H. ROGERS, Esq., and during the afternoon will make the tour of Central Park, closing the day's enjoyment with a visit to the Academy of Music to hear "Fra Diavolo." He will certainly make a visit to the Union League Club Rooms to-night, and receive the hospitalities of the members. A meeting of a number of our leading citizens was held last evening, at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, to perfect arrangements for a grand reception to the General and family. The affair will no doubt come off on Friday evening, at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, and promises to be one of the most brilliant *fêtes* yet given in New-York.

A trial of interest and importance to stock dealers, and especially to those in the petroleum business, was commenced yesterday in the Superior Court, Part I., before Justice GARVIN and a jury. The names of the parties to the suit are CHARLES H. CARR and others *vs.* HENRY R. KENDALL and others. The action is brought to recover the sum of $9,000 in money, and also for the purpose of testing the validity of brokers' contracts and of restraining the defendants from demanding or causing to be demanded of or from the plaintiffs, certain shares of stock in the Napoleon Oil Company. The trial, which has just been commenced, will be continued for several days.

A trial of much interest to horsemen and livery-stable men was tried yesterday in the Supreme Court Circuit, before Justice PECKHAM and a jury. The plaintiff brought the action to recover the value of two horses, which were alleged to have been lost by reason of the plaintiff's overdriving them on a hot day. The defence was that the animals were not in a good condition when he received them from the livery-stable, owing to the fact that they had been overdriven the previous day. The jury took this view of the case and rendered a verdict for the defendant.

At a meeting of the Board of Supervisors, yesterday, a communication was received from the Chairman of the Board of Education, stating that $2,454,327 54 will be required for educational purposes during 1866. A resolution was adopted approving the estimates of the Fire Department, $750,000, for the ensuing year. Bills of District-Attorney HALL, amounting to $18,210 61, were ordered to be paid. The board adjourned to Thursday next, at 2 P. M. The board afterward sat as a Board of County Canvassers, and canvassed the returns from the First Ward.

For the past two days workmen have been busily employed in disinterring the dead lying in the cemetery corner of Chrystie and Houston streets, preparatory to their removal to Cypress Hill Cemetery. The property belonged to the "Old Brick Church" congregation, but no reason has been assigned for the removal of these remains. Some very singular scenes were enacted at the cemetery, as numerous surviving friends of those buried in the vaults wished to learn the cause of thus disturbing the dead.

The trial of the case of the People of the State of New-York on the relation of J. SANCHANTIN et al. *vs.* PIERRE DE COSTA et al., was commenced yesterday in the Supreme Court Circuit, Part 2, before Mr. Justice E. DARWIN SMITH and a jury. The action is in the nature of a writ of "*quo warranto*," and is a controversy between two sections of the French Protestant Church situated in Twenty-second-street. The questions of law and fact involved are highly important. The trial will, doubtless, continue during the week.

Yesterday afternoon Dr. TYNG'S Church, St. George's, located at the corner of Rutherford-place and Sixteenth-street, was destroyed by fire, caused, as is believed, by a furnace used by some tin-roofers who had been at work on the edifice. Nothing but the walls and towers of the church are left standing. The edifice and the ground on which it stood cost over $250,000. There is an insurance of $70,000 on the church and furniture.

The libel suit between MAX MARETZEK, plaintiff, and the editors and proprietors of the *Sunday Mercury*, defendants, which has been for some time pending in the Superior Court, was postponed yesterday to the December Term. The reason assigned for the postponement of the trial was that the presiding Justice, MONCRIEF, has been heretofore counsel for one of the parties.

At the opening of the Supreme Court General Term, yesterday, Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN moved that Col. M. T. MCMAHON be admitted as an attorn y and counselor in all the courts of this State. The court granted the motion, and directed the clerk to enter the proceedings on the minutes.

A verdict of $600 was rendered yesterday in the Superior Court, in the case of CHAS. A. TRASSLER *vs.* FRANCIS EHRHALT. The action was for assault and battery.

Mr. JAMES E. HEWES, an old and respected citizen of Williamsburgh, committed suicide on Monday night by shooting himself through the heart.

At the Live Stock Markets this week the supply of animals has been ample, the demand for all kinds except milch cows and veals being fully satisfied. The supply of beef cattle has been very uneven as regards quality; but the general average is much better than last week. The best lots came from Ohio and Kentucky, as has usually been the case this season. Prices for the same grades have been ¼c.@½c. ℔ lb. higher than at last quotations. The best qualities were in most active request, owing to the poor quality of the supply one week ago; 20c. ℔ lb. net were the highest figures reported by brokers, and this only for one lot. Another lot want at over 18c. ℔ lb.; some sold as low as 8½c. ℔ lb. Milch Cows and Veals being scarce, have been sold on active demand at advanced rates. Sheep and Lambs, though abundant, remained firm at last week's prices, or a trifle higher. Live Hogs have arrived in large numbers and are selling at a reduction of ½c. ℔ lb.

Gold 147¼ yesterday. Exchange on London, 108¾. Money in fair supply to the Stock Brokers at 7 and to the Discount Brokers at 7@9 per cent. Government Stocks somewhat steadier. The Railway speculation rather buoyant.

A limited business was transacted in Flour yesterday at drooping prices. Wheat, Corn and Pork were in good request at advanced figures. Cotton and Whisky were in less demand at declining rates. The changes in other articles were unimportant. Heavier freight engagements were reported.

Southern Readmission Into Congress—The Qualifications Required.

It is assumed by many that the oath disclaiming all participation in the rebellion is the only obstacle to the admission into Congress of the gentlemen elected by the South. A great many words are spent upon the question whether that oath is constitutional, and whether the Clerk of the House is bound to regard it in making out his roll of members by whom the House shall be organized. Too great consequence is attached to this matter. Even were the oath utterly invalid; had it, in fact, no existence on the statute-book, it would not follow that Southern representatives would be at once entitled to their seats. It will be entirely discretionary with the House whether to admit even the elected representatives who are prepared to take the oath.

The primary question is not whether the oath must be imposed or not, but whether the full time has come for the complete restoration of the late rebellious States to their old relations in the Union. The admission of Senators and Representatives from these States into the national Congress, is the final act, the ultimate consummation, of the work of reconstruction. It will be a restoration to *every* constitutional power and privilege. All the operative power any State has or can have in the federal system, is through its representation in Congress. New-York has nothing more to-day than that. All its constitutional force, as a State, so far as its federal relations are concerned, is embodied in its two Senators and its thirty-three Representatives. It has no power, *as a State*, in any but the legislative department of the government. The Executive and the judiciary are in no measure *State* exponents. Therefore, when the Southern States become again represented in Congress, they resume all their constitutional relations completely. Georgia becomes again just as competent and just as inviolable within its State sphere, as New-York; South Carolina as Massachusetts.

All the late insurrectionary States are still under a military government. The Provisional Governors who are at their head were appointed by the National Executive by virtue of his war powers. By virtue of these same powers they are still retained at their posts, even in those States in which the people have elected new Governors. The principle of the government is, that the suspension of constitutional rights and immunities incurred by the people of those States through their rebellious action, must continue until loyalty is reëstablished and made secure by appropriate guarantees. All the facilities which the government have rendered to these States for their early resumption of constitutional rights, have been only of a tentative character. They have bound the government to nothing. It still rests absolutely with the government to determine in its own high discretion, whether the late insurrectionary States have done all that can reasonably be required of them by true loyalty and a regard for the future tranquillity of the country. Until that decision is reached and acted upon, the insurrectionary States must remain as they are, under military law, tempered by Executive generosity.

All the high talk, then, of some of the Southern gentlemen elected to Congress, touching the unconstitutionality of the Test Oath, is at present superfluous. It does not lie in the mouths of these men to declaim about their constitutional, personal and representative rights, *until* their States are restored to their constitutional relations. At present, they have no standing in court. They have no ground on which to base a constitutional claim. For aught that has yet occurred, the Senate of the United States will be no more *bound* in December by constitutional requirement to admit Mr. MANNING, the Senator elect of South Carolina, than it would have been two years ago had he been chosen by the South Carolina Legislature. When the bar set by the war is removed, and South Carolina comes back to her regular civil sphere, then this honorable gentleman will be in a position to have his credentials passed upon, and to take or refuse the oath of office that may be put to him.

We have said that the full admission of the Southern members elect to their seats will consummate the work of reconstruction; but it does not follow that the President is to cease before that, to have any part in the business. Unquestionably there will be a perfect mutual understanding and hearty concurrence of action between the President and Congress, so that the military government of the States will be removed as soon as their representative functions are revived. The question as to the time when these acts can safely and properly be done, will be settled, we may safely assert, to the perfect satisfaction of each department of the government. Congress will defer greatly to the superior information of the President respecting the actual condition and disposition of the South. The President will defer greatly to Congress as the exponent of the sentiments of the great loyal North, through which alone the country has been saved. The conclusion will be reached in the best spirit and for the best ends.

It is of prime consequence to the Southern States that they should better appreciate the real state of their case, and not assume that, having repealed the secession ordinances, and adopted the emancipation proclamation, they have now but to knock at the gates of the National Capitol to be readmitted. The South cannot too distinctly understand that it cannot gain the full fruits of peace until it has legally accepted all the legitimate results of the war, and attested it by appropriate legislative action. Some of its Legislatures are already in session; others are soon to meet. These bodies should make haste to supply all that has been left undone by the State Conventions in satisfying the just requirements of the government. The interests of all parts of the country urge that the normal operation of the constitution should be restored everywhere, just so soon as it can be done consistently with the national security and honor. Whether this is to be at an early day will depend upon the disposition of the South to carry out to the full the loyal and wise action it has commenced. Let it look well to this practical duty, and not waste so many words about its rights. In its case duties come first in order. The rights will follow soon enough when these are fulfilled.

The President's Supporters.

We assure the *World* that we have not the slightest wish to "badger" it. We accept fully and freely all it says and sustains by quotations from its files, in favor of ratifying the Constitutional Amendment;—and we also accept, we trust, with becoming meekness, its sarcasms and rebukes founded on *our* supposed "truckling to power." But we beg to inform the *World* that all these sentiments which it quotes now, were uttered before the election, —when *it and its party* were "truckling" *for* power:—and what we want to make sure of is that the *World* and its party friends hold *now* to the opinions they professed to hold before they were defeated.

And we beg to add that we do not press this matter in any spirit of mere taunt. While there is some room, perhaps, and certainly some temptation, for that sort of treatment, we waive it all. We are anxious, for the sake of the country, that the South should understand that the President's policy has the support of *all parties* in the Northern States, and that it can hope for no support—no political backing—from the North, if it refuse compliance with the just terms which the President has prescribed. It is important for the speedy restoration of the Union, for the early renewal of the prosperity of the Southern States, for the avoidance of mischievous agitation, and for the peace and order of the whole country, that this fact should be understood, and that the Southern Legislatures should not rest under any illusions upon this subject. The *World* can do far more to make them understand this, than we can, because it represents the political party to which the South would look for help and support, if it should reject the requirements embodied in the President's policy. And we do not quite see in what respect we are guilty of "licentious impertinence" for asking the *World's* aid in this matter, even if it did "*long ago* give the South this advice." That fact affords no reason why it should not give it again.

The way the *World* seems inclined to give it now is after this style:

"*If slavery is never to be revived in fact*, the possibility of its revival may as well be precluded by law. *If the Southern debt is never to be paid*, there can be no great sacrifice in its formal repudiation. *If States are never again to secede*, they lose nothing by saying that ordinances of secession are void. *If negroes are to enjoy the protection of the laws*, there can be no serious objection to their testifying as witnesses. In our judgment, the South would be foolish to sacrifice solid advantages to these *useless punctilios*."

This is rather too Jack Bunsby-ish a style of exhortation to have any special effect with those at whom it is leveled. "If so, so; if not, why not!" Is this, in the *World's* opinion, the most vigorous and effective mode of sustaining President JOHNSON'S reconstruction policy? Is this the kind of support, on the strength of which it so recently claimed for its party the high merit of being the only party on whose unswerving devotion the President could rely? We say nothing of its hypothetical declarations of opposition to the President, nor of the hints thrown out that he is beginning or is likely to "change." We are confident that no such excuse has yet been or will be given for any failure to give him the cordial support which the so-called Democratic party of this State has promised he shall receive at their hands.

THE MEXICAN REPUBLICANS.—The prospects of the Mexican Republicans were never, at any time, so dismal as at this moment. Without an organized army or an exchequer, or a fixed capital, they have little capacity for effective operations. The military and naval power of the French invader has proved altogether too much for them; and though the people can hardly be said to have entirely succumbed, they assuredly now feel that they have little prospect of success. The official term of JUAREZ, too, as President, will soon expire; and the maintenance and respectability of the Mexican cause is so largely owing to his ability, integrity, courage and persistency, that his loss as its chief must be felt to be irreparable. The Mexican Constitution provides for a successor without the form of a popular election, under circumstances such as now exist; but the Chief Justice will assume presidential power under circumstances so adverse as almost to preclude the hope of his long sustaining the forms of a government.

We have no belief, however, in the permanency of MAXIMILIAN'S Empire. If the reports be true that are brought by the latest European mails, that NAPOLEON intends a speedy withdrawal of his troops from Mexico, then MAXIMILIAN occupies a precarious position. He could not long recruit his armies in Europe for service in a climate like that of Mexico; and when he comes to rely upon an army of native Mexican soldiers for the support of his imperial pretensions, he will soon find himself in a predicament more amusing to others than to himself.

THE TRIBUNE'S THIRST FOR KNOWLEDGE.—The *Tribune*, in remarking upon an article in our columns concerning the public and unauthorized use of private letters, says:

"These sentiments are in the main so just and so pertinently and forcibly expressed, that we will thank the editor of the TIMES to ascertain and state whether they are held also by the veteran journalist and politician who shares his domicile and his coffee, who largely figures in his columns as a letter-writer, and to whom the *soubriquet* of "the Great Recollector" has been, perhaps inaccurately, applied. It can hardly fail to enhance the public gratification at the appearance of such admirable sentiments as those above quoted in the TIMES, to learn that they have the deliberate approval of this eminent authority on the ethics of political and personal controversy."

Perhaps the editor of the *Tribune* will "ascertain and state" for himself, or "ascertain" without stating if he prefers it, from the "veteran journalist and politician" to whom he refers, the opinions concerning which he expresses so much anxiety. He does not need to be informed at this late day that the "veteran" in question is uniformly very prompt in responding to any questions which the editor of the *Tribune* may propound for his consideration,—nor that his responses are quite as full and explicit as the most fastidious could desire. And it can scarcely be necessary further to remind the editor of the *Tribune* that the veteran journalist in question, being of full age and not wholly unused to public life, is quite able and willing to assume the entire responsibility for whatever he may say or do.

So much for that. The *Tribune*, in the same article, adds:

"There is one related point whereon we hope, yet not confidently, to elicit, in the interest of political morality and public decency, a *further expression* from the TIMES—this, namely: To publish, for personal or party advantage, a private letter or conversation is bad enough; but it is far less objectionable than to hint at or suggest its existence, (*as with the* TIMES *in* 1860, *for example*,) putting on it such construction as subserves your purpose, but which is utterly disclaimed and repudiated by him *whose confidence you are thus betraying*. Where any use at all is to be made of another's private letter or remark, it is by far the honester rascality to put a bold face on the matter, and print fairly, squarely and fully, not picking out a portion and sending it to the antipodes for issue, but blurting it right out. If you have a mean thing to do, do not advertise your consciousness of its baseness, but walk right up to the chalk!"

The *Tribune's* language is elegant enough to be characteristic, but fails somewhat in explicitness. It expresses some opinions of its own but forgets to indicate the points on which it seeks a "further expression from the TIMES." If it will favor us with a clearer indication of its wishes on this point we will endeavor to satisfy its yearnings.

Meantime we will only say that in 1860 we stated, as a *fact* simply, that Mr. GREELEY'S hostility to Mr. SEWARD at Chicago was prompted by resentment at Mr. SEWARD'S not having recognized his services by appointment to office; and that this fact was known to Mr. SEWARD and was susceptible of proof. We made no mention of any letter nor did we betray any confidence. The *letter* was called out by the *Tribune's* response to an editorial in the *Courier & Enquirer*, with which we had nothing whatever to do either "at the antipodes" or elsewhere. And it is simple justice to add that, after brooding for six or eight years over the "mean thing" he had to do, it was only in consequence of *that* article that Mr. GREELEY finally "walked right up to the chalk" and called for the publication of the letter in question.

THE PURSUIT OF KNOWLEDGE.—The workings of our systems of finance, currency and taxation are now attracting great attention in Europe. There is inquiry from foreign official circles for our treasury reports and for all documents of a fiscal character; and writers upon finances and taxation are trying to explain to the public the open mystery of our method. We were so successful in raising vast sums, at a not exorbitant rate, during the war, and we are now so successful in raising a very large revenue, at a very moderate cost, and without crushing the industry or enterprise of the country, that it is at last discovered there is something among us worthy of being studied. The London *Times*, in discussing certain recent French and English schemes of finance and taxation, remarks:

"It will be interesting to see what the Americans are doing in this matter. If Mr. MCCULLOCH'S plans are actually put in execution, the government of Washington will have the credit of raising the largest revenue from a given population of all the governments in the world. The Americans can achieve it if they choose to do so, but if, besides providing a current revenue of £70,000,000, they extinguish a debt of £600,000,000 in half a century, they will be at the head of all the nations of the earth in financial resources and popular endurance."

These anxious inquirers in this pursuit after knowledge on this side of the ocean, will find very little that is absolutely novel in any of our financial measures or schemes of taxation. The main feature is their extraordinarily successful *mode of working* in this country. And that has been almost exclusively dependent upon the special character and training of the American people, and the operation of our popular institutions. The attempt to transfer the systems that have worked so well here, to European countries and populations, with their different character, training, ideas, feelings and institutions, would no more be likely to insure such success as ours, than the copying of our political forms by Mexico has secured that country equal political freedom and order with the United States.

OVERCROWDING OF PASSENGER SHIPS.—In view of the appearance of the cholera epidemic in Western Europe, it would be well for our Consuls to report promptly all cases of overcrowding at the principal emigration ports. A sailing ship arrived here yesterday with nearly five hundred persons on board. The passage from Hamburg to New-York occupied little more than thirty days, yet there were no fewer than twelve deaths. There is surely quite as much reason to put this craft in quarantine as the *Atalanta*. The disease on board in each case may not have borne exactly the same technical designation; but no one can doubt that in both cases the prime cause of the mortality was overcrowding.

MELANCHOLY AFFAIR.

Disappearance and Probable Death of Hon. Preston King.

Hon. PRESTON KING, Collector of the Port of New-York, whose nervous system has been seriously deranged for nearly three weeks, left his room at the Astor House on Monday morning at 7 o'clock, remarking that a walk before breakfast would do him good. All day Monday no word of his whereabouts reached his anxious friends, nor until 12 o'clock yesterday could any trace or clue be obtained. Messrs TERWILLIGER and USHER, of the Custom House, then heard that a person was drowned the day before from a Hoboken ferry-boat. Upon visiting the boat they ascertained that a man, answering closely the description of Mr. KING, came from a West-street car to the ferry-boat. Soon after the boat left the dock, two children going to school gave the alarm, they had seen a man jump overboard. The boat was stopped, but nothing could be seen. A hat left upon the deck was subsequently identified as belonging to Mr. KING. The ticket-master saw Mr. KING step from the car, noticing him particularly from his great weight. He describes his person and dress with such exact accuracy as to leave neither doubt, nor shadow of doubt, as to his identity. Mr. KING spoke to him, asked him how long before the boat would start, and what was the fare, and remarked that it was a fine morning.

Mr. KING was unable to stand the pressure of his official position. Every allegation of misconduct in subordinates disturbed him. The great number of meritorious and wounded officers and soldiers asking for situations, excited his sympathies. Two or three reported cases of fraud alarmed him to such a degree that two weeks ago his nerves gave way. It was suggested that he should go to Ogdensburgh for a week or fortnight in the hope that repose and home associations would tranquilise his mind. He did go, but finding no rest there, returned to the Astor House on Saturday. It was immediately evident that no favorable change had occurred. He said to the friends around him that he had broken down; was incapable of making any effort; that he had no judgment or memory, and no power to resist what he knew to be imaginary evils. In the meantime, his mental and physical health was unimpaired. On Sunday, in the morning, he acquiesced in a suggestion of attending church, but did not go. He requested that Mr. WEED should be sent for early in the morning, and passed most of the day in conversation with him and two or three other friends. He spoke freely of his mental aberration twenty-five years ago, and expressed a desire now to go to an asylum. Yet all he said proved that his mind was now unclouded and undisturbed. His nervous system, and that only, was affected. But it was quite clear that he must soon have relief. On Saturday afternoon and Sunday, he frequently spoke of resigning; and it was arranged that, after an examination by Dr. BROWN, of the Bloomingdale Asylum, on Monday, he would either resign then, or await, for a few days, the effect of medical treatment. He had been disinclined to consult a physician until informed that Dr. BROWN was at the head of an asylum. He remarked to Mr. WEED twice, on Sunday, that death, if it could be reached without crime, would be a relief.

He had intervals of tranquillity when his mind could be drawn away from the evils it created, to the fact that in all respects his circumstances and condition were such as bring contentment; that he had no cares, no sorrows, no causes of anxiety; and that his lot, compared with hundreds of thousands, was enviable. To all he assented, and for half an hour, cheerfulness returned to him. Finally, when Mr. WEED left him on Sunday evening, he seemed quite content to await the interview with Dr. BROWN, who came on Monday, but the patient had departed to return no more.

Mr. KING was educated at Union College, where he was a classmate of Bishop POTTER. He studied law at Ogdensburgh, but had small experience or interest in its practice. His mind, taste and habits took a political direction. In all things he was an honest, earnest man, acting always upon convictions. His political creed was as conscientiously a creed as that of a divine or an apostle.

Mr. KING came into public life as a member of Assembly in 1835, from St. Lawrence, and was re-elected in 1836, 1837 and 1838. He was elected to Congress in 1843, and reelected in 1845. In 1856, Mr. KING was elected to the Senate of the United States. At the close of his term in the Senate, Mr. SEWARD offered him a foreign mission, but after a few days' reflection, he declined it. In 1862, Mr. LINCOLN decided to make Mr. KING Collector of this port, but the pressure for a change eased up, and it was deferred. And finally, when appointed by President JOHNSON, he entered with reluctance upon the discharge of the duties, fearing, as has unhappily proved to be the case, that the labor and responsibility were unsuited to his former habits and pursuits.

FROM KANSAS.

Indian Affairs—Railroad Meeting.

LAWRENCE, Kansas, Tuesday, Nov. 14.

Mr. COLGRAVES, Special Indian Agent, and Col. DODD, agent of the Navajoes, left here to-day, with a train of twenty-five wagons laden with agricultural implements, goods and presents for that tribe. About eight thousand of the Navajoes have agreed to settle on the Pecos River and abandon their wild life.

A large railroad meeting was held last night at Leavenworth, at which Senator LANE made a speech and resolutions were passed in favor of building the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Galveston Railroad, and for the immediate construction of a railroad bridge across the Kansas River at this point.

FROM INDIANA.

Message of the Governor.

INDIANAPOLIS, Tuesday, Nov. 14.

The Governor's message was delivered to the Legislature to-day. It pertains mostly to State affairs. It asks for prompt provision for the public debt, the establishment of a home for disabled Indiana soldiers and seamen, a Bureau of Emigration, and separate schools for colored children, and for the repeal of the statute excluding negro testimony. It pays a tribute to the Indiana soldiers, and advises that, although the heresy of State sovereignty has been extirpated and the questions involved have been settled by the arbitration of arms, they be also adjusted and determined by the highest tribunal of the land, in the trial of JEFFERSON DAVIS for treason and other atrocious crimes. It appears the President's reconstruction policy does not consider negro suffrage a condition precedent, advocates representation according to the number of voters, and recommends the adoption of such an amendment, if it passes Congress.

MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

Request for the Release of Union Soldiers.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Nov. 14.

The Legislature yesterday passed a resolution for the appointment of a committee to memorialize President JOHNSON to release all the Union soldiers now in confinement for offences committed during the rebellion, on the ground that the rebel soldiers, whose crimes had been infinitely greater, had been pardoned.

The New-York State Election.

ALBANY, Tuesday, Nov. 14.

The official canvass of the Fourth Assembly District of this county shows that Col. JOSEPH M. MURPHY, of the Seventh Heavy Artillery, (Union,) is elected over CRAWFORD (Democrat) by one majority.

LIEUT.-GEN. GRANT.

Visit of the General and His Family to New-York.

HIS MOVEMENTS YESTERDAY.

Proposed Public Reception by the People of this City.

Preliminary Meeting at the Fifth-Avenue Hotel.

The readers of the TIMES are already aware of the presence in this city of Lieut.-Gen. U. S. GRANT, he having arrived at the Metropolitan Hotel late on the evening of Monday, accompanied by his family and staff. The party consists of Miss NELLIE GRANT, Rev. Dr. CROMERS, Mrs. FREEMAN, Gen. C. B. COMSTOCK, Cols. ADAM BADEAU and O. E. BABCOCK, and the General's father-in-law, Mr. F. DENT. Suitable rooms for the party were provided by Messrs. LELAND & Co., and everything was done to promote their comfort. As usual with the hero of so many successful battles, sieges and campaigns, the movements of Gen. GRANT during the whole of yesterday were quiet and secluded. The morning was spent in a carriage drive about the metropolis, varied with "shopping." In the afternoon the General made several private visits to personal friends, and dined with Mr. J. SMITH, of Harlem. Very few caught sight of him during his movements, although wherever he went the rumor of his presence soon attracted crowds. His rapid way of going about the city, however, precluded any formidable demonstration on the part of his admirers. The health of the Commanding-General of the United States Army is quite robust, and he evidently enjoyed himself while passing from place to place through our crowded streets.

To-day it is understood the General and party will pay a friendly visit to an old Galena townsman of the General, CHAS. H. ROGERS, Esq., now residing at Ravenswood, near Astoria, L. I. Returning to New-York, carriages will be provided, and the entire party, under the guidance of Mr. SIMEON LELAND, will make the tour of Central Park. This evening it is expected that Gen. GRANT will visit the Academy of Music to listen to AUBER's new and brilliant version of "Fra Diavolo," in which Miss KELLOGG appears, and in all probability he will look in on the members of the Union League Club in the course of the evening. During the two or three days yet remaining of Gen. GRANT's intended stay in the Empire City, he will visit several of our public schools, and probably the Deaf and Dumb Institution. Pleasure excursions are being planned by the General's more immediate friends, for his entertainment, and no doubt they will succeed in making his visit to New-York a peculiarly pleasant one.

PROPOSED RECEPTION TO GEN. GRANT.

A meeting of influential citizens was held last evening at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, to take into consideration the proper method of tendering to Gen. GRANT suitable hospitalities while in the city.

The meeting was called to order by ALEX. T. STEWART, Esq., PROSPER M. WETMORE and HENRY M. TABER, Esq., acting as Secretaries. Among those present were Judge Daly, Joseph Stewart, Esq., Judge Pierpont, Judge Cowles, Marshall O. Roberts, Richard Schell, and many others equally well known.

The following letter was submitted and adopted, and will be presented to-day to Gen. GRANT:

COMMITTEE OF CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK,
FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL, Nov. 14, 1865.

GENTLEMEN: The people of this commercial metropolis are deeply sensible of their obligations for the signal services you have rendered the cause of the Union, they desire to offer you in person an expression of their regard for your character as a citizen, and their admiration of your brilliant career as a soldier.

With these views, they respectfully ask that you will permit them to receive Mrs. GRANT and yourself, with the members of your family at present in this city, at this hotel, on such evening during your stay as may be most consistent with your convenience.

With the highest respect, we are,
YOUR FRIENDS AND FELLOW-CITIZENS.

ALEX T. STEWART, CHAS. P. DALY, W. M. VERMILYE, EDWARD F. COWLES, GEORGE OPDYKE, JOHN J. CISCO, JOSEPH STEWART, MATHEW T. BRENNAN, AMOS R. END, GEO. W. MCLEAN, HENRY CLEWS, C. E. DETMOLD, T. G. CHURCHILL, WILLIAM H. LEE, ISAAC N. SQUIER, ORLANDO L. STEWART, W. H. BLACK, JOHN S. WILLIAMS, W. B. DINSMORE, and over a hundred others.

WALDO HUTCHINS, HENRY HILTON, THOS. C. ACTON, RICH'D SCHELL, R. W. BONNEY, M. H. LEVINE, E. C. BENEDICT, MARSHALL O. ROBERTS, PROSPER M. WETMORE, HENRY M. TABER, JOHN H. SHERWOOD, PAUL SPOFFORD, EDWARDS PIERREPONT, SAMUEL L. M. BARLOW, D. N. SPOFFORD, FRANK E. HOWE, CHAS. LANIER, WM. M. TWEED, ANDREW H. GREEN,

On motion of Judge BONNEY, the following resolution was odopted:

Resolved, That all persons present at this meeting be the Committee of Reception, tendering fitting honors to Lieut.-Gen. GRANT, with power to increase their numbers, and that the invitation to Gen. GRANT be extended in the name of the committee.

WALDO HUTCHINS, Esq., moved that a special committee be appointed by the Chair to make the necessary arrangements, and report progress to General Committee this evening, which was adopted. The following gentlemen were then designated: Waldo Hutchins, Judge Hilton, M. O. Roberts, B. W. Bonney, W. B. Dinsmore and Judge Daly. On motion, Mr. STEWART and the Secretaries were added to the committee. The meeting then adjourned to meet at the same place this evening.

After the adjournment the special committee held a meeting and appointed several sub-committees, embracing those in music, flowers, fireworks, refreshments, invitations to special guests, &c., &c.

The proposed reception will, doubtless, prove a more brilliant affair than anything of the kind yet given in New-York. The Fifth-avenue Hotel will be thrown open on this occasion, and every arrangement possible be made for the comfort and entertainment of the guests who will be present on the occasion to greet Gen. GRANT.

Fully fifteen hundred invitations will be issued by the committee, including, among them, all the Generals and other prominent officers who can be reached in time. Gens. SCOTT, HOOKER, BURNSIDE, BUTTERFIELD, BARLOW, BARNUM, DIX, and others, will doubtless be present to meet the Lieutenant-General.

It is understood that Friday evening will be decided on for the reception; it cannot be delayed longer than that, for Gen. GRANT will be compelled to leave on Saturday, per steamer, for the Southern coast, on public business of an important character.

The Disappearance of Collector King.

Yesterday noon it was announced that Mr. PRESTON KING, Collector of the Port, had committed suicide. It appears that Mr. KING had been unwell for some time and greatly depressed in spirits. He was advised to spend a few weeks in the country, but remained at the house of a friend in this city until the 5th inst., when he left town, accompanied by a physician, for his home in St. Lawrence County, where he remained until last Saturday. He returned to this city on Sunday, accompanied by a relative and an intimate friend. He went immediately to his rooms at the Astor House, where he remained over Sunday in the company of his friend. On taking leave of him on Sunday night, Mr. KING remarked, "You will never see me again." He was also in the company of Mr. THURLOW WEED during Sunday evening, and Mr. WEED remarking his extreme depression of spirits, said that he should call on him on Monday morning and bring a physician to see him. On the following morning Mr. WEED called at an early hour, but found that Mr. KING had already gone out. All that is known of Mr. KING's movements from the time he rose on Monday morning is that he stated he was going for a walk and preferred to go alone, and after standing on the steps of the Astor House for a few moments, about 8 o'clock, he proceeded up town. He was next heard of on board of one of the Hoboken ferry-boats, which was returning from Christopher-street to Hoboken. Two children who were on board the 9 o'clock boat state that a gentleman answering the description of Mr. KING's person stood alone on the stern of the boat, and that when it reached mid-stream he placed his hat on the deck and deliberately walked overboard. The alarm was given and the boat was stopped, but the body never rose to the surface of the water. The hat of the deceased was taken to the ferry-house and was recognized by Mr. TERWILLIGER, Mr. KING's Private Secretary, and Mr. USHER, Deputy Naval Officer, who had gone in search of Mr. KING, and had visited the ferry-house hearing that a man had jumped overboard from one of the boats on Monday morning.

Quarantine Matters.

The bark *Meridian*, from Marseilles, arrived at this port yesterday. There was cholera in the port of Marseilles while the *Meridian* was lying there, but no cases of sickness occurred on board the vessel. She will, however, be detained at quarantine five days, and thoroughly fumigated before she is allowed to come up to the city.

The War Department Commission, consisting of Surgeons TRIPLER and SLOAN, who were sent to Sandy Hook recently to decide whether some of the land could not properly be set apart for quarantine-hospital purposes, have reported to the government that two hundred and fifty acres of ground at Sandy Hook may be safely used for a hospital, and it is understood they recommend that course should be taken.

In consequence of the opposition of the authorities of New-Jersey, it is probable that none other than a military hospital will be located at Sandy Hook at present.

DESTRUCTION OF DR. TYNG'S CHURCH.

The Edifice Burned Down—Loss Estimated at $250,000.

About 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire broke out on the roof of St. George's Episcopal Church, at the corner of Rutherford-place and East Sixteenth-street, and spread so rapidly that in less than an hour the roof fell in and the building was a complete ruin. The flames were first observed on the Sixteenth-street side of the roof, and there is every reason to believe that the fire was caused by the furnace used by some tin roofers that had been at work on the church.

The edifice was commenced in 1846 and completed in 1848. The cost of the ground and building together was $250,000, the towers alone costing $70,000. The interior was decorated in the most costly manner, and ornamented with various appropriate designs in fancy wood work. It could accommodate about two thousand persons, and was considered to be one of the finest Episcopal church edifices in the city. It was built by the efforts of Rev. Dr. TYNG, formerly pastor of St. George's Chapel, in Beekman-street. It contained a very large and fine organ, with about 3,000 stops, which cost upwards of $10,000.

The adjoining buildings, Nos. 2, 3 and 4 Rutherford-place, occupied by Dr. W. F. DRAKE, Mr. JACKSON and Mr. BULL, were slightly damaged by fire and water. The occupants of these houses, fearing that the church tower would fall, left their dwellings soon after the fire broke out.

Rev. Dr. TYNG was present while the fire was raging, and appeared to be greatly affected by the destruction of the edifice, which had been reared by his efforts and in which he took a just pride.

Nothing of value was saved from the church. The edifice and furniture were insured for $70,000 in the following companies: Etna, Washington, Equitable, Greenwich, Howard, Knickerbocker, Republic and American.

Nothing but the walls and towers remain. They are strongly built, and there appears to be no danger of their falling. The clocks on the large tower stopped at precisely 2:55.

The police arrangements and also those of the Fire Department were excellent, but it soon became evident that no efforts could save the whole interior of the sacred edifice from destruction.

The members of the choir of St. George's Church are invited to meet at the chapel in Sixteenth-street, on Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Organist.

The Employment of Discharged Soldiers—An Advertising Corps Proposed.

At a meeting of the Committee of the Metropolitan Employment Agency for soldiers and sailors honorably discharged, held at No. 136 Canal-street, on Nov. 14, 1865, Supervisor WILLMANN, in the chair, the following proceedings and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

REPORT OF THE MANAGER.

To the Gentlemen of the Committee:

I have the honor to submit to your consideration the official returns of the number of our applicants and that of the situations obtained for them since our last meeting in August last:

Previously reported from June 1 to Aug. 11, applicants, 436; situations obtained, 207; from Aug. 11 to Nov. 11, applicants, 899; situations obtained, 735. Total, applicants, 1,335; situations obtained, 942.

The wages paid to the men who have been procured employment vary from $1 50 (the lowest figure for laborers generally) to $3 50 per diem for workingmen, mechanics, engineers, gardeners, farmers, clerks, &c., &c. Of these 942 men, no more than 65 have got situations in the country and abroad; the others have been employed in this State and in the Cities of New-York and Brooklyn.

In view of the fact that a certain number of men cannot be provided with employment, as some of them are without any trade, while the others are entirely or partially disabled, I respectfully suggest to employ them in organizing a "Soldiers' Advertising Corps," which will be of great convenience for the advertisers generally, and which will allow this agency to pay a reasonable compensation for their work to its applicants enrolled in that advertising corps. The working of that enterprise will consist in the distributing of circulars, letters, posters, &c., and the carrying through the streets of signs and banners, &c., &c. The men should be provided with proper uniforms, and organized with perfect order and discipline, so that they will form the most reliable and efficient advertising organization. I have no doubt that such a plan, if approved by you, will meet with the support and the patronage of both the public and the press.

I have pleasure in saying that I am especially indebted to you, and to the generosity of the leading citizens and newspapers, for the satisfactory results obtained by this agency for the benefit of the brave returned soldiers and sailors.

J. B. HERMAN, Manager.

After the reading of the report, the following resolutions, introduced by WM. H. FIELD, Secretary, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It results from the inspection of the books of the agency, and from the monthly returns of the manager, that of 1,335 applicants for work, 942 have been procured, free of charge, honorable employment through the influence of the institution; and

Whereas, There are still a certain number of applicants who cannot succeed in getting employment, the reason being that some of them are without any trade, while the others are entirely or partially disabled; and

Whereas, The committee consider as their duty to continue the working of the agency until all its applicants will have been provided with honorable employment; and

Whereas, The management of the agency, by Col. HERMAN, has been marked by the most satisfactory results, and that his projected "Soldiers' Advertising Corps" has our entire approbation:

Resolved, That the committee request the manager to organize without delay the Advertising Corps, so that the disabled men or those who cannot get situations may be employed by the agency at a reasonable compensation for their work.

Resolved, That an earnest appeal be made to the leading merchants, to the press and to all patriotic citizens, in favor with their support the "Soldiers' Advertising Corps," which, besides the sympathy to which it is entitled, will give the public the opportunity of using one of the best and cheapest advertising medium.

Resolved, That the committee tender their sincere thanks to the manager of the agency for the success of his exertions, to the patriotic citizens for their donations in aid of this charitable institution, and to the newspapers, especially to the New-York TIMES, for having so nobly defended the cause of the unemployed veterans.

(Signed) ANDREAS WILLMANN, Chairman.
DR. CHARLES KESSMAN, Vice-Chairman,
WM. H. FIELD, Secretary,
J. B. HERMAN, Manager.

Testimonial to a Distinguished Officer.

A very pleasant and interesting scene occurred on Friday evening last, at the residence of JAMES M. MOTLEY, Esq., in Seventeenth-street, where a few friends of Maj.-Gen. JOHN C. ROBINSON, U. S. A., appreciating the gallant services he had rendered on many a battle-field during the recent rebellion, as well as during the war with Mexico, had assembled to present to him an appropriate testimonial. On a very beautiful sword were inscribed the various battles—upward of twenty in number—in which Gen. ROBINSON had been an active and distinguished participant, from Palo Alto, Resaca and Monterey, down to the hotly-contested actions in Virginia, in sixteen of which he was prominently engaged, the last being at Spottsylvania Court-house, where he lost a leg.

Gen. ROBINSON entered the Military Academy at West Point in 1835, graduated in 1839, and since that time has been constantly in service. He was the classmate and companion of several of those commanders whose brilliant exploits have become a part of the history of our country. At the outbreak of the rebellion he was in command of Fort McHenry, Baltimore, and by his prudence and sagacity prevented that most important post from falling into the hands of the Confederates. The gallant services of the General were gracefully and eloquently alluded to by JAMES T. BRADY, Esq., by whom the presentation was made, and whose remarks were enthusiastically applauded by the ladies and gentlemen present. Among the late or were several brother officers of the distinguished recipient. A superb banquet formed an appropriate finale to the evening proceedings.

The Ministrations of Rev. Dr. Hawks in this City Resumed.

We presume that but comparatively few of our readers not of the Protestant Episcopal Church, (and perhaps not all of that communion,) were aware of the presence in this city, after an absence at the South of several months, of Rev. FRANCIS L. HAWKS, D. D., for many years the Rector of Calvary Church. Dr. HAWKS' disconnection with that important parish of the Episcopal body is undoubtedly well remembered, and we do not care to recall many of the facts and circumstances touching the same. It is sufficient for our purpose to say that he commenced pulpit ministrations in the Chapel of the New-York University, Washington-square, several Sabbaths since, and that the public religious exercises held there are well attended, also that there is every reason to suppose that a movement looking to the formation of a new parish for Dr. HAWKS would be very certain of meeting with entire success.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

OBITUARY.—Mr. WEARE DRAKE PARSONS, the former publisher of the *Daily News*, died of paralysis at his residence, No. 71 East Nineteenth-street, on Monday morning last. He was speechless from the moment of his attack. Mr. PARSONS was a native of the State of Maine, from Parsonsfield, York County. The journal with which he was at one time connected thus speaks of him: "In the early part of his career he was a merchant in this city, and subsequently in New-Orleans and Texas, and about fifteen years since was known again as a merchant in the produce trade in Broad-street in this city. Subsequently he became the publisher of the New-York *Daily News*, in which capacity he drew around him, through his kindly manners and genial deportment, among all classes of citizens, a large circle of friends. His even temper commended him to gentlemen of every shade of feeling in political life, while he was never known to relinquish a principle or to desert his honest convictions. He was a member of the Masonic fraternity, and enjoyed the respect and esteem of every one connected with that time-honored institution. He has left a wife and three children." The funeral will take place today, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence.

PRESENTATION OF COLORS TO THE METROPOLITAN POLICE.—Messrs. TIFFANY & Co. have presented to the Metropolitan Police force a very handsome set of colors, which will be borne in the parade on Thursday next. They consist of a beautiful national standard of heavy banner silk, with the stars on the blue ground, heavily embroidered in white silk, and two large blue silk guidons. On the guidons are painted the State arms, surmounted with the words, "Metropolitan Police," and with the State motto, "Excelsior," underneath. The flags are splendidly mounted on lance wood staves, with silver slides and ornaments. The slides bear the inscription: "Presented to the Metropolitan Police by TIFFANY & Co., 1865." The flags are trimmed with heavy yellow fringe and very fine blue and white silk cords and tassels. Their cost is not less than $700.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—Mr. MERCER, agent of the Female Emigration expedition, acknowledges the receipt of a choice collection of books from C. M. PLUMB & Co., No. 274 Canal-st.

MISS ROBINSON'S LECTURE.—Miss LAURA M. ROBINSON will lecture on temperance this evening, at Clinton Hall. Mr. P. T. BARNUM will introduce Miss ROBINSON.

LECTURE BY JOHN B. GOUGH.—JOHN B. GOUGH, Esq., will lecture to-night on Temperance, at the Cooper Institute.

Arrivals in the City.

Major-Gen. J. Schofield, U. S. A.; Brig.-Gen. Wherry, U. S. A.; Brig.-Gen. Schofield, U. S. A.; Hon. Edward Edwards, Saratoga, Judge P. H. Cowan, New-York; Col. L. A. Sykes, Rondout; Col. M. S. Smith and wife, Detroit; D. A. Butterfield, Kansas; and J. H. Barlow, Montreal, are stopping at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Gen. Ely, of New-Jersey, is among the arrivals at the Astor House.

Hon. Lafayette S. Foster and wife, Chas. Francis Adams, Jr., and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Riggis and family, Boston, Dr. Prince, Northampton; Lieut.-Col. Geo. H. Tyman, Boston, are at the Brevoort House.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE KINGS COUNTY BOARD OF CANVASSERS.—The Board of Supervisors met in the new Court-house yesterday afternoon, and organized as a Board of Canvassers. Mr. FURY, of the Fifth Ward, was selected as Chairman, and Mr. JOHN J. WHITE officiated as Secretary. The rolls were opened, and imperfections being found in some of the returns, they were referred to the Supervisors of the different wards for examination and correction. The board then adjourned until this afternoon. It is anticipated that the official result will be declared on Saturday.

FIRE.—About 5 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the cellar under the liquor-store of JAMES HOGAN, on the corner of Bolivar and Navy streets. The flames, it appears, originated from a lighted candle which had been left standing under the stairs leading to the first floor. The damage to contents is about $800, insured in the London and Liverpool Company to the full amount. The building is owned by Mr. PETER KIERNAN. Loss about $200, insured in the Home Company.

BROOKLYN CITY COURT—WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15.—Nos. 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 45, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, 54 to 59, 44 and 29.

A Loyal Church in Louisville.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Nov. 14, 1865.

To the Editor of the New York Times:

Will you be so kind as to publish the following in your widely-circulated journal. I am here for the purpose of asking aid for a loyal Union church in Louisville, Ky. A few who were tired of pro-slaveryism and human bondage have organized themselves into a Christian body, recognizing the great principles of loyalty to our government, and a just and eternal hatred to the institution of slavery. We are in debt, and it is only to the friends of freedom that we can look for assistance. I have, therefore, been deputed by the proper authorities to travel through the North and solicit donations. Friends of freedom and humanity, will you aid us in our time of need. Persons who are disposed to help can leave their contributions at the Methodist book-store, No. 200 Mulberry-street; Mr. D. L. ROSS, banker, No. 240 Broadway; or with BYRD & HALL, No. 12 Warren-street.

Yours, truly, J. H. BRISTOW.

The church in behalf of which the foregoing appeal is made, has been honorably conspicuous for its absolute hatred of secession and slavery. Its pastor served his country for three years in the regiment of Kentucky Volunteers raised in Louisville by Major-Gen. ROUSSEAU. The churches and people of the city have not much sympathy with the appeal made, and the help of loyal people elsewhere is therefore needed.

"A GOOD TIME COMING for dyspeptics and those who have been suffering for years with a disordered liver or weakness of the digestive organs. You will believe this after giving *Hoofland's German Bitters* a trial. This remedy will cause a permanent cure, and enable you to enjoy life. They are not used as a beverage."—*Philadelphia Exchange.*—Agent, H. T. HELMBOLD, No. 594 Broadway, New-York.

A lady in full dress, who has neglected to perfume her robes with Phalon's Night Blooming Cereus, is like one of those gorgeous but scentless autumn flowers that everybody admires, but nobody feels inclined to pluck and wear.—*Mt. Holly Herald.*

The Nation Shakes.—Never in the memory of man has Fever and Ague prevailed as extensively as this season. Cases are still multiplying everywhere. The ordinary remedies are powerless. Insure against the possibility of attacks by taking BIOKRENE once or twice a day. It is a sovereign and infallible preventive, being the most genial, healthful and reliable vegetable tonic. $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Depot No. 28 Dey-st., New-York.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap**, in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials**, is **mild and emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented**, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

Parents do not do their duty unless they have always at hand a box of DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR. It cures burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, chilblains, &c. Only 25 cents a box.

Latest from Egypt.

PENNEY'S EGYPTIAN LOTUS,
a new and exquisite perfume for the handkerchief. Cleopatra and the ladies of the present day using the same perfume.
PENNEY'S EGYPTIAN LOTUS.
PENNEY'S EGYPTIAN LOTUS.
A CAUTION TO THE LADIES.
Don't be imposed upon by buying foreign perfumes forced upon you, when you have just as good, yea, and better, made at home. Get the EGYPTIAN LOTUS, for instance, and you'll never see any other afterward. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.
PRICE ONE DOLLAR.
Manufactured by the proprietor,
F. A. PENNEY,
at his laboratory, Flushing-av., corner of Jay-st., Brooklyn, L. I., and sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.
EDWIN A. LOVEJOY, Wholesale Agent,
No. 93 Fulton-st., N. Y.

B B B B B B B B B B
R R R R R R R R R R
O O O O O O O O O O
K K K K K K K K K K
S S S S S S S S S S
English Double Sole Button Gaiters and Water-proof Boots. Established 1829.
LORIN RROOKS & SONS,
No. 434 Broadway, corner Howard-st.

Boots—Boots—Boots.

RICHMOND is now prepared to manufacture to measure a superior quality of boots, shoes, gaiters and slippers of every variety for ladies, gents, misses, boys and children. An immense stock of ready-made goods on hand, all at reasonable prices.
C. C. RICHMOND, 130 Fulton-st., near Broadway.

Lace Curtains,

Swiss Tamboured, Swiss Application, Nottingham. New Styles, 1865.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, NO. 359 BROADWAY.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Curtains
and Curtain Materials of all kinds, at
KELTY'S, NO. 359 BROADWAY.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamented, and warranted perfectly dry. Also, a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes.
MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

Defiance Fire and Burglar Proof Safes; also Sideboard and Parlor Safes for silver plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.
ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Dr. Sherwood, No. 5451 Broadway, is the only person in the city who is the inventor and manufacturer of his own trusses for all the variety of hernia, and supporters for abdomen, uterus and rectum.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 Cents, Black or brown. Reliable. Depot No. 66 John-st. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Coughs, Colds and Sore Throat are unknown by those who use the only sure preventive—DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF.

Finkle & Lyon's Improved Sewing-Machine.—For tailoring, cloak-making, shoe-fitting, making gloves, corsets, &c., No. 538 Broadway.

The Florence Sewing Machine, with reversible feed and uniform tension, making four different stitches.
NO. 505 BROADWAY.

A Silent Sewing Machine.
WILLCOX & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway.

Howe Sewing Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President, 629 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock Stitch Sewing-Machine and Button-hole Machine, 695 Broadway.

Millions of Bottles
OF MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP are sold and used with never-failing success. It is an old and well-tried remedy, and has stood the test of years. It relieves the child from pain, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, and, by giving rest and health to the child, comforts the mother.

The Dublin Exhibition.
THE HIGHEST PRIZE AWARDED TO THE GROVER & BAKER MACHINES.
On MONDAY MORNING Earl Russell announced the awards to the successful exhibitors in the International Exhibition, Dublin, and the prizes were afterward presented by the Duke of Leinster. Among the exhibitors who obtained medals were the Grover & Baker Sewing-machine Company, Liverpool and London, this being the fifteenth first-class prize gained by these machines this season.—*Liverpool Mercury.*

Chevalier's Life for the Hair
Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out, keeps the head clean; stands above comparison with any other hair dressing. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Window Shades, No. 359 BROADWAY.
For Stores,
For Skylights,
For Dwellings.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, Manufacturers.

Boys' and Children's Garibaldi, Cuta- AWAY AND ZOUAVE SUITS by the thousand at popular prices.
I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

The Finest Overcoats ever seen in this country, at popular prices.
I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

A Superb Leading Hat, the Star of the season, has just been brought out by GENIN, whose entire Fall assortment embraces as many styles as can be found in the combined stocks of all other houses in the trade. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

$800 (exclusive of the patent) will pur- chase the NATIONAL BRICK MACHINE, which makes 30,000 bricks per day, with straight, well-defined edges, and of uniform lengths. ABRAM REQUA, General Agent, No. 130 Broadway, New-York.

"Martha Washington Hair Restorer." —The best article in use; two articles combined. A perfect Hair Dressing and Hair Restorer. Sold everywhere. Ladies try it—warranted. C. M. CRITTENTON, 36 4th-av.

Trusses, &c.—"WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS," the best in the world for curing Rupture—no pressure on the back; light, clean and easy; superior supporters and Braces. GREGORY & CO., 600 Broadway.

The Burglar Alarm Telegraph protects invisibly each window and door. Applicable to the best house in New-York. E. HOLMES, No. 198 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic stitch, and lock-stitch sewing-machines. No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 335 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Absolute comfort realized by ruptured persons wearing Dr. Langworthy's TRUSS.
HELMBOLD'S, No. 594 Broadway.

BIRTHS.

WOEHNING.—On Tuesday morning, Nov. 14, the wife of LOUIS C. WOEHNING of a daughter.

MARRIED.

JONES—SMITH.—At Hillsboro, N. H., on Wednesday, Nov. 8, by Rev. Mr. Elkins, WARREN JONES, Jr., of New-York, and ORLENA C., daughter of the late Daniel Smith, of Hillsboro.

SNEDECOR—THORN.—At Babylon, L. I., on Wednesday, Nov. 8, by Rev. C. W. Cooper, at the residence of the bride's father, LUTHER O. SNEDECOR, of New-York, and Miss MARY L. THORN, of the former place.

DIED.

BERNHARD.—On Tuesday, Nov. 14, FRANCES ANTOINETTE BERNHARD, aged 1 year, 1 month and 14 days, youngest child of Theodore and Mary T. Bernhard.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her grandfather, G. P. Gratacap, this day, (Wednesday,) at 2 o'clock.

BOERUM.—On Sunday, Nov. 12, at New-London, Conn., Mrs. SUSAN BOERUM, in the 76th year of her age.

Funeral services will take place on Thursday, Nov. 16, at 2 P. M., from the residence of her son, Wm. M. Boerum, No. 86 Fort Greene-place, Brooklyn.

☞ New-Orleans and Washington, D. C., papers please copy.

CARPENTER.—On Monday, Nov. 13, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Wm. F. Haviland, in Harrison, N. Y., ROBERT CARPENTER, in the 42d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from Friends Meeting-house at Purchase, on Fourth Day, the 15th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. Carriages will be at the Rye Station, New-York and New-Haven Railroad, on the arrival of the 7 o'clock A. M. train from New-York.

PARSONS.—At his residence, No. 71 East 19th-st., on Monday, Nov. 13, in the 60th year of his age, WEARE DRAKE PARSONS, a native of Parsonsfield, York Co., Me.

The funeral will take place at 2½ o'clock this afternoon. The relatives and friends of the family, and the members of Mechanic Lodge, F. & A. M., are respectfully invited to attend.

MASONIC.—The members of Mechanic Lodge No. 31, F. & A. M., are hereby notified to meet at their rooms, corner of 4th and Greene sts., on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Treasurer, Brother W. DRAKE PARSONS. The fraternity are respectfully invited to attend. By order.
CHAS. C. J. BECK, M.

ROBERTS.—On Tuesday, Nov. 14, MARY, wife of Robert Roberts.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from St. Paul's Church, Broadway, on Thursday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

SCOFIELD.—At Angelica, N. Y., on Monday morning, Nov. 13, MARTHA, wife of Rev. M. Scofield, and daughter of the late Moses Wanzer.

Funeral from the residence of Mrs. Wanzer, Bath, L. I., at 2 o'clock Thursday, the 16th inst. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

SOLDI.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Nov. 13, at his residence, No. 472 Pacific-st., LOUIS A. SOLDAN, in the 27th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, the 15th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the Pacific-st. Methodist Church, corner of Clinton-st., without further notice.

SEARING.—On Second Day, (Monday,) the 13th inst., at his residence, Searingtown, Long Island, ZEBULON SEARING, aged 72 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Sixth Day, (Friday,) the 17th inst., at the house, at 11 o'clock A. M., and at Friends Meeting-house at Manhasset at 1 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be at the Mineola Depot to meet the 9 o'clock train from James-slip.

THOMPSON.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Nov. 13, WILHELMENIA BUERMEYER, daughter of E. Buermeyer, and wife of John Thompson, in the 26th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, Nov. 16, at 2 o'clock P. M. precisely, from her late residence, No. 208 Smith-st., Brooklyn.

☞ Belfast, Ireland, papers please copy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IF YOU ARE IN WANT OF
Polite attention and satisfaction in your purchases, combined with moderate prices, call and see
BROWNELL & MARVIN,
No. 503 Broadway.

THE ONLY ENGLISH LAP-SEAM OVERCOAT
to be found in the city can be obtained at
BROWNELL & MARVIN'S,
No. 503 Broadway.

THE ONLY HOUSE ON BROADWAY
That has a complete and well-assorted stock of
CHOICE AND NOBBY GOODS,
is
BROWNELL & MARVIN'S,
St. Nicholas Block, No. 503 Broadway.

LADIES WILL FIND LESS TROUBLE
And the smallest outlay, in our excellent stocks of YOUTHS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT,
than at any other house in the city.
We solicit an examination.
BROWNELL & MARVIN,
St. Nicholas Block, No. 503 Broadway.

FASHIONABLE AND STYLISH CLOTHING.
At
BROWNELL & MARVIN'S,
St. Nicholas Block, No. 503 Broadway.

IF YOU WANT A STYLISH OVERCOAT, CHEAP,
Go to
BROWNELL & MARVIN'S
No. 503 Broadway.

READY AT ALL TIMES, FIRST-CLASS OVERCOATS AND SUITS.
Look before you buy, at
BROWNELL & MARVIN'S,
No. 503 Broadway.

PARIS AND ENGLISH FUR BEAVERS.
CHINCHILLAS, in every shade and quality.
SCOTCH AND GARRYOWEN
OVERCOATS AND SUITS ENTIRE,
on hand and to order at
BROWNELL & MARVIN'S,
No. 503 Broadway.

BROWNELL & MARVIN
Offer a splendid
CUSTOM-MADE OVERCOAT at $50,
Call and see them.
No. 503 Broadway, St. Nicholas Block.

FIRE WOOD.
All the various kinds of the lowest market rates.
G. W. RAYMOND,
corner Avenue C and 116th-st.

CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE LOW—OF 18 stops, 2 rows of keys, pedal bass.
W. H. DAVIS, No. 40 Downing-st.

POLITICAL.

NOTICE.—EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE UNION GENERAL COMMITTEE.—A regular meeting of this committee will be held at headquarters, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 16, 1865, at 7 o'clock.
OWEN W. BRENNAN, Chairman.
HENRY H. HUELAT, CHARLES H. HALL, } Secretaries.

NOTICE.—UNION CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—A regular meeting of this committee will be held at headquarters, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 16, 1865, at 7½ o'clock.
JAMES KELLY, President.
HENRY H. HUELAT, CHARLES H. HALL, } Secretaries.

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,
The celebrated apparatus invented by
DR. VON EISENBERG,
for the cure of all diseases of the
EYE, EAR,
CATARRH,
DISEASES
OF THE
THROAT,
ASTHMA,
AFFECTIONS OF THE VOICE, LARYNGEAL, BRONCHIAL,
AND
PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.
Disordered Functions of the
DIGESTIVE ORGANS,
SHORTNESS OF BREATH,
WHEEZING COUGH,
and other distressing affections of the
CHEST,
MORBID AFFECTIONS
OF THE
LIVER,
WEAKNESS OF NERVES, AND GENERAL DEBILITY OF THE WHOLE SYSTEM,
Is now in full operation at the residence of the inventor
DR. VON EISENBERG,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.
IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC!
DR. VON EISENBERG'S
ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,
THE CELEBRATED APPARATUS.
From the New-York Express.

So many able and earnest men are devoting themselves to medical investigation, that it would be strange if new discoveries were not made. Among the most brilliant of these—we may indeed say the most brilliant of all—is that of Dr. VON EISENBERG, in regard to the *Etherealisation of Medicines*; we may properly call it the "Spiritualization," since the Latin *Spiritus*, whence comes our word "Spiritual," signifies primarily, simply 'the air."

Many of the most important and vital organs of the human frame cannot be reached by

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS.
AND
U. S. 7-30 LOAN AGENTS
No. 5 NASSAU-STREET,
(Continental Bank Building,)
Near WALL-ST.,
have all denominations of
THE 7-30 NOTES
constantly on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
All Classes of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
bought and sold at market rates.

VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS.
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS
KEEP ON HAND FOR
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
THE ISSUES OF
7-30 TREASURY NOTES, OF ALL DENOMINATIONS.
WE BUY AND SELL ALL CLASSES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT MARKET RATES.
ALSO, QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
ORDERS FROM BANKS AND BANKERS EXECUTED ON FAVORABLE TERMS AND WITH DISPATCH.
VERMILYE & CO.

COAL.
COAL DELIVERED AT COST!
GLOBE MUTUAL COAL COMPANY.
Coal at Actual Cost to Shareholders.
Shares, Eight Dollars.
PAR VALUE, TEN DOLLARS.
Which ent tles the party to ONE TON of Coal per year, at the actual cost, for every share subscribed.
On and after Nov. 20 the price will be raised to TEN DOLLARS per share. See prospectus of the company.
OFFICES.
GLOBE BUILDINGS, NO. 64 BROADWAY, AND NO. 19 NEW-ST., NEAR WALL.
Let the people say with one voice, down with the price of coal.
OFFICERS:
PRESIDENT.
THOS. McELRATH, No. 8 West Washington-place.
VICE-PRESIDENT.
HIRAM HUSTON, Merchant, No. 114 Chambers-st.
TREASURER.
HENRY KING, (of King, Sutton & Co., Bankers,) No. 64 Broadway.
SECRETARY.
EDWARD B. SUTTON, No. 64 Broadway.
BANKERS TO THE COMPANY.
UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.
COUNSEL.
WM. H. ANTHON, No. 16 Exchange-place.
RICHARD B. KIMBALL, No. 49 Wall-st.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
S. H. PULESTON, of Butterfield's Overland Dispatch Co., No. 68 Broadway.
HON. HORACE GREELEY, Editor New-York *Tribune*.
WM. PHELPS, of Phelps, Dewett & Co., No. 266 Canal-st.
JAY GOULD, President Troy and Rutland Railroad, Clarendon Hotel.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer, No. 64 Broadway.
GEO. E. BELCHER, M. D., No. 50 East 21st-st.
W. W. LELAND, of Leland Brothers.
A. D. JONES, late with Fisk & Hatch, Bankers.

THOMPSON & CORNING,
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS,
No. 43 Wall-st., New-York.
Government securities, stocks, bonds and gold bought and sold on commission.
CHARLES G. THOMPSON. EDWIN CORNING,
Member of the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

THE NEWCASTLE
MUTUAL COAL COMPANY.
CAPITAL $350,000.
OFFICE NO. 151 BROADWAY, RESOLUTE INSURANCE COMPANY BUILDING.
COAL AT COST!
Subscribers to this stock are guaranteed half their coal, to be delivered before Jan. 1, at $4 per ton less than the market rates. Coal can be had at once. Only a limited number of shares of this stock remain unsold. Par value, $10.
President, Hon. JOHN C. MATHER.
Vice-President, WM. H. JACKSON.
Treasurer, JACOB RUSSELL, Cashier of U. S. Treasury, New-York.
Secretary—H. C. RODGERS.
TRUSTEES.
DAVID S. MANNERS, President of New-Amsterdam Insurance Company.
JOHN E. UHLHORN, President of Resolute Ins. Co.
JOHN C. MATHER, Bixby & Co., 56 Greenwich-st., and 71 Washington-st.
WM. H. JACKSON, W. H. Jackson & Co., Fifth-avenue Hotel.
A. M. BININGER, importer, No. 39 Walker-st.
A. W. GABANDAN, of Gabandan & Marsh, No. 679 Broadway.
JOSEPH L. SMALLWOOD, merchant, 10 Beaver-st.
CHAS. DENZMAN, importer, No. 60 New-st.
MATTHEW WHITE, maltster, West and Bethune sts.
ALBERT WEBB, corner of 29th-st and Broadway.
BENJ. MILLS, oakum factor, Jersey City.
Stock of the above company, maps, prospectus and full particulars can be had by applying to
R. RINGLAND, No. 38 Pine-st.,
Dealer in coal and other stocks.

LAYTONIA AND SAGE RUN PETROLEUM COMPANY.
OFFICE OF THE LAYTONIA AND SAGE RUN PETROLEUM COMPANY, NO. 80 BEAVER-ST., NEW-YORK, 13TH November, 1865.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Laytonia and Sage Run Petroleum Company, ordered to be held on Wednesday, 8th inst., and adjourned to SATURDAY, 18th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., at which time an election for trustees will take place. Polls will be open from 3 to 4 o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be closed to 20th inst.
F. FIRTH, Secretary.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,
issue circular letters of credit for travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL.....$2,000,000. SURPLUS.....$1,200,000.
This bank will issue certificates of deposit bearing interest on favorable terms. J. L. WORTH, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, Aug. 21, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE EXCELSIOR PETROLEUM COMPANY, NO. 14 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 8, 1865.
ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE EXCELSIOR PETROLEUM COMPANY, held this day, the following trustees were elected for the ensuing year:
J. A. Smith, No. 228 Pearl-st.
John E. Lockwood, Astoria, L. I.
George D. Crary, (firm of G. D. Crary & Co.,) No. 218 Pearl-st.
Hiram J. Collins, (firm of Lockwood & Collins,) No. 143 Duane-st.
C. H. Raymond, No. 80 Beekman-st.
C. B. Nichols, No. 85 Maiden-lane.
J. A. Taber, No. 2 Broadway.
John P. Mann, (firm of Mann & Brundage,) No. 38 Pine-st.
J. McJ. Bensel, (firm of J. McJ. Bensel & Co.,) Nos. 4 and 10 Depeyster-st.
At a subsequent meeting, held on the 9th inst., the following were elected as officers of the company: HIRAM J. COLLINS, President; J. McJ. BENSEL, Treasurer.
(Signed,) LEWIS A. REED, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY, 3D-AV. BETWEEN 59TH AND 60TH STS.
ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Third-avenue Railroad Company, held at their office on Wednesday, the 8th day of November, 1865, the following-named gentlemen were elected as Directors for the ensuing year, viz.:
Hon. William A. Darling, William Remsen, Henry R. Remsen, Henry Hart, Wilson G. Hunt, George G. Waters, Sylvanus G. Riker, Maltby G. Lane, Robert Squires, Peter McMartin, William J. Valentine, Clarkson N. Potter, John B. Hobby and George Remsen.
And for Inspectors of Election: John L. Everett, Sylvester R. Comstock and Samuel E. Darling.
And at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the said company held on Saturday, the 11th of November, 1865, Mr. ROBERT SQUIRES was unanimously elected President.
SAMUEL B. ISAACS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 11, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-ENGLAND PETROLEUM COMPANY, NO. 60 YORK-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 30, 1865.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A special meeting of the shareholders of the New-England Petroleum Company, of New-York, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 60 John-st., on THURSDAY, the 30th of November, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of voting on the proposition to increase the capital stock of said company $100,000, and to amend the charter of the Company, so as to enable the Trustees to work oil lands in the States of Kentucky and Tennessee.
J. D. BATES,
J. B. CHAMBERS,
S. K. GROSVENOR,
GEORGE RICE,
ALEXANDER MUIR,
} Trustees.

OFFICE OF UNITED PETROLEUM FARMS ASSOCIATION, NO. 8 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1865.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the UNITED PETROLEUM FARMS ASSOCIATION, for the election of trustees and transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, Nov. 20, 1865, at 1 o'clock P. M. Polls open from 1 to 3 o'clock. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 21st of November, inclusive.
AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

REMOVAL.—OUR OFFICE IS REMOVED TO the NEW-YORK GUARANTY AND INDEMNITY COMPANY'S NEW BUILDING, No. 14 BROAD-ST.
We shall continue to deal in STERLING EXCHANGE and to issue MERCANTILE CREDITS available in Europe. Also, to make advances on GOVERNMENT BONDS AND STOCKS to be sold abroad and upon shipments to our Liverpool firm.
NOV. 13, 1865. HADDOCK BROTHERS & CO.

NOTICE.—THE FIRST ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Independent Oil Company, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 42 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 16th day of November next, when the policy of reducing the capital stock will be considered.
CHAS. SEYMOUR, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, 6th November, 1865.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 9 Beekman-st., Room No. 4, first floor over Park Bank

FINANCIAL.

L. S. LAWRENCE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 164 NASSAU-STREET, NEW-YORK,
BUY AND SELL ALL CLASSES OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
Highest premium paid for
GOLD, COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
COLLECTIONS made on all parts of the country.
Eastern and Western bank notes received at low rates from CORRESPONDENTS and DEPOSITORS. EXCHANGE on Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Chicago and San Francisco.
L. S. LAWRENCE & CO.

A. J. MAYER & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 46 Exchange-place, up stairs, New-York.
We allow four per cent. interest upon deposits subject to draft.
We buy and sell bonds, shares and specie upon commission only.
We advance money upon railway shares, government securities, American coin, &c.
We refer by special permission to
NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, New-York.
CORN EXCHANGE BANK, New-York.
Messrs. F. BUTTERFIELD & CO., New-York.
Messrs. BERNHEIMER BROTHERS, New-York.
Messrs. KUHN, NETLER & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.
Messrs. J. WEIL & BROTHER, St. Louis, Mo.
Messrs. ROSENFELD & ROSENBERG, Chicago, Ill.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,
All denominations of 7 3-10 notes on hand for immediate delivery.
Gold, Government Securities, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

STERLING EXCHANGE.
DRAWN ON BARING BROS & CO., LONDON, in sums to suit, for sale by
BLAKE BROS. & CO.
No. 28 State-st., Boston, and
No. 17 Wall-st., New-York.

PETROLEUM MINING STOCKS.
RIKER & CO.,
Nos. 78 AND 80 BROADWAY,
AND NO. 5 NEW-ST.,
BROKERS
IN
PETROLEUM AND MINING STOCKS.

LOCKWOOD & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 94 BROADWAY AND NO. 6 WALL-ST.
Dealers in government and other securities.
Interest allowed upon deposits of gold and currency, subject to check at sight. Gold loaned to merchants and bankers upon favorable terms.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
BANKERS,
NO. 33 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Receive money on deposit, and allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.
Negotiate Loans and Business Paper.
Purchase and sell Government and other securities on commission.
Make collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.
JOHN J. CISCO,
(late of the United States Treasury in New-York,)
JOHN ASHFIELD CISCO.

AGENCY, BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.
No. 24 Pine-st.
WALTER WATSON, CLARENCE M. MYLREA and JAMES GOLDIE, agents.
Exchange bought and sold on London and collections made in Great Britain and the colonies. Drafts issued on Canada, Nova Scotia, New-Brunswick, British Columbia and San Francisco. Drafts for small sums issued on Ireland and Scotland.

ELECTION.
OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO., NEW-YORK, Nov. 2, 1865.
Notice is hereby given that the annual election for nine Directors of this Company will be held at the Company's office, No. 88 Wall-st., on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, 1865, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.
The transfer books will be closed on TUESDAY, Nov. 14, at 2 P. M.
By order of the Board of Directors,
THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
Unite States Government Securities purchased and for sale

U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
ISSUED IN 1864.
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
VERMILYE & CO.
No. 44 Wall-st.

TRAVELING CREDITS.
Circular notes for £10 and upwards, on the Union Bank of London, available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe, for sale, at the current rate of exchange, by
L. P. MORTON & CO., Bankers, No. 35 Wall-st.

LAND WARRANTS
Bought and sold by
TAYLOR BROS., No. 17 Wall-st.

OFFICE OF HOFFMAN PETROLEUM COMPANY, NO. 3 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1865.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Hoffman Petroleum Company, for the election of trustees, will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, Nov. 20, 1865, at 2 o'clock P. M. Polls open from 1 till 3 o'clock. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 21st inst., inclusive.
AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

THE FIRST ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Garland Petroleum Oil Company will be held at No. 52 Cedar-st., in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, Nov. 28, inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., for the election of trustees.
G. M. OLMSTEAD, Secretary.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the New-York and Franklin Oil Company will be held at Room No. 13, No. 49 Exchange-place, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, at 3 o'clock P. M.
W. L. TAYLOR, Chairman.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 14, 1865.
THIRTIETH DIVIDEND.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent. out of the net earnings of the quarter ending Oct. 31, payable at the office of the company, Wednesday, 22d inst., upon the Capital stock, and so much of the Scrip stock as has been declared paid.
The transfer-books (closed Tuesday, 14th inst.,) will be reopened on Friday, 24th inst.
By order of the Board of Directors.
THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED PETROLEUM FARMS ASSOCIATION, NO. 8 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 2, 1865.
THE DIRECTORS OF THE UNITED PETROLEUM FARMS ASSOCIATION have this day declared a dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the capital stock of the company, payable on and after the 15th inst. Transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst., both days inclusive.
AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.
DIVIDEND—A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT., free from government tax, has this day been declared out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on the first day of November next. The transfer books will be closed until that date.
HENRY A. SMYTHE, President.

OFFICE OF HOME PETROLEUM CO., No. 8 Pine-st., NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1865.
THE DIRECTORS OF HOME PETROLEUM COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable on and after the 15th inst.
Transfer Books will be closed from 10th to 16th inclusive.
AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1865.
DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS HAVE DEclared a Dividend of Five Per Cent., (5 per cent.,) free of government tax, payable on and after 15th inst.
By order. G. W. DENT, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED
By Union Dime Savings Bank,
No. 489 Canal-st., corner of Varick,
Assets, $1,371,580 75.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID,
FREE from government tax.
THIRD-AV. SAVINGS BANK,
corner 39th-st. and 3d-avenue.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, CHATHAM-SQUARE, allows 6 PER CENT. INTEREST, free from U. S. Tax. Assets, Nov. 1, 1865, $1,073,076 67.

STATIONERY.

A. THEODORE MOITH'S
CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID,
Warranted equal to Arnold's.
Samples, style and prices can be seen, and orders filled at
Messrs. HALL & BLAUVELT'S,
No. 50 Cortlandt-st., New-York, and
THE HOWELL COLOR CO., No. 111 Nassau-st.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. L. Keys. Removed to No. 205 Washington-st., near Reade.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL—NOS. 327 and 329 4th-av. Rev. Dr. GEORGE W. BACON, LL.B., Principal; Dr. RICHARD S. BACON, LL.B., Vice-Principal, with nine assistant instructors. Three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory. All the advantages of the institution, including modern languages, gymnasium and military drill, are open to every pupil, without extra charge. Pupils coming from a distance will be received into the families of the instructors. Catalogues containing full particulars at the book-stores and School.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
with primary department and gymnasium.
No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Open from 8½ A. M. to 2½ o'clock P. M.

THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE, NOS. 467, 469, 491 FIFTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK, will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.
H. M. PIERCE, President

JAMES H. TYNG'S
PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
No. 907 Broadway.

M. W. LYON'S
COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
Nos. 161 5th-av. and 997 Broadway, corner of 22d-st. Its rooms have lofty ceilings, are all upon the same floor and heated by steam. For spaciousness, light, ventilation, ease of access and of supervision, indeed for all school purposes, they cannot well be surpassed. All the older pupils are under the direct training of Mr. Lyon, the younger, of Mrs. Lyon. Parents are invited to call.

THE LATE MRS. G. ANTHON
CALLENDER'S
French and English Boarding and Day School,
No. 32 East 21st-st.,
was reopened Sept. 20, under the charge of Miss ARMSTRONG, the former Superintendent, and will be conducted with the same teachers and upon the same principles heretofore so successfully carried out.

MISS KENNEDY'S
French and English School for Young Ladies, No. 41 West 16th-st., New-York. Miss KENNEDY receives a limited number of boarding pupils, and has still a few vacancies. The young ladies are under her own constant supervision, and have every facility for acquiring a thorough and accomplished education.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,
YONKERS, N. Y.
W. H. ARTHUR & CO., No. 7 Nassau-st., New-York, or BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S
English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., two doors from 5th-av., Murray Hill, New-York.

TOWNSEND'S COMMERCIAL ACADMEY
No. 260 Bowery, below Houston-st.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING for ladies and gentlemen PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in all the English branches

ELOCUTION AND VOCAL CULTURE.
PROF. J. E. FROBISHER.
Address No. 122 East 18th-st.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL School of Dr. F. BERTHET and B. BRAMAN, will open Sept. 18, at No. 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway.

IRVING INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding school for boys. The fifty-sixth semi-annual session will commence WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. For circulars apply to the principal.
D. S. ROWE, A. M.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington Square, (Classical, Mathematical, Foreign Languages, Commercial and Primary,) GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

SCHOOL OF MINES, COLUMBIA COLLEGE, NEW-YORK. Examinations for admission will take place on SATURDAY, Nov. 11, at 10 A. M. The session begins on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15. Circulars sent on application.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERSITY, opposite Washington-square.
PRIMARY, COMMERCIAL, CLASSICAL,
Prepares for college, business, West Point.

PROF. WATSON'S PRIVATE MUSICAL ACADEMY.—Piano, violin, guitar, singing and harmony lessons. Address No. 543 Broadway, or call at Academy, No. 645 5th-av.

THE MISSES MEIKLEHAM, NO. 151 West 26th-st., will open a school for young children Sept. 25.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, ON THE HUDSON.—For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. J. LOCKWOOD.

MILITARY, CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y. For circulars, address C. RUTHERFORD, A. M.

PROPOSALS

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, NO. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, NOV. 11, 1865.
SEALED PROPOSALS (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M. on WEDNESDAY, 15th November, for supplying for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:
2,000 barrels PRIME MESS or PRIME MESS—of the packs of 1864-65, in full hooped oak or ash barrels, with two iron hoops. Meat to be free from rust or stain; full weight and thoroughly salted. Bidders will state when their pork was packed, and the brands; also the kind of barrel.
100,000 pounds prime NEW WHITE BEANS, in well-coopered and full head-lined flour barrels; the bids to be for the bushel of 60 pounds.
60,000 pounds good hard SOAP, to be made by boiling and only from good materials, free from clay, soluble glass or other adulterations, to have an unpleasant odor, to contain not more than twenty-five per cent. of water, and to be well dried before being packed.
The stores are required for immediate delivery.
Separate proposals, in duplicate, must be made for each article enumerated, and bidders may propose for the whole or any part of each.
Samples of the beans and soap must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein.
A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposal must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:
"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed if required."
The seller's name, place of business and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with weight, gross and tare, and shipping marks to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be effaced. All boxes to be strapped with green hickory straps.
Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors, *other than the party furnishing the provisions*, will be required for the next, certifying on the part of the seller their present quality and condition, and the immediately preceding inspection. The meat will also be examined and passed upon by Robert P. Getty, Inspector on the part of the United States.
All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery, and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights, signed by a professional public weigher, must be furnished.
Payment will be made in currency or its equivalent, as soon as funds are received for the purpose.
Contractors are expected to hold their goods without expense to the United States until required for shipment.
Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed, "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."
H. F. CLARKE,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. and A. C. G. S.

SALE OF HARD BREAD.

OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY, FORT MONROE, Va., Nov. 14, 1865.
Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 10 A. M. on the 30th inst., for the surplus HARD BREAD at this depot. The bread is packed in boxes of 50 pounds each. No proposals will be received for less than twenty boxes, (one thousand pounds,) the price per pound and quantity desired will be stated. 40,000 boxes, more or less, can be purchased.
The attention of manufacturers of pilot bread, shippers, shipping agents and others using pilot bread is called to the advantages of obtaining their supplies of this article.
The government reserves the right to reject proposals deemed too low.
Bidders not present will be notified by letter of the result of their proposals. All purchases will be removed within twenty days from date of acceptance.
Blank proposals, if desired, can be obtained of the undersigned. Manuscript proposals will be received.
Parties desirous of purchasing can examine the bread freely at the government warehouses at this depot. Purchasers provide their own transportation. The bread will be loaded free of expense to the purchaser.
Terms—Cash in government funds, prior to the delivery.
JAMES CURRY,
Colonel and C. S. V.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE AND STRAW.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 17 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 9, 1865.
Proposals are invited by the undersigned for the delivery of good, merchantable TIMOTHY HAY, on board of vessels at such wharf in New-York harbor as may be designated.
The hay and straw must be securely baled, and weigh two thousand (2,000) pounds per ton exclusive of wood.
Proposals must state plainly the quantity, price, and time of delivery.
The hay and straw will be inspected by a government inspector, and weighed before being shipped.
Proposals will also be received to deliver HAY and STRAW at Washington, D. C., Richmond, Va., an Hilton Head, S. C., subject to the above requirements.
Bids will be accepted from time to time to meet the requirements of the government.
Payments to be made on delivery, or as soon as funds for the purpose shall be received.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

OFFICE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS METROPOLITAN FIRE DEPARTMENT, FIREMAN'S HALL, NEW-YORK, Nov. 14, 1865.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until MONDAY, 20th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for building 20 hose and fuel tenders of the pattern now in use by Engine Company No. 1, in Centre-st., with such alterations as may be suggested by the committee. Bidders will state the time required to complete the delivery of the tenders, and the committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals received if deemed for the public interests to do so.
(Signed) P. W. ENGS,
Chm'n Com. on Apparatus and Hose.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 15, 1865.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—TWO VERY HANDSOME SADDLE horses, 15¼ hands high, warranted without spot or blemish, having carried a general officer through the campaigns of the Army of the Potomac. Apply at No. 205 West 23d-st., or at O. Johnson's stables, corner of 22d-st. and 7th av.

FOR SALE—A LARGE DARK BAY HORSE, 7 years of age, perfectly kind and sound, at Waite's stable, 4th-av., near 27th-st. Address WM. F. MOTT, Jr., No. 13 Broad-st.

HORSES BOARDED FOR THE WINTER in the country on reasonable terms; accommodations unsurpassed. Inquire at the Truss Office, No. 2 Barclay-st.

TEACHERS.

A YOUNG LADY, EXPERIENCED IN teaching, drawing and painting, English branches, beginners in music, and is a fine vocalist, desires a situation to teach a few hours daily in a family or school, and devote the remaining time to painting; salary moderate, as the object is a home. Address A. B., Box No. 117 *Times* Office.

ADDRESS ALL APPLICATIONS FOR teachers to the NATIONAL TEACHERS' INSTITUTE, No. 486 Broadway. Teachers and correspondents wanted throughout the country; salaries according to talents—from $150 to $2,800.

WANTED—A VISITING TUTOR TO GO TO Staten Island, to teach English branches to two boys about three hours per day. Apply this day, at 12 M., at No. 23 William-st., Room No. 15.

WANTED—AN ITALIAN LADY, TUSCAN OR Roman, to teach Italian to a young boy, who speaks Italian quite well already. Apply to Mr. CHARLIER, No. 50 East 24th-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, by the Croton Aqueduct Board of said city, relative to the acquiring of lands for a reservoir and appurtenances thereto in said city, between One Hundred and Seventy-second and One Hundred and Seventy-fifth streets, and the Tenth-avenue and the Harlem River, in the said city, for the purpose of supplying such parts of said city with Croton water as are not now supplied with the same:
We, the undersigned Commissioners of Appraisal in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owners, lessees, persons and parties interested in the land, tenements, hereditaments and premises affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, that we have completed our estimate and appraisal in the above entitled matter, and that our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a General Term thereof to be held at the City Hall in the City of New-York, on the 23d day of November, 1865, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that said report be confirmed—and that a copy of our said report has been deposited in the office of the Croton Aqueduct Department in the City of New-York, and at our office, No. 68 Nassau-st., (Room No. 20,) for the inspection of parties interested therein.—Dated New-York, Sept. 13, 1865.
ELIJAH F. PURDY,
JOHN T. HOFFMAN,
HENRY L. HOGEBET.
} Commissioners.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Avenue A, from Fifty-ninth-street to Seventy-ninth-street, in the City of New-York. Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Saturday, the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above-entitled matter, to ascertain the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening of Avenue A, from Fifty-ninth-street to Seventy-ninth-street, in said city, as laid out on the map or plan of said city, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled an "An Act relative to improvements touching the laying out of streets and roads in the City of New-York, and for other purposes, passed April third, one thousand eight hundred and seven.
JOHN E. DEVELIN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated New-York, Nov. 1, 1865.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against GERARD C. LESTER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his office, No. 49 West-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the twentieth day of May next. Dated Nov. 13, 1865.
n14-law6mTu* JOSEPH H. LESTER, Administrator.

MEDICAL.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY, of 20 Years' Standing, No. 136 Bleecker-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 136 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF midwifery and operating surgeon, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, without pain or exposure, with or without medicine. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his private office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or by mail.
Dr. A. M. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of this fact much sooner than a visit. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. Sold also at No. 1 Vesey-st., New-York; in Boston, No. 17 Court-st.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Life-Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st. New-York.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. CORBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his chosen unity-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 2 Hall-place. Dr. C. is, beyond doubt, one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this city who makes diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee a speedy and permanent cure, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness, nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Warren-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of

SHIPPING.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST

The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the continent are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III		1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT	(Building)	Great power.
PEREIRE	(Building)	Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS	(Building)	Great power.

DEPARTURES FROM NEW-YORK.

Pier No. 50 North River.

LAFAYETTE	A. BOCANDE	FRIDAY Dec. 8
EUROPE	A. DUCHESNE	FRIDAY Jan. 5

Carrying only cabin passengers.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 7 Broadway,

Will remove on Dec. 15 to new offices, No. 58 Broadway.

At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)

At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,

Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN	3,413	Grogan.
ENGLAND—building	3,430	.....
SCOTLAND	3,430	Hall.
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,316	Frowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	McNevin.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,165	Cutting.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

VIRGINIA	SATURDAY, Nov. 18
SCOTLAND	SATURDAY, Nov. 25
QUEEN	SATURDAY, Dec. 2
PENNSYLVANIA	SATURDAY, Dec. 9
HELVETIA	SATURDAY, Dec. 16

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply to

WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

For steerage passage, apply to

WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Southampton, as follows:

ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	Nov. 25, 1865.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	Dec. 23, 1865.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	Jan. 20, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	Feb. 17, 1866.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	March 17, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	April 14, 1866.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin.....$132 50 | Second cabin.....$80 00

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to

ISAAC BELL, President,

No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND

BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 15.
CUBA leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 22.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 29.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 6.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 13.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 20.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP JAVA, FOR LIVERPOOL.—The JAVA, T. COOK, Commander, will sail from the company's dock, at Jersey City, with the mails for Europe, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th inst. Passengers are requested to be on board by 12 o'clock, noon. The PERSIA will sail on the 29th inst.

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

CITY OF LIMERICK	WEDNESDAY	Nov. 15
ETNA	SATURDAY	Nov. 18
KANGAROO	WEDNESDAY	Nov. 22
EDINBURGH	SATURDAY	Nov. 25

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

BY THE MAIL STEAMERS SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin.....$80 | Steerage.....$30
First Cabin to London.....80 | Steerage to London.....33
First Cabin to Paris.....15 | Steerage to Paris.....40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35. Payable in U. S. currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold, or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Office.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY LINE OF BRITISH STEAMERS

carrying passengers direct to Great Britain.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steam to Liverpool, Glasgow and the Irish Ports.

UNITED KINGDOM	WEDNESDAY	Nov. 15.
BRITANNIA	SATURDAY	Nov. 18.

Cabins, $90, $80, $70. Steerage, $30 in currency.

FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO.,

No. 6 Bowling-green.

Passengers will please come direct to the office as this company do not employ runners.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.

Drafts available throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

For particulars apply to

TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,

No. 86 South-st.

FOR HAVANA—DIRECT.

The United States mail side-wheel steamship MORRO CASTLE, ADAMS, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on THURSDAY, Nov. 16, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Havana.

For freight or passage apply to

SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,

No. 29 Broadway.

The favorite steamer EAGLE will succeed the MORRO CASTLE, and leave Nov. 23.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steampacket Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Dec. 4, and MONDAY, Dec. 11.

Passage money to Nassau.....$45
Passage money to Havana.....50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

☞ No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

HAVANA AND VERA CRUZ.

NOTICE.—Change of sailing date. Hereafter the American and Mexican Mail Steamship Company will dispatch their new and elegant side-wheel steamers for the above ports on the 8th and 23d of each month. For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Agent. No. 26 Broadway

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR RIO DE JANEIRO,

CALLING AT

ST. THOMAS, PERNAMBUCO AND BAHIA EVERY TRIP, AND AT PARA EVERY OTHER TRIP.

The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch regularly, on the 26th of each month, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 43, North River, one of their new first-class steamships.

THE

SOUTH AMERICA,

TINKELPAUGH, Commander,

will leave

on WEDNESDAY, the 29th of November,

and will call at Para.

An experienced surgeon attached to each steamship.

All letters must pass through the post-office.

For freight or passage, apply to

THOMAS ASENCIO & CO.,

No. 17 Broadway.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C., DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TWILIGHT, SPICER, Commander.
RALEIGH, WALKER, Commander.

The elegant and fast steamship ARIADNE is now receiving freight at Pier No. 37 North River, and will leave as above on SATURDAY, Nov. 18, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

Agents at Wilmington, HARRIS & HOWELL.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

The new first-class and reliable steamship COMMANDER,

Capt. TERRY,

Will be dispatched from Pier No. 14, East River, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, at 3 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply to

ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.—COMMERCIAL LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

FAIRBANKS, Capt. ALEX. HUNTER.
WM. P. CLYDE, Capt. JAS. S. ROBBINS.

The splendid A 1 Steamship WM. P. CLYDE, will sail on FRIDAY, Nov. 17, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 15, East River, foot of Wall-st. For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 77 South-st., or to JAMES HAND, No. 117 Wall-st.

FOR MOBILE DIRECT.

REGULAR LINE.

THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS

GULF CITY	Capt. JAMES STEWART.
GULF STREAM	Capt. ROBERT MOUNT.
VICKSBURGH	Capt. WM. F. MCCBERY.
MERCEDITA	Capt. E. C. WILLIAMS.

The fast-sailing steamship

VICKSBURGH,

is now receiving freight at Pier No. 19 East River, and will sail WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, with superior accommodations, apply to

SMITH & DUNNING, No. 65 South-st.

Extra freight will be charged on all goods for which bills of lading are not taken out before the steamer sails

FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS.

The strictly A 1 steamship

CHARLES C. LEARY, GIFFORD, Master,

is now receiving cargo at Pier No. 50 North River, and will be dispatched for the above port on SATURDAY, Nov. 18.

For freight or passage apply to

ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

SHIPPING.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.—The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship AUSTIN, WM. SCHMOKOUR, Jr., Commander, will leave on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, and the MISSISSIPPI, G. SUMNER, Commander, on SATURDAY, Nov. 18, at 3 P. M., from the Company's Pier, No. 46 North River. For freight or passage apply to

JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 19 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The A 1 steamship

LODONA,

H. R. HOVEY, Commander,

will leave pier No. 20 North River, foot of Fulton-st., on SATURDAY, the 18th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

The OREOLE will follow on WEDNESDAY, the 22d inst.

Insure at lowest rates.

Bills of lading signed on the wharf.

G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE, No. 115 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

BLACK STAR LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

The yacht steamship

TEAZER,

Capt. HAMILTON,

will leave Pier No. 13 North River on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15.

For freight or passage, apply to

R. LOWDEN, Agent,

No. 54 Wall-st.

The steamship R. R. CUYLER will follow, and due notice will be given when ready to receive cargo.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The elegant steamship

CREOLE,

N. ANDERSON, Commander,

having been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, will leave Pier No. 21 North River, foot of Fulton-st., on WEDNESDAY, the 22d inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

Bills of lading signed on the wharf. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE, No. 115 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The steamship MINNETONKA, Capt. BADLOW, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, and the GEORGE CROMWELL, Capt. E. S. VAIL, on SATURDAY, Nov. 18, at 3 P. M. Passage, with unsurassed accommodations, $60. Apply to

H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 98 West-st.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA, CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company will dispatch on WEDNESDAY, the 1st of November next, at 12 o'clock noon, from the company's pier, No. 42, foot of Canal-st., North River, their new and first-class steamship

HENRY CHAUNCEY,

Capt. ALFRED G. GRAY,

for Aspinwall, connecting via the Panama Railroad across the Isthmus of Panama, and on the Pacific with the company's favorite steamship

GOLDEN CITY,

for San Francisco.

The steamers of this company will sail regularly thereafter, as above, on the 1st, 11th and 21st days of every month, except when such dates fall on Sunday, when the departure will be on the preceding Saturday. The

ATLANTIC, Commander,

Capt. JEFFERSON MAURY, will sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 11, connecting on the Pacific with the COLORADO. The

BALTIC,

Capt. ROBERT H. HORNER, will sail on TUESDAY, Nov. 21, connecting with the SACRAMENTO.

THROUGH PASSAGE RATES, INCLUDING RAILROAD FARE.

First Cabin, $300; Second Cabin, $200; Steerage, $120. Children between 6 and 12 years, half fare; children from 2 to 6 years, quarter fare; children under 2 years, free.

Bankable funds (currency) only taken in payment.

Out of town applicants may secure passage by remitting bank drafts on New-York to the Company's agent, who will send tickets by mail or express, as may be directed.

Baggage checked through in charge of baggage masters over the entire route.

100 pounds baggage allowed each adult passenger. For all over this weight 10 cents per pound must be paid to the purser on board. No merchandise nor bedding taken as baggage.

WAY PASSAGE RATES, NEW-YORK TO ASPINWALL.

First Cabin, $125; Second Cabin, $80; Steerage, $50. Children at proportionate rates.

WAY BAGGAGE—On all over 100 pounds to each adult passenger three cents per pound, payable to the purser on board.

ASPINWALL TO PANAMA.

$25 in gold, and children in proportion, payable at Aspinwall.

An experienced surgeon assigned to each ship. Medicines and professional services free of charge.

For passage tickets, or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River.

In Boston, to

C. L. BARTLETT & CO.,

No. 16 Broad-st.

For freight, to

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,

No. 84 Broadway.

OR ON THE COMPANY'S WHARF,

Freight Agents of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA, REDUCED PRICES OF PASSAGE.

First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.
$200.	$175.	$100.

The Central American Transit Company will dispatch on MONDAY, Nov. 20, at noon, the new and elegant steamship

SANTIAGO DE CUBA,

Capt. J. W. SMITH,

from Pier No. 29, North River, foot of Warren-st.

For passage apply at No. 177 West-st., corner Warren-st,

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

PASSENGERS FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE NEW-YORK ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 111 Broadway, issue policies covering all the risks of the voyage including the railroad to San Francisco for $2 50 per $1,000.

W. A. BAYLEY, President.

EDWARD GREENE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY, NO. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.—SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT TO THE PACIFIC COAST will please take notice that having been appointed Freight Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Company, we are now prepared to receive freights for California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, Sandwich Islands, Central America and west coast of South America.

For rates apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway, or freight office on dock foot of Canal-st.

Steamers will sail 1st, 11th, and 21st of each month; when dates falling on Sunday, on preceding Saturday.

No slow freight received on day of sailing. Freight MUST BE DELIVERED ON DOCK FOOT OF CANAL-ST. Bills of lading will be issued at No. 84 Broadway. Our usual package express will be sent by each steamer, and will close at 10 A. M. on sailing day. Our letter bags will close at 11½ A. M. For convenience of our up-town customers, letter bags will be kept at the Metropolitan Hotel and on the dock, foot of Canal-st.

Our PRE-PAID ENVELOPES will be on sale at the office of the hotel, and at our office, No. 84 Broadway, and Canal-st. dock.

All letters sent through us must be in Government envelopes.

Sight Exchange on San Francisco for sale.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to all points reache by the wires on West Coast.

California coupons bought at best rates.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

EMPIRE LINE FOR SAVANNAH, EVERY SATURDAY.

The Atlantic Mail Steamship Company's first-class side-wheel steamship

SAN SALVADOR,

Capt. ATKINS,

will sail from Pier No. 41 North River, foot of Canal-st., SATURDAY, Nov. 18, at 3 o'clock P. M.

The mate steamer

SAN JACINTO,

Capt. LOVELAND,

will follow Nov. 25.

The accommodations of these steamers for first-class passengers are not excelled by any steamers on the coast, and although of large carrying capacity, (1,500 tons each,) their light draft enables them to insure a passage without detention in the river.

Freight is now being received at the company's covered pier, No. 43 North River. Bills of lading furnished and signed on the pier.

Rates of passage and freight as low as by other lines.

Apply to

GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,

No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH DIRECT.

STAR LINE, SEMI-WEEKLY, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

Connecting with railroad throughout Georgia and Florida.

The first-class United States Mail steamships CONSTITUTION, GREENMAN, Commander.
AMERICA, LOWE, Commander.
WEYBOSSET, PARSH, Commander.
NEVADA, CARPENTER, Commander.
THE CONSTITUTION

Will sail from Pier No. 13 North River, foot of Cedar-st., on THURSDAY, Nov. 16, at 3 P. M.

The AMERICA will follow SATURDAY, Nov. 18.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodation, apply to

WAKEMAN, GOOKIN & DICKINSON,

No. 17 Broadway.

Agents in Savannah,

Messrs. BRIGHAM, BALDWIN & CO.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. SEMI-WEEKLY,

connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

The new and elegant steamships

H. LIVINGSTON, Capt. J. B. BAKER;
EUTERPE, Capt. ELDRIDGE;
VARUNA, Capt. WHITEHURST;
NIGHTINGALE, Capt. BESAKER,

will leave Pier No. 36 North River, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. These steamers are unrivaled for speed and passenger accommodations.

The new and elegant side-wheel Steamship HERMAN LIVINGSTON leaves on SATURDAY, Nov. 18.

For freight or passage apply to

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,

No. 141 Broadway.

Agent at Savannah, JNO. R. WILDER, who will forward all goods intended for the interior.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE OF FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS.

GRANADA,
ALHAMBRA,
ANDALUSIA,
SARAGOSSA,

and the QUAKER CITY,

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River. Bills of lading signed on board.

For freight or passage apply to

ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

The New-York built, very fast and new steamship

GRANADA, RODNEY BAXTER, Master,

is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15, and will be followed by the elegant and popular steamship

QUAKER CITY, WM. H. WEST, Master,

on SATURDAY, Nov. 18.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

EMILY B. SOUDER.....Capt. H. LOCKWOOD
MONEKA.....Capt. WM. MARSHMAN

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The MONEKA leaves THURSDAY Nov 16

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, apply to

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway

Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—TO-NIGHT.

Director.....MAX MARETZEK

ITALIAN OPERA.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

TO-NIGHT—FRA DIAVOLO.

THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Nov. 15, at 8, (Tenth Night—Second Subscription,)

Auber's new version of his popular Opera,

FRA DIAVOLO,

with its brilliant and complete cast, including

Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
Miss STOCKTON Signor MAZZOLENI,
Signor BELLINI Signor LORINI
Signor DUBREUL Signor BARILI,
Conductor.....CARL BERGMANN

THURSDAY—OPERA IN BROOKLYN—ERNANI.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 17,

IL TRAVATORE,

with its magnificent and complete cast.

There will be no Matinée on SATURDAY next.

SATURDAY EVENING—EXTRA NIGHT IN BROOKLYN—CRISPINO E LA COMARE.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING, at the regular ticket offices, viz.: the Box Office of the Academy; Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Pond & Co.'s, No. 543 Broadway; Schuberth & Co.'s, No. 630 Broadway, and Root, Anthony & Co.'s, No. 21 Nassau-st.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Director.....MAX MARETZEK.

ITALIAN OPERA.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING, Nov. 16, at 7¾, (Eighth Subscription Night,)

Will be presented Verdi's most celebrated opera,

ERNANI,

ERNANI,

with the same great cast that was so enthusiastically received on its production in New-York.

ON SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 18,

GRAND EXTRA NIGHT.

CRISPINO E LA COMARE.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers desirous of retaining their seats for the extra night are respectfully requested to give notice at the Box office before Wednesday noon.

The sale of Reserved Seats and Tickets for ERNANI and CRISPINO will commence THIS MORNING, in Brooklyn, at the Box office of the Academy, and in New-York at Root, Anthony & Co.'s, No. 21 Nassau-st.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessee, Director and Manager.....G. L. Fox

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

MISS FANNY HERRING,

in the domestic five-act play entitled

THE LITTLE BAREFOOT.

Supported by the company, including Mr. G. L. FOX, who also appears in

LES DEUX FUGITIFS.

JACK ROBINSON AND HIS MONKEY.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS, NO. 514 BROADWAY.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS.

Fourth Week of the Sensation Burlesque,

THE FAIR AMERICAN QUEEN;

OR, THE BLACK-MAILER'S DEFEAT.

Scene 1—The Infernal Regions.
Scene 2—Ruins of Barnum's Museum.
Scene 3—The Editor's Sanctum.
Scene 4—Manager's Headquarters.
Scene 5—Abode of the Black Mail Chief.
Scene 6—The Enchanted Grove.

Previous to the burlesque, "CAMILLE," Ethiopian Minstrelsy, &c.

NOW OPEN.

The sixth annual exhibition of

PAINTINGS AND STATUARY

of the

ARTIST FUND SOCIETY,

at the new gallery of the National Academy of Design, 23d-st., corner of 4th-av.

HUNTINGTON'S GREAT PAINTING OF MRS. WASHINGTON'S RECEPTION DAY—On view, day and evening, at the Art Gallery, No. 625 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS HATTERAS, CROATAN, every SATURDAY, at 12 M. ALBEMARLE, BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M., from pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations. Apply to

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,

No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours. Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

From Pier No. 21 North River, foot of Fulton-st.

The elegant steamship

YAZOO,

Capt. JOHN THOMPSON,

leaves EVERY SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M.

Excursion tickets issued at reduced rates.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE, 115 Broadway.

PIONEER LINE

FOR NEWBERN.

The safest and shortest route for the South, avoiding the dangers of a sea voyage.

The new and elegant steamer PIONEER will leave Norfolk, C., on FRIDAY of each week, for Newbern, connecting with all other Southern cities by rail. Passengers from New-York taking the 8 A. M. train from Jersey City, on THURSDAY, will have time to dine in Baltimore and make sure connection with steamers for Norfolk and Newbern, via Aibemarle and Pamlico Sounds. Insurance on freight by this route very low.

Information may be obtained on application to

WILLIAMS BROTHERS, Rooms Nos. 6 and 7, No. 5 Beekman-st.

FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS—MURRAY'S LINE—First vessel, WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15. The small, fast-sailing bark PAYNEE is now receiving freight at bulkhead, between Piers Nos. 15 and 17, and having the greater portion of her cargo on board, will take the bulk of a few hundred barrels and sail as above.

For freight or passage apply to

MURRAY & NEPHEW,

No. 62 South-st.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT TO PACIFIC COAST.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's propeller EQUATOR will sail on the 16th inst.

SLOW FREIGHT will be received at Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., every day, until WEDNESDAY, 15th inst., at 5 P. M.

A fine opportunity is thus offered shippers to get their goods through for the holidays.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT AGENCY, NO. 41 CHAMBERS-STREET.—Passports from the Department of State, indispensable to travelers, issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, Room No. 28.

RAILROADS.

TRAVELERS, ATTENTION.

INSURANCE TICKETS

covering accidents of every description whilst traveling or otherwise.

$5,000 FOR 25 CENTS PER DAY,

with $25 per week compensation in case of injury.

ISSUED BY THE

NEW-YORK

ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 141 Broadway.

WM. A. BAYLEY, President.

EDWARD GREENE, Secretary.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

FALL ARRANGEMENTS, 1865.

COMMENCING MONDAY, SEPT. 18.

PASSENGER LINES FOR CAMDEN, MANCHESTER AND LONG BRANCH.

The steamer JESSE HOYT, Capt. SEARY, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) as follows:

At 11:45 A. M., EXPRESS LINE FOR CAMDEN DIRECT,

taking passengers for Port Monmouth, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squan, Bricksburg, Manchester, Toms River, Woodmansie, Shamong, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Otsion, Jackson, and all stations on Camden and Atlantic Railroad.

Through to Camden in five hours. Fare $2.

Excursion ticket, good for three days, $3.

At 4:15 P. M., Way Passenger Line for Manchester, Toms River, Long Branch and intermediate stations.

THROUGH FREIGHT LINE CAMDEN AND NEW-YORK.

Leave New-York at 4:15 P. M., arriving at Camden 1:30 P. M. next day.

Leave Camden at 2:30 P. M., arriving at New-York 4 A. M. next day.

Freight taken at low rates. Apply to S. C. HASTY, Local Freight Agent, Red Bank, N. J.

W. S. SNEDEN, Supt.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Nov. 6, 1865, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

3:30 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. This train runs on Sundays.

11 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York 7 and 10.

Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.

Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.

Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:30 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.

WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:25, 4:25, and 5:02 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monday. On Monday only for Piermont at 6:15 A. M.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

COMMENCES AT 7¾.

Sole Lessee and Directress.....MRS. JOHN WOOD

Stage Manager.....J. H. SELWYN

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

Grand production of the

MAGNIFICENT FAIRY SPECTACLE IN THREE PARTS,

Calling into requisition the entire

SPLENDID ARTISTICAL, MUSICAL AND MECHANICAL RESOURCES OF THIS THEATRE.

NEW SCENERY AND GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE, BY HAYES.

NEW AND AND ORIGINAL MUSIC, COMPOSED AND ARRANGED BY THOMAS BAKER,

entitled the

SLEEPING BEAUTY IN THE WOOD,

in which

MRS. JOHN WOOD

will appear as the

PRINCESS ISABELLE.

First appearance this season of

The Favorite Danseuse.....Mlle. AUGUSTA.

N. B.—In strict adherence to the modern school of melodramatic composition, eighteen years are to be supposed to have elapsed between the first and second parts, one hundred years between the second and third parts, and one hundred and sixty-four after the piece is over.

PART FIRST—PERIOD 1963.

Thomas, surnamed "Noddy," (King of Noland,).....Mr. Charles Peters

(His first appearance.)

Queen Serena, (his consort)		Mrs. G. H. Gilbert
Princess Is-a-belle, as she appeared when only three months old, by		The Youngest Lady in the Company
Factotum, (Lord High Everything)		Mr. C. Morton
Testotum, (King's Jester)		Mr. S. Gilfett
Fairy Antidote	Good Fairies invited to the Banquet.	Miss E. Hendricks
Fairy Dew-Drop		Miss J. Robinson
Fairy Gossamer		Miss C. Lee
Fairy Elegantia		Miss Fox
Fairy Rosebud		Miss P. Germaine
Fairy Philomel		Miss Florence
Fairy Choreusuica		Miss Germaine
Fairy Banefull, (not invited)		Miss Amelie Harris

PART SECOND—PERIOD 1601.

Princess Is-a-belle, (aged 18, all but an hour or so).....Mrs. JOHN WOOD

Lady Abagail, (her confidant).....Miss Louisa Myers

PART THIRD—PERIOD 1701.

Prince Perfect, (of the Emerald Isle).....Miss Eliza Newton

Larry O'Log, (his countryman).....Mr. James Lewis

Colin Clump, (a woodcutter).....Mr. G. F. Kenway

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The audience are respectfully requested to keep their seats to witness the grand Transformation Scene concluding the Extravaganza.

The performance will commence with

A QUIET FAMILY.

Seats secured three days in advance.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

BEGINS AT 7¾.

ADMISSION, FIFTY CENTS.

SIXTH WEEK OF F. S. CHANFRAU

In his celebrated and inimitable personation of

SAM. SAM.

The Manager again calls attention to the vast popular success of "Sam," and respectfully urges upon all who would avoid the dense crowds which besiege the box-office at night, or the "rush" for places after the opening of the doors, the necessity of securing seats in advance.

Every night this week, and Saturday afternoon—

Sam, (Lord Dundreary's brother).....Mr. Chanfrau

Lady Laura.....Miss Olive Logan

SIXTH SAM MATINEE NEXT SATURDAY.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., opposite the Academy of Music.

L. B. LENT.....Manager

N. AUSTIN.....Director of Amusements.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

SECOND WEEK OF THE NEW MANAGEMENT.

SECOND WEEK OF THE NEW DOUBLE TROUPE.

SECOND WEEK OF

THE WORLD-RENOWNED

JAMES ROBINSON,
JAMES ROBINSON,
JAMES ROBINSON,

THE MOST DARING AND ACCOMPLISHED RIDER THE WORLD HAS EVER SEEN,

whose extraordinary feats,

UTTERLY UNPRECEDENTED

in every respect, are nightly received by crowded and fashionable audiences, with

MORE ENTHUSIASTIC DEMONSTRATIONS

of wonder and admiration than were ever bestowed upon any equestrian artist who has appeared in New-York.

ROBINSON'S RIDING

IS MORE THR

THE FIRE ALARM.

The New System to Go Into Operation To-day.

Description of the Working of the Metropolitan Fire Telegraph.

List of the Alarm Stations and the Companies Liable for Duty at Each.

To-day, at noon, the new fire-alarm system for New-York and suburbs will go into operation, and henceforth the old plan of bell-ringing by districts and by general alarm will be discontinued. In order that the general reader may properly understand the complete working operations of the new telegraph system, we give a detailed description of the same:

AT FIREMEN'S HALL,

the headquarters, a central office of the fire telegraph is situated. Entering the operating room the eye of the visitor is bewildered by the multiplicity of telegraph machinery gathered together in the office. Ranged along on the north side of the room are nine instruments for the purpose of registering signals sent from engine-houses and bell-towers over all the city. At the extreme end of the room is a key-board, by means of which the operator is enabled to forward signals to every engine-house and bell-tower in the city, and to six police stations, by the pressure of a single finger on the main key. There are four lines of wires, denominated the North, East, South and West divisions. In this way the system is reduced to simplicity. The instruments used at the central office and in the engine-houses are very curious, very ingenious and well worthy the attention of the public, to whom they are always open for inspection. Mr. CHARLES L. CHAPIN, Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, has been about three months perfecting the system which is said to be the very best extant.

THE MODE OF SIGNALING

the locality of a fire is as follows: On an alarm being brought in to the nearest station, the acting foreman steps to the box containing the telegraph instruments, and which is usually stationed near the door, unlocks it, and draws down a bell-knob, which strikes a gong in the central office, denoting the number of his district, and informing the operator on duty that there is a fire near his station. The alarm is then sent over all the other sections of lines and the bells commence striking at once, and in addition to this the gongs in every engine-house strike the number of the district, thus warning every one liable for duty at that fire.

THE TELEGRAPH DIVISIONS

already spoken of consist of four diverging lines from the central office, comprising the following localities:

South Line—Marion-street, City Hall and Post-office bell towers.

West Line—Macdougal-street, Thirty-third-street and Jefferson Market bell towers.

East Line—Essex and Union Market bell towers.

North Line—Fifty-first-street bell-tower, and houses of the Chief and Assistant Engineers. The towers at Mount Morris and Yorkville and engine houses Nos. 35, 28 and 40 are also reached through this line.

These cardinal lines are again divided into subdivisions or sections, in which the entire working force of the department is divided. These sections are arranged thus:

Section 1—Engines No. 7, 1, 6; Hook and Ladder No. 10. Police Station No. 2.

Section 2—Engines No. 10, 4, 32, 12, 20. Police stations Nos. 1 and 6.

Section 3—Engines No. 27, 29, 31; Hook and Ladder No. 4, and the Insurance Patrol.

Section 4—Engines No. 33 and 18.

Section 5—Engines No. 13, 24, 30; Hook and Ladder No. 5.

Section 6—Hook and Ladder Nos. 9 and 3.

Section 7—Engines No. 9 and 15.

Section 8—Engines No. 28, 17, 25, 5. Police-station No. 10 and repair yard.

Section 9—Engine No. 11, Hook and Ladder Nos. 6 and 11. Police-station No. 13.

Each of these several premises constitutes a telegraph station, having an individual number by which it is known and designated in the bells and gongs. Each section is provided with a battery of sufficient power to forward any messages over its own line. In case of necessity, three large batteries of considerable power are kept in reserve for use at the central office.

THE SIGNAL STATIONS.

Annexed will be found a list of alarm and signal stations below Fourteenth-street, adopted by the Board of Metropolitan Fire Commissioners, together with a list of engine and hook and ladder companies, which are to do duty as designated.

Signal.	Alarm.	Engine Company.	H. & L. Co.
1	First	3 5 14 18 20 24 27 33 13 30	3 5 9
	Second	11 17 27	6 8
2	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 6 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20 30	5 9
3	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 6 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20 30	5 9
4	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
5	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
6	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
12	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
13	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 15 29 31 32	1 6 10
	Second	13 17 20 27	8 9
14	First	1 7 9 11 12 15 17 20 25 31	1 6 9
	Second	13 22 32	1 10
15	First	1 4 6 7 12 27 29 30 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	9 10 13 24	5 9
16	First	1 4 6 7 12 27 30 31 32 29	1 8 10
	Second	9 10 13 24	5 9
21	First	9 11 12 15 17 20 25 28	6 9 11
	Second	1 5 13	1 3
23	First	9 11 12 15 17 20 25 28	6 9 11
	Second	1 5 13	1 3
24	First	5 11 15 16 17 25 28 33	3 7 9
	Second	9 13 20	5 6
25	First	9 11 12 15 17 20 25 28	6 9 11
	Second	1 5 13	1 3
26	First	5 9 11 15 17 26 28	3 6 11
	Second	12 20 33	7 9
31	First	5 9 11 12 15 17 20 25 31	6 9 11
	Second	7 13 22 33	1 3
32	First	5 11 13 15 17 20 26 33	6 9 11
	Second	9 18 24	3 5
34	First	5 11 13 15 17 20 26 33	6 9 11
	Second	9 18 24	3 5
35	First	13 14 15 17 18 20 24 25 33 30	3 5 9
	Second	3 5 11	6 11
36	First	3 5 13 14 17 18 20 24 33	3 5 9
	Second	11 15 26	6 11
41	First	5 11 14 16 17 25 28 33	3 9 11
	Second	13 15 18	6 7
42	First	5 11 14 16 17 18 25 28 33	3 7 11
	Second	9 13 15	6
43	First	5 13 14 16 18 25 28 33	3 7 11
	Second	3 11 24	5 9
45	First	3 5 14 18 24 25 30 33	3 5 9
	Second	13 16 28	8
46	First	3 13 14 18 20 24 25 30 33	3 5 8 9
	Second	5 27 28	8
51	First	3 13 14 18 20 24 25 30 33	3 5 8 9
	Second	5 27 28	3
52	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
53	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
54	First	9 11 12 15 17 26 28	6 9 11
	Second	1 5 13	1 3
56	First	9 11 12 15 17 20 25 28	6 9 11
	Second	1 5 13	1 3
61	First	1 4 6 7 9 12 20 27 29 31 32	1 6 8
	Second	10 13 15 17 30	5 9
62	First	9 11 12 15 17 20 26 28	6 9 11
	Second	1 5 13	1 3
63	First	3 5 13 14 16 18 26 33	3 5 7
	Second	11 28 24	9 11
64	First	3 5 13 14 18 24 26 33	3 5 7
	Second	26 30	9
65	First	5 11 13 15 17 20 26 33	6 9 11
	Second	9 18 24 31	3 5
71	First	6 13 18 24 27 30 31 33	5 8 9
	Second	1 7 20 12	1 10
72	First	1 4 6 7 9 12 20 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	10 15 17 30	5 9
81	First	5 9 11 15 17 26 28 33	3 6 11
	Second	12 20	7 9
122	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 13 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
124	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
125	First	1 4 6 7 9 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
126	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
131	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
132	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
134	First	1 4 6 7 9 10 12 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	13 15 17 20	6 9
136	First	1 4 6 7 12 27 29 30 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	9 10 18 24	5 9
141	First	1 4 6 7 9 13 20 27 29 31 32	1 8 10
	Second	10 13 15 17 30	5 9
142	First	1 7 9 12 13 17 20 29 30 31	6 8 9
	Second	11 15 26	1 10
143	First	5 9 11 12 13 17 20 25	6 9 11
	Second	10 31 33	3 5
145	First	6 12 13 18 20 24 27 30 31	5 8 9
	Second	1 4 7	1 10
146	First	3 13 18 20 27 30 33 34	6 8 9
	Second	5 14 1	3
151	First	13 14 17 18 20 24 26 33 30	3 5 9
	Second	3 5 11	11 6
152	First	3 13 14 18 20 24 26 30 33	3 5 9
	Second	5 27 28	8
153	First	3 13 14 18 20 24 26 33	3 5
	Second	5 26	8 9
154	First	3 5 13 14 18 20 26 28 33	3 5 9
	Second	11 17	11
155	First	5 11 13 14 18 20 25 28 33	3 9 11
	Second	15 17	6
156	First	5 9 11 15 17 26 28	3 6 11
	Second	18 20 33	9
161	First	5 9 11 15 17 25 28	3 6 11
	Second	12 20 33	9
163	First	5 11 15 17 20 26 28 33	3 9 11
	Second	9 13 18	5 6
164	First	5 9 11 15 17 20 26 28	6 9 11
	Second	1 12 13	1 3
165	First	5 9 11 12 15 17 20 25 28	6 9 11
	Second	7 13	1 3

Fire companies lying above Fourteenth-street will do duty by bell alarms in the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Districts, as heretofore. It will be seen that in the numbering of the stations, only six figures are used, and the combinations are thus simplified. For instance, three successive bells, with an interval, then five more bells, makes "35," and so on throughout the entire scale. The table shows the companies liable for duty on each alarm. The first signal warns out all but four or five, they being kept in reserve, in case of emergency.

The signal stations, as now arranged, are situated in the following localities:

1.—Fireman's Hall, Mercer-street.
2.—Engine-house, Chambers-street, corner Centre.
3.—Engine-house, Centre-street, near Chambers.
4.—Engine-house, Cedar-street, near Trinity-place.
5.—Engine-house, Beaver-street, near Broad.
6.—Engine-house, Liberty-street, near Nassau.
12.—Engine-house, Burling-slip, near Water-street.
13.—Engine-house, William-street, near Pearl.
14.—Engine-house, East Broadway, near Catharine-st.
15.—Engine-house, Franklin-street, near Hudson.
16.—Engine-house, Franklin-street, near Varick.
21.—Engine-house, Clinton-street, near Division.
23.—Engine-house, Henry-street, near Gouverneur.
24.—Engine-house, Eleventh-street, near Avenue B.
25.—Engine-house, Ludlow-street, near Delancey.
26.—Engine-house, Houston-street, near Columbia.
31.—Repair-yard, Elizabeth-street, near Bayard.
32.—Engine-house, Elizabeth-street, near Prince.
34.—Engine-house, Marion-street, near Prince.
35.—Engine-house, Wooster-street, near Spring.
36.—Engine-house, Mercer-street, near Fourth.
41.—Engine-house, Fifth-street, corner First-avenue.
42.—Engine-house, Fourteenth-street, near First-avenue.
43.—Engine-House, Thirteenth-street, near Fourth-av
45.—Engine-house, West Tenth-street, near Greenwich-av
46.—Engine-house, Charles-street, near Bleecker.
51.—Engine-house, Morton-street, near Hudson.
52.—Police-station, New-street, near Wall.
53.—Police-station, Beekman-street, near William.
54.—Police-station, Grand-street, corner Ludlow.
56.—Police-station, Madison-street, near Clinton.
61.—Police-station, Franklin-street, near Baxter.
62.—Police-station, Attorney-street, near Delancey.
63.—Engine-house, Eighteenth-street, near Broadway.
64.—Engine-house, Seventeenth-street, near Ninth-av.
65.—Insurance Patrol, Elm-street, near Broome.
71.—Engine-house, Spring-street, near Varick.
72.—Engine-house, Leonard-street, near Elm.
73.—Engine-house, Fifth-street, near Avenue D.

The following is a list of the numbers and localities which will be indicated by the telegraph, but at which no signal stations are yet established:

123.—Old-slip, corner Water-street.
124.—Custom-house, Wall-street.
125.—Foot of Wall-street, East River.
126.—Harpers' Buildings, Pearl-street.
131.—Morris-street, corner Washington.
132.—Cortlandt-street, corner Washington.
134.—St. Paul's Church, Broadway and Vesey-street.
135.—Greenwich-street, corner Barclay.
136.—Police-station, Chambers-street, near Greenwich.
141.—City Hospital, Broadway.
142.—Broadway, corner Canal-street.
143.—Bowery, corner Grand-street.
145.—Canal-street, corner Hudson.
146.—Hudson-street, corner King.
151.—Houston-street, corner Thompson.
152.—Washington-street, corner Bank.
153.—Twelfth-street, corner Ninth-avenue.
154.—Fifth-avenue, corner Ninth-street.
156.—Cooper Institute, Third-avenue.
161.—Avenue D, corner Eighth-street.
162.—Third-street, corner Avenue B.
163.—Houston-street, corner Second-avenue.
164.—Foot of Grand-street, East River.
165.—Hecker's Mills, Cherry-street, near Pike.

In future the system heretofore adhered to, of ringing the bells by districts, will be discontinued below Fourteenth-street, except in case the telegraph at the bell-towers should not be in working order, in which emergency the bells will ring the signal station number. For instance, should the fire be in the vicinity of Old-slip and Water-street, the bell will ring 1, (interval) 2, (interval) 3, or such other number as may designate the station or locality. By the foregoing tables the entire system of gatheriug together sufficient aid for extinguishing fires is readily perceived. After the signal alarm brings the companies liable for duty for that station and the Chief-Engineer finds that he needs more assistance, an additional alarm is sent from the next nearest station, calling still more help to that point. There an assistant engineer is sent to direct the companies running on the new alarm to the point where the original alarm came from. The Chief-Engineer can thus go on concentrating his force, until every available piece of apparatus in the department is called out. By this system the "general alarm" is entirely done away with, there never being any occasion for one.

RULES FOR BELL-RINGERS.

The following rules and regulations have been issued for the guidance of the bell-ringers of the department:

CENTRAL OFFICE OF THE FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH, NEW-YORK, Nov. 14, 1865.

To the Bell-Ringers of the Metropolitan Fire Department:

On and after Nov. 15, 1865, (at noon,) the fire-bells below Fourteenth-street will not be struck for district fires; but signals will be struck on the fire-bells instead. You will fix upon prominent objects within your line of vision, and near the signal stations and localities, as numbered in the accompanying list, that you may be enabled to locate fires correctly at night as well as by day.

On discovering a fire, you will select from the list the signal of the station or locality nearest the fire, and telegraph the same over the line, by giving two rounds of the signal and one of your tower number. You will then strike the signal on your fire-bell, telegraphing and striking your bell for about ten minutes, when you will wind up by telegraphing two rounds of the signal and one of your tower number. Bell-ringers receiving such signal over the telegraph will immediately strike it on the fire-bell, and continue to do so for about ten minutes, or until they receive the signals to wind up.

Care must be taken, when striking the fire bells, that a proper and uniform interval is made between each figure, and double the interval between the signals.

The failure of your telegraph bell to respond to the touch of the key, not being a positive indication that the signal does not reach the Central Office and the tower on the line, the bell-ringer giving the alarm will strike the telegraph key at the same time he strikes his fire bell, in the same manner as he would if the telegraph was in perfect order at his tower.

Should a bell-ringer hear a fire bell ringing a signal, and not receive it by telegraph, he will, as soon as he can clearly distinguish the signal, strike his fire bell for it, and telegraph it over the line, giving it with his tower number.

A single tap by telegraph will be a warning signal; a quick double tap, a response that the tap is received and understood.

Do not signal for a distant fire until after the warning tap has been given, and then only when you feel satisfied the signal should be struck on the bells.

All signals received at the Central Office over the engine telegraph lines, will be sent over the south, east and west tower lines, by giving two rounds of a signal and one of Central Office number; when the bell-ringers will strike the signal on the fire bells, and continue doing so until wound up by Central Office. Station and locality alarms will be sent over the north line by Central Office giving the signal only; and all alarms for First, Second, Third and Fourth Districts, sent over that line by the Central Office, will be given with Thirty-third-street tower number.

Should the Jefferson Market bell-ringers hear Thirty-third-street tower striking for a district fire, and the alarm not have been sent down, they will telegraph it, if the telegraph is working, taking care to give it with Thirty-third-street tower number.

The bell-ringers on the West side are cautioned that First, Second, Third and Fourth District alarms will be sent over that line to reach Thirty-third-street tower, and always given with Fifty-first-street tower number; they will be careful not to strike for such signals.

The bell-ringers above Fourteenth-street will continue to strike for districts, excepting that Thirty-third-street tower bell will not be rung for Fifth District fires. They will telegraph alarms for fires, as heretofore.

Should the Thirty-third-street bell-ringers observe a fire in the vicinity of Eighteenth-street and Broadway, or in the vicinity of Seventeenth-street and Ninth-avenue, or receive from Jefferson Market tower signal 83 or 64, they will then strike off the district for it, as heretofore, and telegraph alarms to Engine 5, as usual. The bell-ringers at Fifty-first-street, Yorkville, and Mount Morris towers will continue to do duty, as heretofore.

No bell-ringer will be permitted, when on watch, to delegate his duties to any person, except he be a bell-ringer in the employ of this department; nor will he permit persons, not members of the force, to visit and remain in the tower.

Bell-ringers on watch will be held responsible for false alarms sent from the towers.

All irregular wording of the telegraph will be reported at the Central Office by the bell-ringer relieved from duty.

The weekly returns will be made and brought to Fireman's Hall each Monday morning.

Regular telegraph roll calls at 8 A. M. and 2 and 8 P. M. will be made daily.

At 9 A. M. and 9 P. M. each Sunday, and 12 M. and 9 P. M. each week day, twelve taps by telegraph will be given from the Central Office, when the bell-ringers will get the bell-hammer on the swing, ready to strike the hour, on receiving two quick taps.

The above rules will be observed by the bell-ringers until otherwise ordered.

CHAS. L. CHAPIN,
Superintendent Fire Alarm Telegraph.
ELISHA KINGSLAND, Chief Engineer.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 704, 1074, 1097, 1451, 2334, 2419, 1199, 537, 2505, 1601, 821, 2683, 2107, 1349, 1585, 1681, 1561, 908, 3215, 2161. *Part II.*—Held at Nos. 71 and 73 Duane-street.—Nos. 2428, 2486, 2366, 1175, 2384, 945, 2254, 2256, 2148, 2280, 2310, 2106, 2502, 2446, 2008, 1492, 474, 1886, 2524.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Enumerated Motions.—No. 33 on September Calendar, and Nos. 26, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Demurrers.—No. 155. Issues of Law and Fact.—Nos. 219, 235, 206, 221, 222, 234, 236, 240, 242, 248, 314, 170, 172, 174, 152, 231, 199, 246, 247.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 4887, 491, 969, 4635, 4669, 1495, 1385, 515, 2223, 1685, 5400½, 4925, 5408, 5443, 2655. *Part II.*—Nos. 5024, 4950, 1820, 1850, 3776, 1768, 1692, 408, 1254, 1952, 2026, 2034, 1444, 1938, 2040.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part I.*—Nos. 688, 678, 972, 1084, 1047, 1184, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1194, 1195, 1197. *Part II.*—Nos. 589, 985, 1142, 1165, 1179, 1180, 733, 384, 1112, 1118, 765, 1131, 1198, 1199, 1900.

A Horse Suit—An Action for Killing an Animal by Fast Driving.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART. 1—NOV. 14.

Before Justices Peckham and a Jury.

John T. King vs. *Cornelius Haggerty.*—The action was brought for the value of one horse—alleged to have been killed outright by fast driving in hot weather—and for serious injury to another from the same cause. The plaintiff claimed that the horses were in good condition when they left the stable at 1 P. M. on a July day, and that the defendant drove them so recklessly that one of them fell dead, and hence never returned, and the other was so badly injured when it was returned at 9 P. M., that after medical treatment for three weeks, the proprietor sold it for $35.

On the other side the defendant denied having driven the horses unreasonably fast, and he furthermore set up that when the horses were hired to him they were in a very bad condition; that they had been severely driven the previous day, and were entirely unfit to stand the excessive heat which existed at the time in question. The jury evidently believed the defendant's side of the story, for they rendered a verdict, after a short absence, for the defendant.

For plaintiff, Messrs. Burrill, Davison and Burrill; for defendant, Ex-Recorder Smith and W. H. Nafis, Esq.

A $600 Verdict for Assault and Battery.

SUPERIOR COURT—PART II.—NOV. 14.

Before Justice Monerief and a Jury.

Chas. A. Trassier vs. *Francis Ehehalt.*—The action was brought by the plaintiff to recover of the defendant the sum of $3,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained from what in legal phrase is known as "assault and battery." The testimony given on the part of the plaintiff, tended to show that some time ago the parties were together at a public-house in Elizabeth-street, when the defendant, without any just cause or provocation, assaulted the plaintiff, and beat him about the head and face, causing a black eye. The testimony was conflicting—the defendant's witnesses all testified that the assault was first made by the plaintiff, who drew a knife and made desperate efforts to stab the defendant. The trial occupied nearly the whole day. The jury, after an absence of about an hour and a half, returned a verdict of $600 for the plaintiff.

For the plaintiff Mr. John J. Freidman; for defendant Messrs. Stallknecht & Hall.

The Libel Suit Against the Proprietors of the Sunday Mercury—Trial Postponed.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—NOV. 14.

Before Justice Monerief.

Max Maretzek vs. *Cauldwell & Whitney, Editors and Proprietors of the Sunday Mercury.*—This action, which is brought to recover $25,000 damages, for an alleged libel, was set down for trial yesterday in the above-named court. When the case was called on his Honor, Justice MONCRIEF, stated that he had formerly been counsel for one of the parties, and under these circumstances it would not be proper for him to try this case as Judge. The trial of this action has, therefore, been postponed until the first of the December term.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—NOV. 14.

By Justice Robertson.

Charles Brown vs. Charles Hoelker; defendant discharged on his own recognizance; motion to vacate order of arrest adjourned to the 20th inst. George Kimball vs. Thomas Larkin; motion granted and proceedings dismissed. Oakley Beach vs. John N. Coborn; motion denied with $7 costs. Max Freund vs. Ernest A. Levy; motion denied with $10 costs. Edward S. Jaffray, &c. vs. Augustus Kamage; motion denied with $7 costs. Edward Davis vs. Ann Clark; complaint dismissed with $10 costs of this motion. Joseph Giles vs. John Leveridge; motion granted with $10 costs. Charles D. Gould vs. Lewis A. Sayre; motion granted without costs.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—NOV. 14.

By Judge Cardozo.

The People vs. Carey; within two days from this date the prisoner may comply with the original order and pay $10 costs of this motion, and the Sheriff's fees on the attachment. If he fail to do so, an order adjudging him in contempt and committing him, will be granted. Lawrence vs. Smith; let attachment issue, bailable in $200. Mitchell vs. Camp; proceedings in the suit must be stayed until the costs of suit in the Marine Court are paid. McElhone vs. Sibilski; motion to set off granted; no costs; motion for leave to sue denied; no costs. Wakefield vs. Pierce; motion granted. Gerry vs. Ferrero; motion granted; cause to be set down for Nov. 20, 1865; $10 costs, to abide the event.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Judge Russel.

STEALING SHOES.

William Campbell was tried for stealing a case of shoes valued at $100, on the 23d of September. A number of cases containing shoes were shipped on board the steamer *Eldin*, for Newbern, N. C., and consigned to J. & E. B. Stowe, Goldsboro. When the goods were landed at the port of destination the master of the vessel discovered that the number of cases fell short of the number specified in the bill of lading, and subsequently ascertained that just prior to the ship's departure an officer found the prisoner, an employe on board, and another man carrying a box of shoes similarly marked along Albany-street. They dropped the box and ran, and chase being given, the prisoner was arrested. The jury found a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was remanded for sentence.

LEFT HIS WATCH AS SECURITY.

Eliza Howard, a colored girl, was tried for taking a watch, on the 10th of September, from a colored sailor on board the *Vermont*. The complainant went to a house in Water-street where he met the accused, and according to his statement the watch was taken from the room and found in possession of the prisoner. A month afterward a complaint was entered and the arrest made. The defence was that the complainant had left the watch with the accused as security for the payment of $20 which he owed her. A letter was produced purporting to have been written by the sailor but of which he denied all knowledge. Counsel proposed to show that it was his handwriting and asked him to write the words "Dear Madam" and sign his name. The sailor would sign his name but would not write "Dear Madam." When written there appeared to be a difference between it and the signature of the letter, which counsel contended was intentionally made. The prisoner was found not guilty.

PLEADED GUILTY.

Michael Fox, of assaulting Walter Folson with a dangerous weapon with intent to do bodily harm; remanded for sentence; Francis Van Globin, of an attempt at grand larceny, in taking, on the 21st of October, $536 in greenbacks belonging to Samuel W. H. Ward, of No. 381 Broadway; remanded for sentence.

Court of Special Sessions.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

LICENSED TO CARRY A REVOLVER.

John Looram, apparently a very respectable gentleman, was charged with an assault on Thomas McGuire. This case brought up a very important question, and throws down a very long established popular error, namely, that the Mayor, or any other official, can license or grant a permit to carry a concealed weapon. He may do it, as has been done by Mayor Gunther, but the permit is worth no more than the paper upon which it is written.

Ex-Recorder Smith, who appeared for the defendant, said that they would put in a technical plea of guilty of assault. He held in his hand and would read to the court a permit, which his client had received from His Honor C. Godfrey Gunther, Mayor, to carry a pistol. Counsel read the permit, which authorized John Looram, of No. 269 Avenue A, to carry a pistol. The defendant having that permit from His Honor the Mayor, supposed he had a right to carry the pistol, and to draw it even, and brandish it for the purpose of frightening any one who might attack him. There was no law that gave the Mayor power to grant a permit to a citizen to carry a pistol, nor was there any law that justified defendant in drawing that pistol, unless he supposed his life was in danger. If they had gone into a trial they would have shown that defendant had lived in a very dangerous locality; that the roughest class of people lived around defendant's premises; that he was very much abused, and that he drew the pistol not to shoot but to intimidate. The vicinity in which defendant lived made it absolutely necessary to carry a weapon to intimidate those that threatened him with an assault.

District-Attorney Hall—You put in a technical plea of guilty.

Mr. Smith—Yes, Sir. There is the permit he received from the Mayor to carry the pistol.

District-Attorney Hall said these papers were originally sent to the General Sessions by the magistrate, but on reading the papers he found that the complainant came under the law in the Mulligan case; it was not a felony, it was pointing a loaded pistol without firing it. He understood a technical plea of guilty had been entered, and the certificate certifies that permission has been given John Looram, of No. 269 Avenue A, to carry a pistol. It is dated the 10th of February, 1865, and signed C. Godfrey Gunther, Mayor. This was new law to the District-Attorney; he never knew that such a permit could be given by the Mayor. He was bound to believe, however, that there was some law giving His Honor such power, and it may be, having been advised by the Corporation Counsel, he acted under the advice of the Counsel for the Corporation. His Honor always acted under advice; he did so in the street cleaning affair, under the opinion of the Recorder. He (the District-Attorney) asked the court to lay the sentence over for a few days, and he would look into the law on that point to satisfy himself on this subject.

Judge Dowling—I will lay it over for a week. I think the Mayor has found a law that gives him the power to grant permits to carry weapons; he generally acts advisedly. Let the case lay over till the 21st inst.

A DEFECTIVE CITY ORDINANCE.

John Riley, contractor, is building a sewer in Fifth-avenue, and the workmen have now nearly reached the corner of Eighty-sixth-street. Near to the corner of Eighty-sixth-street the Catholic Brothers have an asylum for juvenile delinquents. It is alleged that the blasting by the quarrymen is done in such a reckless manner that the lives of those residing in the vicinity are endangered. Dr. Ives, the Superintendent of this asylum, wrote to the authorities on the subject, and Officer Robert Brown, of the Twenty-third Precinct, went up to the Fifth-avenue and saw a blast go off, and stones flew up in the air, and some, weighing four pounds, fell in the yard of the Brothers. He caused Riley's arrest, but when the officer came to be examined, the contractor had done all that the ordinance required. Six logs were placed over the blast, and on the three logs resting on the blast there were four hundred pounds of stone, one more than is required by law. The ordinance does not say how deep the hole may be cut, or how much powder may be used; consequently, a verdict of acquittal had to be rendered. There is no help for reckless blasting in such cases, except by a civil suit, if damage has been sustained.

BRUTAL ASSAULT ON AN OFFICER, AND JUST PUNISHMENT.

Stephen Daley, a boatman, pleaded not guilty to assaulting and biting off a portion of the nose of Policeman Robert Barber. Witness said: I am an officer of the Twenty-seventh Precinct; I saw the prisoner on Tuesday night, the 10th of November; I was on the corner of Battery-place and Washington-street, and he came out of a drinking-place with another man and he jostled against me; at the time I was putting a man who was slightly intoxicated into a car, so that he might get home; I thought when he jostled against me it was accidental; he asked me in an angry tone why did I jostle against him; I said I did not; he said you did; I asked him what was the matter with him, and he made some insulting reply, and I arrested him for disorderly conduct; he resisted me, and while I was trying to get the club out of my belt he got my head between his two hands and bit my nose severely; I threw him on the sidewalk, and his friends pulled him off, and one of them gave him my club and he struck on me the head.

Officer Cor elius Reed testified—The affair was over before I got there; I went to his house and he lay under the bed concealed, when I brought him out he threatened to chaw me up if I took him.

Judge Dowling—Daley, you sought a quarrel with this man when he was on duty. When you jostled against him he thought it was accidental, but you left him in no doubt of your intentions when you made use of that phrase which I need not repeat. You assaulted the officer and bit his nose, leaving it hanging by a thread. You have disfigured that man for life. If there had been any previous quarrel between you, or difficulty, and it had been proven that you had lain in wait for him, you would have been tried for mayhem, and been sent to the State Prison for seven years.

Daley was sentenced to six months imprisonment and ordered to pay a fine of $50, and stand committed till paid.

MINOR ITEMS.

John G. Klapp, a German, while slightly under the influence of liquor, met a spruce young gentleman named Louis Blanc in Lawrence-street, who took his arm and said, "Let's go to William-street." On their way there he fancied he felt Blanc's hand in his pocket trying to get out his wallet, which contained $300. Mr. Klapp now, when sober, believes that Mr. Blanc did not intend to rob him. Acquitted....Thomas Lambert was employed by John Connelly as a hack-driver. At night when Lambert was receiving his wages he told Mr. Connelly that he had drawn in $10 that day; he would see him far enough before he would "turn it in." Thereupon Mr. Connelly had Lambert arrested for stealing $10, but as he never saw the money, he does not know that prisoner collected it, and now denies that he ever had. A verdict of acquittal had to be rendered....Patrick Cronin, while going up Mulberry-street, got into a quarrel with Michael Sullivan, and got very badly beaten. Sullivan gave it to him when he was up, knocked him down, gave it to him when he was rising, clenched him and pinned him to the wall, and while making a battering ram of Cronin's head, hallooed "watch, watch," till an officer came and took the whipped victim in custody. Patrick was acquitted....John Kelly, a youngster, took a show coat from No. 142 Bowery, put it on his back, and was walking off with it when caught. Guilty—Penitentiary four months.

[Advertisement.]

BRIGHT, STYLISH AND SEASONABLE.—Have you seen KNOX's last and handsome style of Winter Hat for gentlemen? If not, call without delay at his new establishment, No. 533 Broadway, under the Prescott House, and if you can appreciate a superb fabric, as we fancy you can, you will realize a delight of the most satisfactory character. The KNOX Hat is unquestionably the favorite—the "Dexter" of its class.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Constitution, from Savannah—Mrs. H. Clere and child, Major S. Conant, H. Hall, Jr., Seth A. Ramsdell, C. G. Lynch, E. W. Drummond, R. R. Howes, H. Crane, Thos. A. Henderson, S. Rich, J. Cuturis, L. Orbetis, A. J. Nichols, Thos. J. Porter, J. G. Eppes, lady, child and servant, E. Barnard and wife, C. Thebeud, W. C. Carroll, H. J. Sargent, Mrs. Sarah H. Maxwell, Mrs. E. E. Ellinston, J. C. Haws, J. H. Stockton, C. Banks, James Brown, D. C. Wilson, John Raby, J. C. Selby, S. W. Myers, B. H. Luke, W. J. Keatch, Chas. Gerwaim, John Harris, John Wilson, and 2 in the steerage.

In steamship Quaker City, from Charleston—J. Cohen, T. M. Horsey, T. W. Covert, Miss Mary E. Trembly, Mrs. W. H. West, Miss Simmons, S. R. Marshall, H. Trembly, Jr., H. C. Walker, Capt. J. P. Rogers, Richard Taylor, G. A. Neuffer, A. S. Gladdin, John Mundy, J. S. Kingland, J. N. Wood, F. Kressel, S. Hart, James Murdock, H. Brady, A. Hatfield, and 7 in steerage.

In steamship Liberty, from Havana—W. D. Clark, A. Arango, Antonio Munoz, J. L. Lawrence, J. G. Otero, J. Gonzales, F. W. Banks and lady, G. Moore, M. King, G. Arnoux, A. W. Terrell, M. Herrington, L. Perez, J. King.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 47 | Sun sets..... 4 48 | Moon rises.. 3 07
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 5 30 | Gov. Island. 6 19 | Hell Gate.... 7 41

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, Nov. 14.

Cleared.

Steamship Patapsco, Neff, Baltimore, J. B. Smull.

Steamers City of Bath, Crowell, Boston, Whitney & Hathaway; J. R. Thomson, McKaig, Baltimore.

Ships Good Hope, Miller, San Francisco, R. M. Cooley & Co.; Keppler, (Hamb.) Jagens, Cork, for orders, via Philadelphia, Sloman & Edye.

Barks Sagadahoc, Hall, New-Orleans, E. H. Foadick; Wm. Van Name,